







## Acknowledgements

The collection and analysis of national perinatal data is a large undertaking, and the compilation of an accurate and comprehensive database on a timely basis is greatly dependent on the commitment and support of those at the forefront of collecting the data. Principal among these are the staff of the maternity hospitals and units as well as the many independent midwives involved in practice. We would like to express our sincere appreciation to all who contribute to the accurate recording and timely notification of statistical information for all births nationally.

Data on 61,786 births were analysed for this report. For each of these records additional information, apart from that required to register each birth, had to be collected in each hospital and by each independent midwife. This National Perinatal Reporting System (NPRS) within the Health Research and Information Division at the ESRI is responsible for collecting, coding, inputting and validating these data to create a national database which has been analysed for the production of this report of perinatal events for 2005.

In addition to financing the NPRS, the Department of Health and Children continues to provide essential support for the operation and development of this system. We would like to acknowledge, in particular, the advice and assistance provided by Hugh Magee and for his comments on an earlier draft of this report.

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## **Executive Summary**

The principal aim of the National Perinatal Reporting System (NPRS) is the provision of national statistics on perinatal events in Ireland. Since 1999, The Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI) has been contracted by the Department of Health and Children to oversee the collection, processing, management and reporting of data submitted to the NPRS. In this report, data on pregnancy outcomes, with particular reference to perinatal mortality and important aspects of perinatal care, are presented for 2005. In addition, descriptive social and biological characteristics of mothers giving birth and babies born in 2005 are recorded. The introduction to this report (Section 1) discusses general trends and international comparisons in relation to fertility and perinatal mortality. Section 2 reports on selected statistics (see Table 2.2) and some of the more significant trends are highlighted below.

In 2005, 61,786 births were notified to the NPRS, a decrease of 1.0 per cent since 2004 and an increase of 6.1 per cent since 2001. Of these, 306 were stillbirths giving a stillbirth rate of 5.0 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths in 2005. The stillbirth rate was slightly higher in previous years: 5.4 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths in 2004 and 5.8 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths in 2001. There were 139 early neonatal deaths resulting in an early neonatal death rate of 2.3 per 1,000 live births in 2005. This rate contrasts with a rate of 2.7 per 1,000 live births in 2004 and 2.8 per 1,000 live births in 2001. The perinatal mortality rate was 7.2 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths in 2005, a decrease of 0.9 per 1,000 from 2004 (when the perinatal mortality rate was 8.1 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths). The 2005 perinatal mortality rate was also lower than that reported in 2001 (8.6 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths), and is at its lowest since this series of reports started in 1999.

The average birthweight of babies born in 2005 was estimated at 3,472 grams, marginally lower than that reported in 2004. Average gestational age at delivery in 2005 of 39.4 weeks remained fairly constant since 2001. Low birthweight babies (weighing less than 2,500 grams) accounted for 5.0 per cent of all births in 2005. The twinning rate for 2005 was 15.1 per 1,000 maternities, and comprised 916 sets of twin births, 15 sets of triplet births and 1 set of quadruplet births.

In 2005, single mothers accounted for 30.7 per cent of all women giving birth. This rate has remained relatively stable over the five-year period since 2001. Mother's average age has been continually increasing from 30.3 years in 2001 to 31.0 years in 2005. There has also been a small increase in the average age of single mothers, which was 25.4 years in 2001 and 26.6 years in 2005. The average maternal parity fell slightly from 1.07 previous births in 2001 to 1.05 in 2005. The trend in the breastfeeding rate continues to be upward at 44.1 per cent of maternities with live births in 2005, compared with 42.5 per cent in 2004 and only 39.1 per cent in 2001.

The number of home births attended by independent domiciliary midwives decreased in 2005 compared to previous years (183 in 2005 compared to 202 in 2004 – a decrease of 9.4 per cent). Over the period 2001 to 2005 the number of births attended by independent domiciliary midwives fell by 25.3 per cent (from 245 in 2001 to 183 in 2005).

Delivery by caesarean section was estimated at 25.9 per cent of all live births in 2005, compared with 25.2 per cent in 2004 and 22.0 per cent in 2001. In 2005, 24.9 per cent of singleton births were delivered by caesarean section, an increase of 0.6 percentage points from 2004. The 2005 caesarean section rate for singleton births also exceeded that reported in 2001 (21.1 per cent of all live singleton births). The percentage of multiple births delivered by caesarean section in 2005 was 60.4 per cent, an increase of 4.6 percentage points from 2004 and over 7 percentage points higher than that reported in 2001.

Average lengths of stay for both mother and infant continued to decline in 2005. Infant's length of stay decreased from an average of 4.1 days in 2001 to 3.7 days in 2005, while mother's average total length of stay fell from 4.4 days in 2001 to 3.8 days in 2005.

The proportion of early neonatal deaths undergoing post-mortem examinations fell from 44.4 per cent in 1999 to 33.6 per cent in 2001. This proportion increased to 42.1 per cent in 2002 but fell to 41.7 per cent and 38.2 per cent in 2003 and 2004 respectively. The proportion of early neonatal deaths undergoing post-mortem examinations in 2005 has decreased further to 24.4 per cent.

Introduction

SECTION

1

#### Introduction

#### **AIMS**

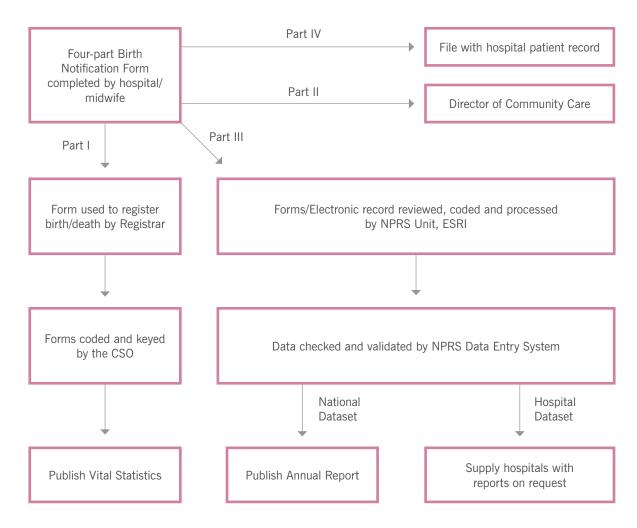
This report of the National Perinatal Reporting System (NPRS) has as its principal aim the provision of national statistics on perinatal events for the year 2005. More specifically, the report aims to describe the fundamental social and biological characteristics of mothers and their babies, to report on pregnancy outcomes with particular reference to perinatal mortality, and to highlight important aspects of perinatal care. Although great strides have been made in reducing infant and perinatal mortality during the past twenty years, the perinatal period continues to be a time of relatively high mortality. Set in this context, the importance of monitoring variables related to perinatal health becomes evident.

This report presents what might be considered a minimum national data set and is intended to serve as a foundation for the development of basic time series analyses and to allow for the possible addition of further variables and more extensive analysis in future years. In mid-2003 the birth notification form (BNF01/2003) was revised to facilitate a number of new fields that were required by the General Register Office (GRO) for birth registrations (part 1). These changes have resulted in the collection of two new variables by the NPRS: nationality and country of residence for both the mother and father. These variables were reported on for the first time in 2004 and are included in this report on 2005 data. It is hoped that the publication of the data reported to the NPRS will stimulate a wider interest in research in the area of perinatal epidemiology and promote a general recognition of the importance of having an accurate and complete perinatal reporting system. For background information on the development of the perinatal reporting system please see previous reports (HIPE & NPRS Unit, Report on Perinatal Statistics for 2002, The Economic and Social Research Institute, 2005). The definitions for parameters estimated in this report are contained in Appendix A.

#### DATA COLLECTION AND PROCESSING

Births are registered and notified on a standard four-part form (see Appendix B). The top copy of the form is sent by the hospital to the Registrar of Births and serves as the official document of registration. This copy is subsequently forwarded to the Central Statistics Office (CSO) for use in the production of quarterly and annual reports on vital statistics. The second part of the form, containing additional information on the health of the mother and the infant and on the care received, goes to the Director of Community Care and Medical Officer of Health in the mother's area of residence. It serves the dual purpose of notifying the local medical and nursing services that have responsibility for the postnatal care of the mother and child and of providing the basis for health records used by the health boards. The third part of the form has all identifying information deleted and is sent to the NPRS Unit at The Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI). The fourth and final copy is retained by the hospital. For domiciliary births, the same four-part form is used and the first three parts are processed as with hospital births while part 4 is retained by the midwife. Figure 1.1 provides a diagrammatic representation of the information system. All the tables in the present report are based on data contained in the third copy of the standard form.

Figure 1.1 National Perinatal Reporting System, Diagrammatic View



The data collected by the NPRS can be logically grouped into demographic, clinical and administrative data. The data collected by the NPRS for 2005 include:

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC DATA**

- Date of infant's birth, sex of infant, multiple birth indicator
- Date of father's birth, father's county and country of residence, father's occupation, father's nationality
- Date of mother's birth, mother's county and country of residence, mother's occupation, mother's nationality
- Marital status of mother and date of present marriage.

#### CLINICAL DATA

- Infant's birthweight and period of gestation and mother's obstetric history (including parity)
- Autopsy indicator whether stillbirth occurred before or during labour
- Main cause of death and one secondary cause of death for infant
- · Maternal immunity to rubella, method of delivery
- Infant's BCG vaccination
- Main maternal disease or condition and one secondary maternal disease or condition affecting the infant or foetus
- Main disease or congenital malformation and one secondary disease or congenital malformation affecting the infant or foetus.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

- Hospital number, case number (unique to hospital of birth)
- Type of birth indicator, place of birth
- Date of last birth (live or still)
- Type of death indicator, place of death
- Type of antenatal care received, date of first visit to doctor and hospital during pregnancy
- Type of feeding, pre-booked admission indicator, dates of mother's admission and discharge, date
  of infant's discharge
- Infant transfer indicator, hospital number for hospital to which infant was transferred.

Occupations are coded according to the CSO system of socio-economic group classification (see Appendix C). For 2005 data, diseases and cause of death are coded for the first time using the Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10) and according to the guidelines set out by the World Health Organisation (WHO) (see below and Appendix D for further details on updating from ICD-9 to ICD-10). On completion of data entry, the NPRS Unit in The Health Research and Information Division at the ESRI undertakes checks for data coverage and validation.

#### THE TENTH REVISION OF THE INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF DISEASES ICD-101

The Tenth Revision of the *International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems* is the latest in a series that was formalised in 1893 as the Bertillon Classification or International List of Causes of Death. While the title has been amended to make the content and purpose clearer and to reflect the progressive extension of the scope of the classification beyond diseases and injuries, the familiar abbreviation 'ICD' has been retained. In the updated classification, conditions have been grouped in a way that was felt to be most suitable for general epidemiological purposes and the evaluation of health care.

The Tenth Revision of the ICD represents the broadest scope of any ICD revision to date. It has over 2,000 categories, which is almost 900 more than are in place in ICD-9. The great expansion in the use of the ICD necessitated a thorough rethinking of its structure with a view to devising a stable and flexible classification which should not require any fundamental revision for many years. Consequently, although the traditional ICD structure was retained, an alphanumeric coding scheme replaced the previous numeric one. This provides a larger coding frame and leaves room for future revision without disruption of the numbering system. The alphanumeric codes also distinguish ICD-10 from any previous ICD version.

ICD-10 was published by the WHO in Geneva in 1992 and is a major update of the WHO's ICD-9 Classification of Diseases. Updating is now maintained by the WHO International Collaborating Centres through their Update and Maintenance Committee. The Ninth Revision introduced an optional alternative method of classifying diagnostic statement, including information about both an underlying general disease and a manifestation in a particular organ or site. This system became known as the dagger and asterisk system and is retained in the Tenth Revision.

#### ICD-10 CHANGES FROM ICD-9

ICD-10 is the first new diagnostic coding system since the widespread use of computers in healthcare. With the development of ICD-10, the title was amended to *International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems* in order to reflect the progressive extension and scope of the classification beyond diseases and injuries. ICD-10 differs from ICD-9 in several ways:

- The structure is alphanumeric
- Some chapters have been restructured
- Some diseases have been reclassified
- New features have been added
- The classification's specificity and detail have been expanded.

<sup>1</sup> For details on The Tenth Revision of The International Classification of Diseases and updating from ICD-9 to ICD-10 see: ICD-10 Second Edition, 2005, 1: Tabular List and Murphy D. et al. 2004. *Updating Clinical Coding in Ireland: Options and Opportunities*, HIPE & NPRS Unit, ESRI.

ICD-10 is an expanded classification in comparison with the Ninth Revision. ICD-10 changed chapters, categories and titles, and regrouped conditions. New chapters were created for *Diseases of the eye and adnexa* (ICD-10 Chapter VII) and *Diseases of the ear and mastoid process* (ICD-10 Chapter VIII). Existing chapters on *Diseases of the genitourinary system*, on *Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium*, on *Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period*, and on *Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities* have been brought together as contiguous chapters XIV to XVII.

Chapter XVI, Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period, has been expanded and increased from 20 three-digit subcategories to 59 subcategories. Chapters XVII and XVIII, Congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities and Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings, not elsewhere classified have been expanded by over 300 per cent at the three-digit subcategory level.

The former supplementary classifications of *External causes of morbidity and mortality* and of *Factors influencing health status and contact with health services* now form part of the main classification (ICD-10 Chapters XX and XXI).

The NPRS dataset collects data on morbidity and mortality on mothers giving birth and their babies. The NPRS coders are trained in ICD-10 coding practices, with particular focus on chapters *Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium, Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period,* and *Congenital malformation, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities* (Chapters XV–XVII). The Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases came into effect for births from 1 January 2005 onwards. The CSO commenced using ICD-10 from 1 January 2007. See Appendix D for a detailed description on cause of death classification and coding rules applied by coders in the NPRS Unit at the ESRI.

#### FORMAT AND CONTENTS

This report presents a set of national tabulations for perinatal events for 2005 indicating frequencies, stillbirth rates, early neonatal death rates, and perinatal mortality rates set out for a number of the most important social, biological and health care variables. The data are presented in four main sections covering selected trends, general characteristics, perinatal care, and perinatal outcomes. The definitions for parameters reported in these sections are contained in Appendix A. Section 2 (Selected Trends) documents significant trends in the principal variables for the years 1999–2005. Section 3 (General Characteristics) contains tables relating to the following variables: maternal age; parity; marital status; socio-economic group of mother and father (derived from collection of data on occupations); distribution of previous stillbirths; birthweight (by sex); twinning rate; gestational age; interval since last birth; month of birth and nationality of mother and father.

Section 4 (Perinatal Care) deals with variables which fall more naturally into the category of use of health care facilities and type of antenatal care received, and deals with the following distributions: type of antenatal care received; length of mother's antenatal stay; length of mother's postnatal stay; mother's immunity to rubella; method of delivery; whether hospital admission was booked or not; type of feeding; transfer of infants between hospitals and classification of outcome according to size of maternity unit.

In Section 5 (Perinatal Outcomes), causes of perinatal deaths and other factors closely related to the outcome of pregnancy are considered. In this section tables are presented on the following variables: numbers of antepartum and intrapartum stillbirths by birthweight groups; numbers and rates for cause of death and cause of death by birthweight; age at death for early neonatal deaths; numbers and percentages of stillbirths and early neonatal deaths undergoing post-mortem examinations and the length of infant's stay in hospital. It should be noted that Sections 3, 4 and 5 are each divided into two parts: Part 1 relates to singleton births and Part 2 relates to multiple births.

## Completeness and Reliability

#### COVFRAGE

The National Perinatal Reporting System covers all live births and stillbirths occurring in Ireland. However, there are differences in the vital statistics published by the Central Statistics Office and the data presented in this report. The reasons for these differences are outlined here.

#### MISSING VALUES

No attempt has been made to assign values to missing data, and they are included as a separate category in each table. Each year the proportion of cases with the value 'not stated' continues to decline. This is a positive outcome arising from continued effort on the part of the NPRS staff, hospital administrators, and independent midwives to reduce the number of missing values for all variables collected in the data set. This improves the completeness of the reported data, which is a key objective for the NPRS.

Two new variables, nationality and country of residence for both the mother and father, were introduced in May 2003. Analysis of father and mother's nationality was included in the *Report on Perinatal Statistics* for the first time in 2004. Father's nationality was missing for 11.3 per cent of all births where mother's marital status is recorded as married in 2004, and is missing for 2.6 per cent of all births where mother's marital status is recorded as married in 2005. Mother's nationality was missing for 2.9 per cent of all births in 2004 and is missing for only 0.7 per cent of all births in 2005. Father's date of birth and mother's occupation were included for the first time in the report for 1999 and were missing for 52 per cent and 11 per cent respectively. For 2005, father's date of birth is missing for 8.3 per cent of births where mother's marital status is married. Missing values for mother's occupation remain very low as less than 1.0 per cent of births in 2005 did not have this information recorded.

<sup>2</sup> It should be noted that where a mother's marital status is recorded as 'never married', 'widowed', 'separated', or 'divorced' the General Register Office (GRO) does not require father's details to register the birth. This information is, therefore, generally not provided in these circumstances.

The majority of variables are close to complete in the 2005 dataset with 'Mother's Age' missing for only 59 records. 'Type of Feeding' was missing for 13 records while information on 'Date of Last Birth' has been recorded as 'unknown' for just under 1 per cent of all births. While information on 'Time of First Visit to Doctor or Hospital During Pregnancy' continues to improve, this was not recorded for 3.9 per cent of births in 2005. Dates on antenatal and postnatal lengths of stay are missing for 0.1 per cent of records. Notwithstanding improvements in the completeness of returns, the elimination of 'missing values' for all variables continues to be an important objective for the development of the NPRS.

#### **DELIVERY OF ANTENATAL CARE**

Changing models of antenatal care are being experienced by mothers in Ireland and it is intended that the data collected by the NPRS should reflect these changes. The data collected with regard to 'Mother's Health' is intended to describe the mother's first contact with the health services. The data currently collected in this section include the following:

- Type of antenatal care this pregnancy (Hospital/Obstetrician=1, G.P. only=2, Combined=3, None=4, Midwife Only=5)
- Date of first visit to doctor
- Date of first visit to hospital.

Where 'Antenatal Care This Pregnancy' is indicated as 'combined care', it is expected that the dates of first visit to each health professional is recorded. While over 77 per cent of all births in 2005 were recorded as receiving combined antenatal care, over 43 per cent of these births recorded 'Date of First Visit to Doctor' as 'not known'. The absence of these data regrettably means that the timing of first contact with health professionals within this category may be recorded as the date of the first hospital visit, even though this is likely to have been later than the first visit to the doctor. The proportion of mothers attending antenatal care during the first 12 weeks is, therefore, estimated at around 50 per cent of all births, which is low by European standards.

#### AREA OF RESIDENCE

In the interests of safeguarding patient confidentiality, the copy of the notification form received by the NPRS unit at the ESRI does not contain the mother's full address but only the county designation (see Appendix E). As there is no way of validating this information, mother's area of residence has been analysed at county level in this report.

#### DATA QUALITY

The NPRS seeks to compile an accurate, complete and up-to-date database on perinatal events over a specified time period. A key issue in addressing the quality of data collected by the NPRS is differences arising between the vital statistics tables compiled by the CSO and the NPRS data. Differences in data reported by these two systems for perinatal events may arise for a variety of reasons. One reason for differences is that information is not always obtained from the same sources. This is particularly evident in the data for cause of death as the CSO and the NPRS have to use different sources for the compilation of these data. The CSO does not obtain information on maternal diseases or conditions affecting the foetus or infant while the NPRS does not have access to coroner's certificates relating to neonatal deaths. The CSO also uses a separate notification form, the medical certificate of a stillbirth (Form 103), for collecting information on late foetal deaths.

Different data sources are also a factor in explaining why there are differences in the rate of stillbirth reported by the CSO and the NPRS. In 1995, stillbirths were registered in Ireland for the first time under the Stillbirths Registration Act, 1994. The CSO collect these data using Part 1 of the birth notification form sent to the GRO, while the NPRS collect them using Part 3 of the birth notification form. The CSO defines a stillbirth as weighing at or over 500 grams and/or at a gestational age of 24 weeks or more. From 1995 onwards, this definition applies to a late foetal death. In accordance with the WHO's definition of a stillbirth, the NPRS includes all late foetal deaths weighing at least 500 grams, irrespective of gestational age. In 2005, the NPRS recorded a higher number of stillbirths than the CSO. Applying the CSO's definition of a stillbirth, the number of stillbirths recorded by the NPRS would be estimated at 329 stillbirths. The CSO, however, reports 254 stillbirths indicating that in 2005 a number of stillbirths were notified to NPRS but not registered to the GRO. When we apply the WHO definition of a stillbirth to the data collected by the NPRS, the number of stillbirths recorded by the NPRS is estimated at 306. In accordance with WHO guidelines, only these 306 stillbirths are included in the NPRS dataset for this report. Differences in the definitions of stillbirth used by the CSO and the WHO are, therefore, an important factor in understanding differences in the stillbirth numbers and rates and the perinatal mortality rate reported by the CSO and the NPRS.

The gap between the twinning rate calculated by the CSO and the NPRS is very narrow. For 2005 the CSO report a twinning rate of 15.5 per 1,000 maternities<sup>3</sup> and the NPRS report a twinning rate of 15.1 per 1,000 maternities. The NPRS dataset excludes all births where weight is under 500 grams. In the case of a multiple birth where one or more births from the set weighs under 500 grams, the birth/s weighing under 500 grams are removed from the national dataset. Any birth/s weighing over 500 grams in the multiple birth set are retained in the national dataset as a multiple birth/s. The following example may clarify this: A set of twins are born. Twin 1 weighs less than 500 grams, twin 2 weighs more than 500 grams. Twin 1 is removed from the national dataset and twin 2 remains in the national dataset and is recorded as the second twin of a multiple birth. This may result in incomplete sets of multiple births in the national dataset and a lower number of multiple births recorded for reporting purposes (see also Table 3.15). There is a single field on the birth notification form that identifies a multiple birth. If these data were not recorded then the NPRS has no way of identifying multiple births. It would be assumed, however, that the additional personal identification data available to the CSO ensures a more comprehensive estimate of the number of multiple births.

Finally, differences in coding procedures may be reflected in the published statistics. The International Classification of Disease (ICD) coding procedures are recognised as being particularly difficult in the area of causes of perinatal mortality and the current separate coding arrangements between the CSO and the NPRS may, therefore, lead to significant discrepancies. With the update to ICD-10 in both NPRS and the CSO (*Report on Vital Statistics*, 2007 onwards) it is hoped any such discrepancies would be minimised.

Ideally, the data sources and coding for reporting on perinatal events should be harmonised between the CSO and the NPRS. Currently, representatives of both systems, together with the Department of Health and Children, are in the process of putting procedures in place to facilitate the achievement of this objective. The computerisation of the birth registration system represents an important step in this process, as this will eliminate the duplication of paperwork, coding and validation procedures. The GRO began its national roll-out for the computerisation of birth registration in September 2003. This covers the registration information collected on the top copy of the birth notification form and future phases of the computerisation programme are intended to include all statistical data.

Pending the completion of the full scale programme of computerisation, the CSO and the NPRS are collaborating in the use of the computerised information that is currently available. Commencing with 2005 data, this process is intended to ensure the correct identification of all births by both the CSO and the NPRS and reduce duplication of effort in keying registered data, thereby improving data quality. Because the data for Part 3 of the form still has to be keyed centrally, the Health Research and Information Division at the ESRI have developed an in-house data entry system whereby notifications of births from 1 January, 2004 are coded and entered directly onto the NPRS as they are received. This system validates the information received on each form at the point of data entry.

A parallel development aimed at improving the timeliness of data reporting and data quality involves initiatives focused on the electronic transfer of data directly from hospitals. Currently, data in electronic format are being received by the NPRS from the Rotunda, Coombe, and National Maternity Hospitals, and it is hoped to expand this development to other hospitals with similar systems capability. Notwithstanding these advancements in the computerisation of data collection and validation, we continue to rely on midwives and hospital staff to provide accurate and up-to-date data to the NPRS. The new instruction manual to facilitate completion of BNF01/2003, issued in May 2003 and updated in September 2006, details the requirements for completion of each field and is intended as an additional aid to personnel completing the returns. The continued development of computerised registration and notification and electronic data transfer are, however, an essential prerequisite to the achievement of the NPRS goal of delivering optimum data quality, timeliness and comprehensive coverage.

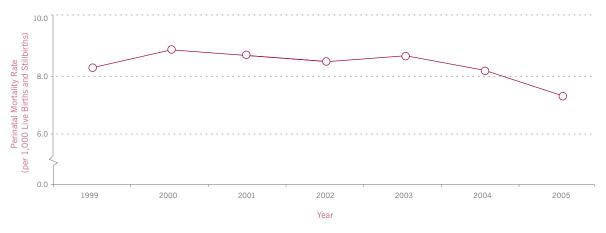
## Trends and International Comparisons

This section presents data on three key indicators which are influential in determining the structure of the Irish population. At a national level, the data presented in this section show how these parameters have changed in Ireland over time. International comparisons then allow the most recent statistics for Ireland to be compared with those for other European countries. The indicators for Ireland were estimated using data from the NPRS for the period 1999 to 2005.<sup>4</sup>

#### PERINATAL MORTALITY

Figure 1.2 shows the perinatal mortality rate in Ireland from 1999 to 2005. The perinatal mortality rate is the ratio of total stillbirths and early neonatal deaths to total live births and stillbirths and is expressed as the rate per 1,000 live births and stillbirths. In 1999 the perinatal mortality rate was 8.2 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths. This rate peaked at 8.8 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths in 2000 and declined to 8.6 and 8.4 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths in 2001 and 2002 respectively. For 2003, the perinatal mortality rate increased marginally to 8.6 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths, resuming its decline once again to 8.1 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths in 2004. Over the entire period reported in Figure 1.2, the lowest perinatal mortality rate was recorded in 2005 (7.2 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths), which also represented the largest annual reduction in the rate.<sup>5</sup>





Note: See Table 2.1 for data

<sup>4</sup> Data from the NPRS for 1999 to 2004 are contained in previous Reports on Perinatal Statistics. In these earlier reports, the data on the three indicators presented in Section 1 were obtained from the CSO.

For comparison purposes, the CSO reported a perinatal mortality rate of 6.2 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths in 2005 (see Table 4.2, *Report on Vital Statistics 2005*). In the *Report on Vital Statistics 2005*, the CSO states that its estimate is likely to be affected by under-reporting of stillbirths, which may be one factor in explaining the difference between its perinatal mortality rate and that derived from NPRS. The CSO Report notes the following:

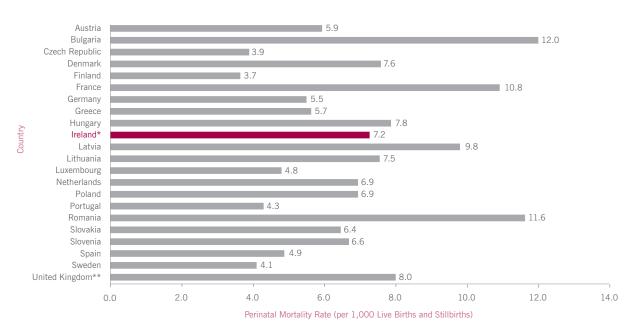
<sup>&</sup>quot;The NPRS figures are derived from birth notification forms, rather than from stillbirths registered. In recent years, the numbers of stillbirths according to NPRS reports have been higher than the numbers published in these [CSO] reports. This suggests that there is some non-registration of stillbirths and that caution should be taken in interpreting the statistics on stillbirths in these [CSO] reports." (Central Statistics Office, June 2008, *Report on Vital Statistics 2005*, Dublin: Central Statistics Office. Chapter 4, Infant Mortality, Stillbirths and Maternal Mortality 2005, pp. 156.)

As previously discussed in Section 1, these differences between the NPRS and CSO data emphasise the need to exercise extreme caution when comparing data from two different sources.

The factors impacting on the level of perinatal mortality are complex and encompass a wide range of environmental and biological variables. Birthweight, parity, mother's age, social status, and type of antenatal care, as well as many other variables have a bearing on perinatal risk. Data, presented in the subsequent sections of this report, indicate levels of perinatal mortality for the principal variables associated with risk.

Ireland's standing in the European Union (EU) in relation to perinatal mortality is shown in Figure 1.3. For the 22 countries for which 2005 data were available, the highest perinatal mortality rates were recorded in Bulgaria and Romania at 12.0 and 11.6 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths respectively. The country with the lowest perinatal mortality rate was Finland at 3.7 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths. Considering the countries in ascending order of their perinatal mortality rate, Ireland had a comparatively high perinatal mortality rate, ranking 14th out of the 22 countries listed in Figure 1.3. In contrast, the perinatal mortality rates of the United Kingdom (8.0 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths, ranked 18th) and France (10.8 per 1,000 live births and stillbirths, ranked 20th) were higher still. When countries are compared it should be remembered that rates are affected by national policies on abortion, availability of services related to fertility treatment, differences in the comprehensiveness and accuracy of registration and notification systems, and variations in definitions employed (for example, for stillbirth).





Source: 'Population and Social Conditions', Eurostat, Data Navigation Tree, date consulted July 2008. http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu

<sup>\*</sup> National figure compiled by NPRS. See Table 2.1 for data.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Office for National Statistics, Health Statistics Quarterly 36, Winter 2007.

#### **BIRTH RATE**

The birth rate is based on the total number of live births per 1,000 population.<sup>6</sup> Figure 1.4 shows trends in birth rates for selected EU countries since 1999. For the countries reviewed, Ireland has consistently had the highest birth rate over the period, even though this rate has been falling since 2003. While Ireland's birth rate was closer to that of other European countries in 1999, since 2000 the gap has grown between Ireland and France, the European country closest to Ireland in terms of birth rates. At 14.9 per 1,000 population in 2005, Ireland continued to have the highest birth rate of any of the 27 EU countries (Figure 1.5).<sup>7</sup>

Figure 1.4
Trends in Birth Rates for Selected EU Countries: 1999–2005



**Source:** 'Population and Social Conditions', Eurostat, Data Navigation Tree, date consulted July 2008. http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu \*National figures are based on NPRS data on live births from 1999 onwards.

Figure 1.5 presents the birth rate for EU countries in 2005. Apart from Ireland (14.9), the country with the next highest birth rate is France (12.9) followed by the United Kingdom (12.0). In 2005, Germany (8.3) and Lithuania (8.9) had the lowest birth rate followed by Slovenia (9.1).

<sup>6</sup> The population estimates used in the denominator of the birth rate were calculated by the Department of Health and Children and obtained from Ireland and Northern Ireland's Population Health Observatory (INIsPHO) PHIS (Online) Indicators System, http://www.inispho.org/phis/indicators. Date consulted July 2008. For the Census year 2002, population data from PHIS concur with the Census

<sup>7</sup> According to the CSO's 2005 Report on Vital Statistics, the birth rate was 14.8 in 2005.

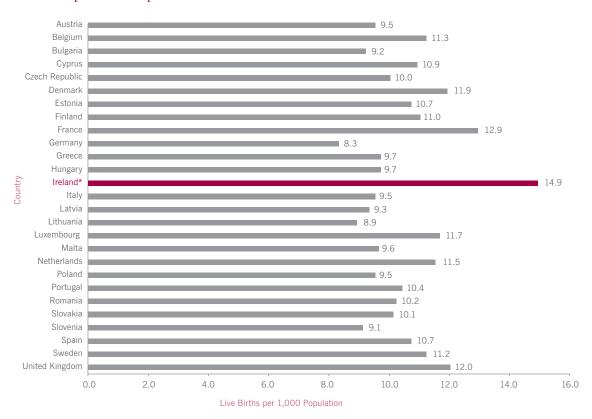


Figure 1.5
Birth Rate per 1,000 Population for EU Countries: 2005

Source: 'Population and Social Conditions', Eurostat, Data Navigation Tree, date consulted July 2008. http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu

\* National figure is based on NPRS data.

It should be noted that the crude birth rate could rise or fall depending on the numbers of women in the age cohorts from 15 to 49 years old. Changes in the crude birth rate often mask underlying trends in fertility. The next section is therefore concerned with changes in fertility over time.

#### **FERTILITY**

Figure 1.6 shows the trend in the total period fertility rate (TPFR) in Ireland from 1999 to 2005. The TPFR for a given year indicates the number of children a woman could expect to have if the age-specific fertility rates for that year applied throughout her fertile years. The Irish TPFR has declined overall from an average of 1.91 in 1999 to 1.89 in 2005, despite reaching a high of 1.98 in the intervening years. The age-specific fertility rates (ASFR), used in the calculation of the TPFR and also shown in Figure 1.6, indicate differences in fertility patterns between younger and older age groups. While the number of live births per 1,000 women aged between 20 to 24 and 25 to 29 has been declining, women in the 30 to 34, 35 to 39 and 40 to 44 year age groups recorded an increasing number of live births over the period. In all years the 30 to 34 year age group recorded the highest ASFR. Interestingly, 2005 was the first year in which the ASFR for the 35 to 39 year age group was higher than that for the 25 to 29 year age group.

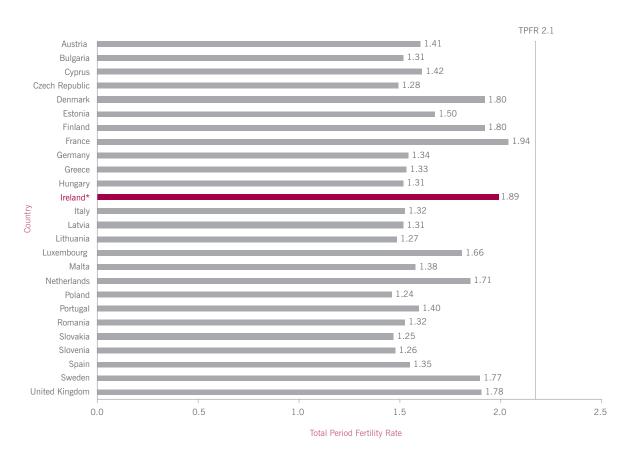
O<del>-</del> 20-24 ○- 30-34 **-** 35-39 **-** 40-44 160.0 2.5 ASFR (Average Number of Live Births per 1,000 Women) 140.0 120.0 IPFR (Average Number of Children per 100.0 1.5 80.0 1.0 60.0 40.0 0.5 20.0 0.0 0.0 2000 2001 2003 2004 2005 1999 2002

Figure 1.6 Age-Specific Fertility Rates (ASFR) and Total Period Fertility Rates (TPFR) Ireland: 1999–2005

Note: Total period fertility rates and age-specific fertility rates (ASFR) are calculated using NPRS data from 1999 onwards. ASFR is the number of live births to women in a particular age group divided by the female population in that age group, multiplied by 1,000. The TPFR is compiled by summing the ASFRs for the relevant five-year age groups, dividing by 1,000 and multiplying by 5. Female population estimates were obtained from Ireland and Northern Ireland's Population Health Observatory (INIsPHO) PHIS (Online) Indicators System, http://www.inispho.org/phis/indicators. Date consulted July 2008.

As in all 27 EU countries currently, the TPFR for Ireland remains below the level required for the long-term replacement of the population (TPFR of 2.1) in the absence of any net inward migration. Using data from Eurostat and the NPRS, Figure 1.7 shows that, for 2005, Ireland had the second highest TPFR in the EU at 1.89, just behind France with a TPFR of 1.94. For 2005, Poland had the lowest TPFR (1.24) of the EU countries for which data were available.

Figure 1.7
Total Period Fertility Rates for Selected EU Countries: 2005



**Source:** 'Population and Social Conditions', Eurostat, Data Navigation Tree, date consulted July 2008. http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu

\* National figure is based on NPRS data.

Selected Trends

SECTION

## Introduction

A general review of the data reported to the NPRS over the period 1999–2005 is presented in this section. Tables 2.1 and 2.2 examine trends in vital and selected statistics for these years. Figures 2.1 to 2.6 present selected data for a number of variables, including single mothers, low birthweight babies, caesarean births, mother's breastfeeding, and other aspects of perinatal care. Each of these figures summarise data for 1999–2005.

Singleton and Multiple Births, Numbers and Rates (per 1,000) for Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Perinatal Deaths Trends in Vital Events, 1999–2005 **Table 2.1** 

Vital Events								Year	ar						
		1999	66	2000	00	2001	21	2002	22	2003	33	2004	4	2005	15
		Number	Rate												
Live Births:	Singleton	52,556	ı	53,429	I	56,115	ı	58,752	ı	59,837	ı	60,186	ı	59,621	ı
	Multiple	1,463	1	1,429	I	1,807	I	1,770	ı	1,795	ı	1,881	ı	1,859	ı
	Total	54,019	1	54,858	I	57,922	ı	60,522	ı	61,632	ı	62,067	ı	61,480	ı
Stillbirths:	Singleton	274	5.2	288	5.4	307	5.4	319	5.4	327	5.4	313	5.2	281	4.7
	Multiple	14	9.2	20	13.8	32	17.4	24	13.4	30	16.4	26	13.6	25	13.3
	Total	288	5.3	308	5.6	339	5.8	343	5.6	357	5.8	339	5.4	306	5.0
Early	Singleton	130	2.5	153	2.9	136	2.4	149	2.5	156	2.6	140	2.3	109	1.8
Neonatal Deaths:	Multiple	27	18.5	23	16.1	24	13.3	21	11.9	21	11.7	28	14.9	30	16.1
	Total	157	2.9	176	3.2	160	2.8	170	2.8	177	2.9	168	2.7	139	2.3
Perinatal	Singleton	404	7.6	441	8.2	443	7.9	468	7.9	483	8.0	453	7.5	390	6.5
Deaths:	Multiple	41	27.8	43	29.7	26	30.5	45	25.1	21	27.9	54	28.3	22	29.2
	Total	445	8.2	484	8.8	499	9.8	513	8.4	534	9.8	202	8.1	445	7.2
Adjusted	Singleton	301	2.7	317	5.9	311	5.5	353	0.9	336	5.6	336	9.6	287	4.8
Perinatal Deaths:	Multiple	37	25.1	31	21.4	45	24.5	43	24.0	48	26.3	46	24.2	43	23.0
	Total	338	6.2	348	6.3	356	6.1	396	6.5	384	6.2	382	6.1	330	5.4

Table 2.2
Trends in Selected Statistics, 1999–2005

Selected Statistics	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
General Characteristics							
Average Age of Mother in years <sup>1</sup>	30.06	30.18	30.27	30.41	30.58	30.79	31.02
Average Maternal Parity <sup>1</sup>	1.10	1.09	1.07	1.06	1.05	1.05	1.05
Single Mothers (%) <sup>1,9</sup>	29.73	30.09	30.14	30.01	30.20	30.63	30.71
Average Age of Single Mothers in years <sup>1,9</sup>	24.74	24.98	25.36	25.72	26.10	26.38	26.63
Average Number of Previous Stillbirths per 1,000 maternities <sup>1</sup>	14.03	13.06	13.57	12.43	12.02	12.60	12.79
Average weight in grams <sup>2</sup>							
Singleton Births	3,505.35	3,517.27	3,509.36	3,503.73	3,500.64	3,507.96	3,503.23
Multiple Births	2,467.24	2,509.85	2,470.41	2,489.72	2,487.13	2,471.20	2,469.18
Total Births	3,477.19	3,491.05	3,476.96	3,474.07	3,471.11	3,476.56	3,471.97
Low birthweight <2500 grams (%) <sup>2</sup>							
Singleton Births	3.80	3.84	3.84	3.76	3.87	3.71	3.76
Multiple Births	47.71	43.35	46.46	44.18	45.07	45.56	45.62
Total Births	4.99	4.87	5.17	4.94	5.07	4.98	5.02
Average Gestational Age at delivery in weeks <sup>1</sup>	39.48	39.46	39.47	39.45	39.44	39.38	39.42
Average interval since last birth in years <sup>1</sup>	3.82	3.84	3.81	3.85	3.78	3.72	3.76
Perinatal Care							
Hospital & GP combined antenatal care (%) <sup>1</sup>	72.53	72.43	73.29	74.07	75.86	77.29	77.47
Mother's average length of stay in days <sup>3</sup>	4.71	4.54	4.38	4.09	3.95	3.85	3.84
Immunity to Rubella (%) <sup>1</sup>	89.63	87.76	86.84	86.49	87.30	90.49	90.26
Method of Delivery (%) <sup>4</sup>							
Singleton Births							
Spontaneous	65.35	64.56	64.29	63.27	62.24	60.54	60.05
Caesarean	19.69	20.55	21.05	21.61	23.14	24.23	24.86
Forceps <sup>5</sup>	4.27	3.78	3.21	3.19	2.89	2.48	2.85
Multiple Births							
Spontaneous	32.33	33.73	29.83	33.62	26.30	28.23	25.51
Caesarean	47.23	50.31	52.74	49.49	58.33	55.82	60.44
Forceps <sup>5</sup>	3.08	2.52	2.71	2.99	1.56	2.34	1.67
Total Births							
Spontaneous	64.46	63.76	63.22	62.41	61.20	59.56	59.00
Caesarean	20.43	21.32	22.04	22.43	24.17	25.19	25.93
Forceps <sup>5</sup>	4.24	3.74	3.20	3.18	2.85	2.48	2.82
Booked Hospital Admissions (%) <sup>1</sup>	96.57	96.49	98.17	97.59	97.47	98.14	98.41
Mothers breastfeeding (%) <sup>6</sup>	36.16	38.41	39.13	41.14	41.32	42.46	44.13
Infant's average length of stay in days <sup>7</sup>	,		, - , - 3				
Singleton Births	4.17	4.08	3.89	3.68	3.62	3.55	3.52
Multiple Births	10.68	10.73	11.45	10.16	10.09	10.59	10.14
Total Births	4.34	4.25	4.12	3.87	3.80	3.76	3.72
Post-mortems for Early Neonatal Deaths (%) <sup>8</sup>	44.37	39.41	33.55	42.07	41.72	38.16	24.43

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on maternities.

**Notes:** These selected statistics are set out according to the order in which they appear in subsequent sections of this report. Further details for each statistic, including mortality rates, are given in these sections.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on live births.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Based on maternities with live births.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Based on live births. These figures were not based on total maternities but on total births, to give a more accurate picture as each infant in a multiple pregnancy can have a different method of delivery. See Tables 4.4 and 4.13 for data on all Methods of Delivery.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Excludes breech deliveries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Based on maternities with live births. Excludes early neonatal deaths.

 $<sup>^{7}\,</sup>$  Based on live births. Excludes early neonatal deaths.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Based on early neonatal deaths.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Data recording marital status as 'Never Married' are classified as 'Single' marital status in this report.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Not Stated' or 'Not Known' values are not included in the calculation of percentages.

Figure 2.1
Percentage of Births to Single Mothers, 1999–2005

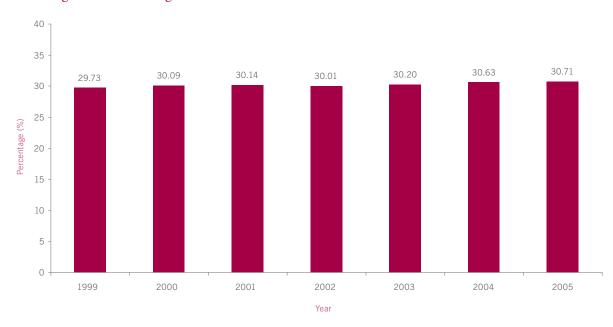
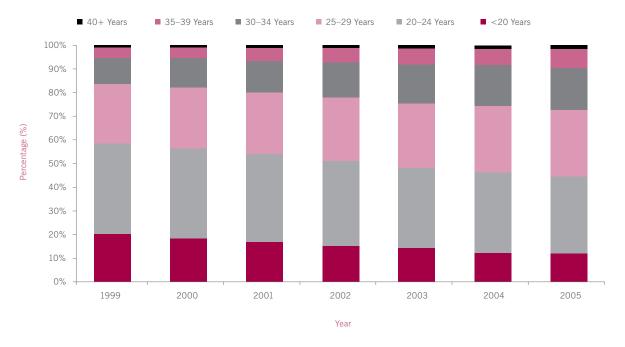


Figure 2.2
Percentage of Births to Single Mothers by Age of Mother, Singleton Births, 1999–2005



Source: Reports on Perinatal Statistics for 1999–2002, The Economic & Social Research Institute. Appendix E, Tables E3.
 Reports on Perinatal Statistics for 2003 and 2004, The Economic & Social Research Institute. Appendix F, Table F3.
 Note: See Appendix G, Table G3 for data on 2005.

Figure 2.3
Percentage of Low Birthweight Babies, Total Live Births, 1999–2005

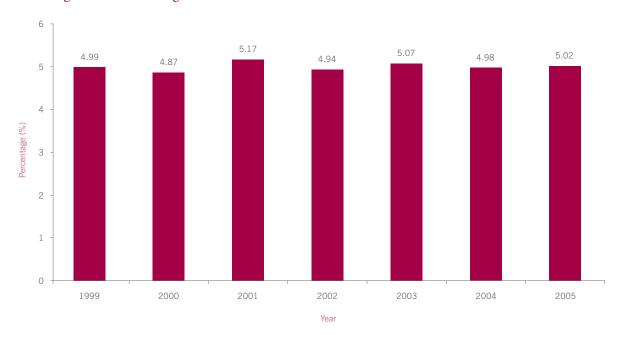
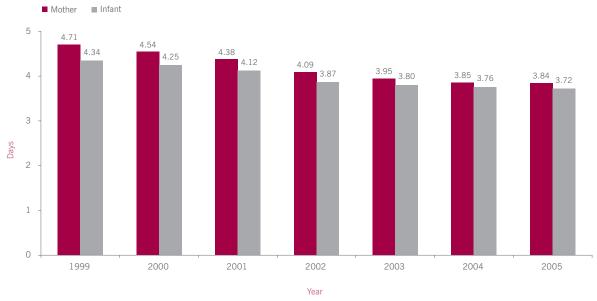


Figure 2.4 Average Length of Stay in Days for Mothers and Infants, 1999–2005



Note: Data on mother's length of stay is based on maternities with live births only. Data on infant's length of stay is based on live births, excluding early neonatal deaths.

Figure 2.5 Caesarean Births as a Percentage of Total Live Births, 1999–2005

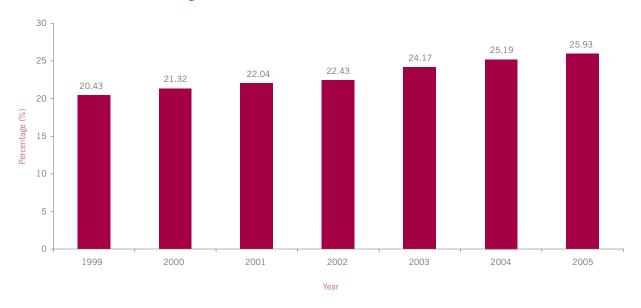
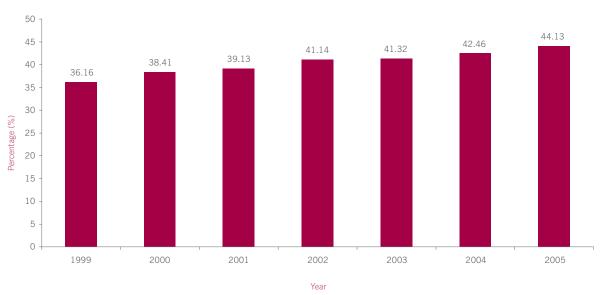


Figure 2.6
Percentage of Mothers Breastfeeding, 1999–2005



Note: Based on maternities with live births, excluding early neonatal deaths.

General Characteristics

SECTION SECTION

### Introduction

This section presents a more detailed analysis of data reported to the NPRS for 2005. Part 1 reports on singleton births and Part 2 on multiple births. The following tables outline data for live births, stillbirths and early neonatal deaths, together with their corresponding rates. The perinatal mortality rate and adjusted perinatal mortality rate are also outlined in each table. Tables and figures are presented in some detail for a number of variables, including mother's age, marital status, father's and mother's occupations and nationalities, and birth-weight. See Appendix G, Table G20 for numbers and rates on mother's county of residence.

## Part 1: Singleton Births

Table 3.1

Age of Mother

Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005

Singleton Births

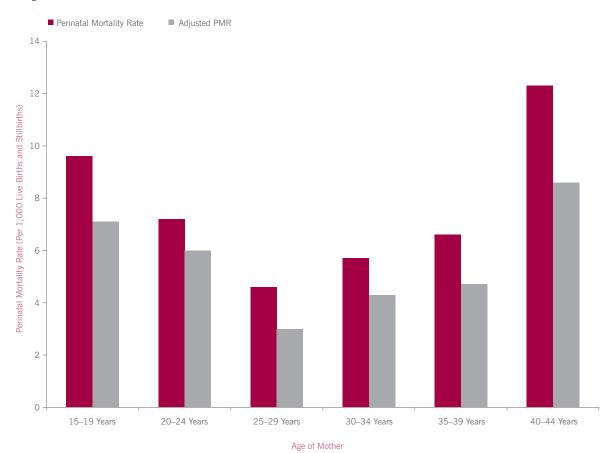
Age of Mother	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR*
Under 15 Years	6	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15-19 Years	2,381	4.0	18	7.5	5	2.1	9.6	7.1
20-24 Years	7,609	12.8	36	4.7	19	2.5	7.2	6.0
25-29 Years	13,330	22.4	39	2.9	22	1.7	4.6	3.0
30-34 Years	20,991	35.2	90	4.3	31	1.5	5.7	4.3
35-39 Years	12,770	21.4	62	4.8	23	1.8	6.6	4.7
40-44 Years	2,420	4.1	21	8.6	9	3.7	12.3	8.6
45 Years & Over	69	0.1	1	14.3	0	0.0	14.3	0.0
Not Stated	45	0.1	14	237.3	0	0.0	237.3	210.5
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

<sup>\*</sup> In this and subsequent tables, 'Adjusted PMR' gives a recalculated perinatal mortality rate which excludes all deaths due to congenital anomalies.

Table 3.2 Maternal Parity Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

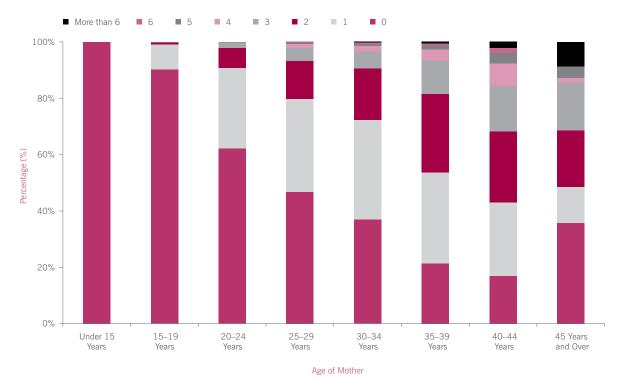
Maternal Parity	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0	24,040	40.3	123	5.1	49	2.0	7.1	5.3
1	18,974	31.8	78	4.1	27	1.4	5.5	4.2
2	10,451	17.5	44	4.2	15	1.4	5.6	3.6
3	3,916	6.6	22	5.6	8	2.0	7.6	5.1
4	1,329	2.2	6	4.5	8	6.0	10.5	9.0
5	506	0.8	3	5.9	1	2.0	7.9	5.9
6	215	0.4	1	4.6	1	4.7	9.3	4.7
More than 6	189	0.3	4	20.7	0	0.0	20.7	20.7
Not Stated	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Figure 3.1 Perinatal Mortality Rates by Age of Mother, 2005 Singleton Births



**Notes:** See Table 3.1 for data. The adjusted rate excludes all deaths due to congenital anomalies. Categories where rates would be based on <100 live births are not included in this graph.

Figure 3.2 Percentage Distribution of Parity by Age of Mother, 2005 Singleton Births

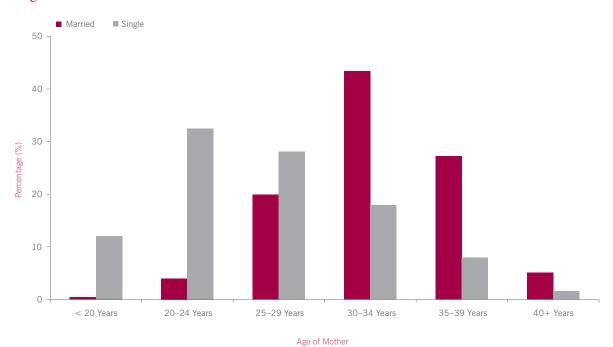


Note: See Appendix G, Table G1 for data. 'Not Stated' data are not included in the calculation of percentages.

Table 3.3 Mother's Marital Status Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

Mother's Marital Status	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Married	40,172	67.4	172	4.3	65	1.6	5.9	4.1
Never Married	18,389	30.8	100	5.4	40	2.2	7.6	6.0
Widowed	77	0.1	1	12.8	1	13.0	25.6	25.6
Separated	700	1.2	6	8.5	2	2.9	11.3	8.5
Divorced	280	0.5	2	7.1	1	3.6	10.6	7.1
Not Stated	3	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Figure 3.3 Mother's Age: Percentage Distribution of Births for Married and Single Status, 2005 Singleton Births



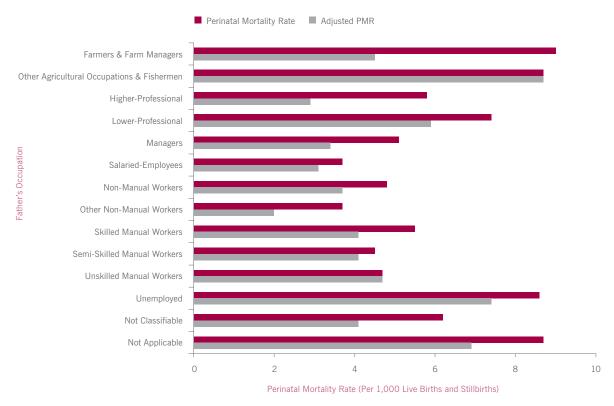
Note: See Appendix G, Table G3 for data. 'Not Stated' data are not included in the calculation of percentages.

Table 3.4
Father's Occupation
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Singleton Births

Father's Occupation	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Farmers & Farm Managers	2,214	3.7	15	6.7	5	2.3	9.0	4.5
Other Agricultural Occupations & Fishermen	459	0.8	2	4.3	2	4.4	8.7	8.7
Higher-Professional	4,094	6.9	18	4.4	6	1.5	5.8	2.9
Lower-Professional	2,553	4.3	14	5.5	5	2.0	7.4	5.9
Managers	4,735	7.9	15	3.2	9	1.9	5.1	3.4
Salaried-Employees	1,620	2.7	6	3.7	0	0.0	3.7	3.1
Non-Manual Workers	4,525	7.6	14	3.1	8	1.8	4.8	3.7
Other Non-Manual Workers	5,103	8.6	11	2.2	8	1.6	3.7	2.0
Skilled Manual Workers	12,878	21.6	52	4.0	19	1.5	5.5	4.1
Semi-Skilled Manual Workers	2,451	4.1	10	4.1	1	0.4	4.5	4.1
Unskilled Manual Workers	636	1.1	3	4.7	0	0.0	4.7	4.7
Unemployed	1,740	2.9	10	5.7	5	2.9	8.6	7.4
Not Classifiable	1,452	2.4	7	4.8	2	1.4	6.2	4.1
Not Applicable	14,619	24.5	96	6.5	32	2.2	8.7	6.9
Home Duties	90	0.2	1	11.0	0	0.0	11.0	11.0
Not Stated	452	0.8	7	15.3	7	15.5	30.5	22.0
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

*Note:* See Appendix C for a description of the classification system for occupations.

Figure 3.4 Perinatal Mortality Rates by Father's Occupation, 2005 Singleton Births



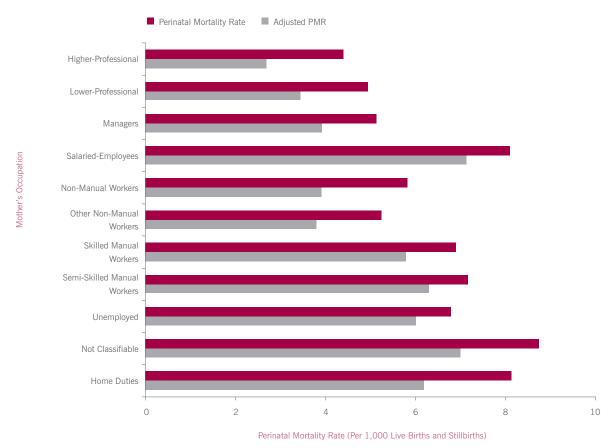
**Notes:** See Table 3.4 for data. The adjusted rate excludes all deaths due to congenital anomalies. Categories where rates would be based on <100 live births are not included in this graph.

Table 3.5 Mother's Occupation Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

Mother's Occupation	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Farmers & Farm Managers	94	0.2	1	10.5	1	10.6	21.1	10.6
Other Agricultural Occupations & Fishermen	44	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Higher-Professional	2,952	5.0	8	2.7	5	1.7	4.4	2.7
Lower-Professional	7,703	12.9	30	3.9	8	1.0	4.9	3.4
Managers	3,876	6.5	13	3.3	7	1.8	5.1	3.9
Salaried-Employees	1,100	1.8	9	8.1	0	0.0	8.1	7.2
Non-Manual Workers	13,643	22.9	55	4.0	25	1.8	5.8	3.9
Other Non-Manual Workers	7,441	12.5	27	3.6	12	1.6	5.2	3.8
Skilled Manual Workers	865	1.5	5	5.7	1	1.2	6.9	5.8
Semi-Skilled Manual Workers	2,201	3.7	13	5.9	3	1.4	7.2	6.3
Unskilled Manual Workers	15	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unemployed	2,478	4.2	13	5.2	4	1.6	6.8	6.0
Not Classifiable	2,284	3.8	13	5.7	7	3.1	8.7	7.0
Home Duties	14,566	24.4	87	5.9	32	2.2	8.1	6.2
Not Stated	359	0.6	7	19.1	4	11.1	30.1	19.3
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

**Note:** 'Not Applicable' is not used in the classification of maternal occupation. See Appendix C for a description of the classification system for occupations.

Figure 3.5
Perinatal Mortality Rates by Mother's Occupation, 2005
Singleton Births



**Notes:** See Table 3.5 for data. The adjusted rate excludes all deaths due to congenital anomalies. Categories where rates would be based on <100 live births are not included in this graph.

Table 3.6 Number of Previous Stillbirths (for women having second and subsequent births) Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

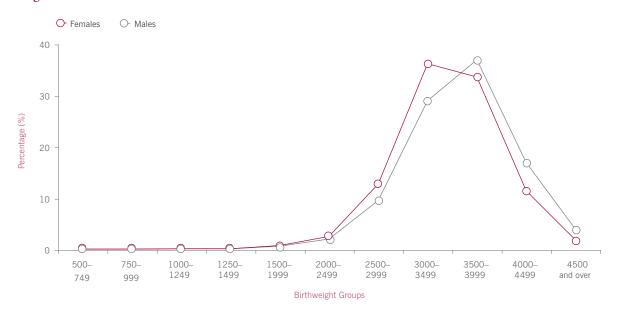
Previous Stillbirths	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0	34,930	98.2	147	4.2	58	1.7	5.8	4.2
1	577	1.6	10	17.0	1	1.7	18.7	17.1
2	55	0.2	1	17.9	1	18.2	35.7	18.2
3 and over	18	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	1	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	35,581	100	158	4.4	60	1.7	6.1	4.4

Note: Primiparae (i.e. women with no previous live births or stillbirths) are not included in this table.

Table 3.7
Birthweight - All Singleton Births
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Singleton Births

Birthweight (grams)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
500–749	57	0.1	43	430.0	29	508.8	720.0	708.3
750–999	69	0.1	23	250.0	7	101.4	326.1	261.9
1000-1249	115	0.2	18	135.3	11	95.7	218.0	161.3
1250-1499	130	0.2	20	133.3	8	61.5	186.7	102.9
1500-1999	458	0.8	42	84.0	15	32.8	114.0	80.9
2000–2499	1,412	2.4	37	25.5	13	9.2	34.5	21.7
2500–2999	6,663	11.2	43	6.4	17	2.6	8.9	5.8
3000–3499	19,355	32.5	30	1.5	5	0.3	1.8	1.5
3500-3999	21,059	35.3	15	0.7	3	0.1	0.9	0.7
4000-4499	8,525	14.3	7	0.8	0	0.0	0.8	0.8
4500 and Over	1,777	3.0	2	1.1	0	0.0	1.1	1.1
Not Stated	1	0.0	1	500.0	1	1000.0	1000.0	1000.0
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Figure 3.6
Percentage Distribution of Live Births across Birthweight Groups, 2005
Singleton Births



Notes: See Tables 3.8 and 3.9 for data.

This figure does not include one singleton birth for which the sex was recorded as 'indeterminate' or 'unknown'.

Table 3.8
Birthweight - Males
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Singleton Births

Birthweight (grams)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
500–749	21	0.1	26	553.2	10	476.2	766.0	766.0
750–999	37	0.1	14	274.5	5	135.1	372.5	319.1
1000-1249	58	0.2	10	147.1	5	86.2	220.6	171.9
1250-1499	63	0.2	15	192.3	4	63.5	243.6	157.1
1500-1999	219	0.7	27	109.8	5	22.8	130.1	108.3
2000–2499	656	2.1	17	25.3	5	7.6	32.7	18.1
2500–2999	2,945	9.6	27	9.1	8	2.7	11.8	7.4
3000-3499	8,874	29.0	16	1.8	3	0.3	2.1	1.8
3500–3999	11,329	37.0	8	0.7	2	0.2	0.9	0.6
4000-4499	5,203	17.0	6	1.2	0	0.0	1.2	1.2
4500 and Over	1,223	4.0	2	1.6	0	0.0	1.6	1.6
Not Stated	1	0.0	1	500.0	1	1000.0	1000.0	1000.0
Total	30,629	100	169	5.5	48	1.6	7.0	5.4

**Note:** The 2005 dataset includes one singleton birth for which the sex was recorded as 'indeterminate' or 'unknown'. This birth is excluded from Tables 3.8 and 3.9.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Not Stated' data are not included in the calculation of percentages.

Table 3.9
Birthweight - Females
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Singleton Births

Birthweight (grams)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
500-749	36	0.1	17	320.8	19	527.8	679.2	653.1
750–999	31	0.1	9	225.0	1	32.3	250.0	189.2
1000-1249	57	0.2	8	123.1	6	105.3	215.4	150.0
1250-1499	67	0.2	5	69.4	4	59.7	125.0	45.5
1500-1999	239	0.8	15	59.1	10	41.8	98.4	53.7
2000–2499	756	2.6	20	25.8	8	10.6	36.1	24.8
2500-2999	3,718	12.8	16	4.3	9	2.4	6.7	4.6
3000-3499	10,481	36.2	14	1.3	2	0.2	1.5	1.3
3500-3999	9,730	33.6	7	0.7	1	0.1	0.8	0.7
4000-4499	3,322	11.5	1	0.3	0	0.0	0.3	0.3
4500 and Over	554	1.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	28,991	100	112	3.8	60	2.1	5.9	4.2

**Note:** The 2005 dataset includes one singleton birth for which the sex was recorded as 'indeterminate' or 'unknown'. This birth is excluded from Tables 3.8 and 3.9.

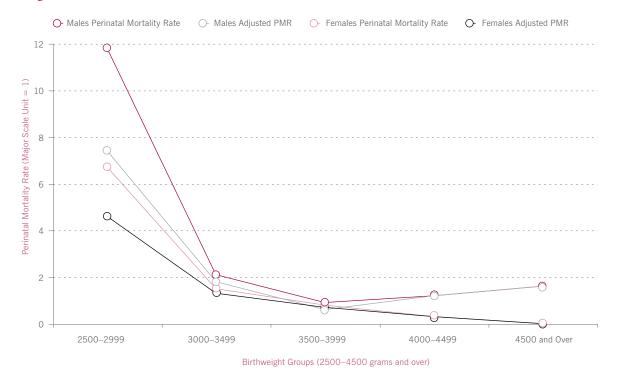
Figure 3.7 (A)
Perinatal Mortality Rates for Males and Females by Birthweight (500–2499 grams), 2005
Singleton Births



Notes: See Tables 3.8 and 3.9 for data.

This figure does not include one singleton birth for which the sex was recorded as 'indeterminate' or 'unknown'.

Figure 3.7 (B)
Perinatal Mortality Rates for Males and Females by Birthweight (2500–4500 grams and over), 2005
Singleton Births



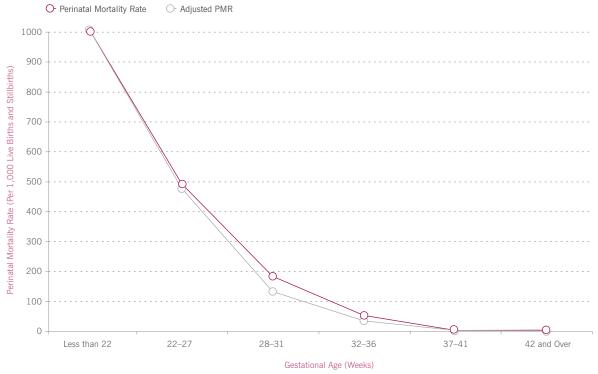
Notes: See Tables 3.8 and 3.9 for data.

This figure does not include one singleton birth for which the sex was recorded as 'indeterminate' or 'unknown'.

Table 3.10
Gestational Age at Delivery
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Singleton Births

Gestational Age (weeks)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Less than 22	1	0.0	1	500.0	1	1000.0	1000.0	1000.0
22–27	121	0.2	48	284.0	35	289.3	491.1	475.6
28-31	298	0.5	42	123.5	20	67.1	182.4	131.3
32–36	2,170	3.6	85	37.7	31	14.3	51.4	33.4
37–41	54,464	91.4	101	1.9	19	0.3	2.2	1.6
42 and Over	2,565	4.3	4	1.6	3	1.2	2.7	1.2
Not Stated	2	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Figure 3.8
Perinatal Mortality Rates by Gestational Age, 2005
Singleton Births



*Note:* See Table 3.10 for data.

Table 3.11 Interval in Years Since Last Birth Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

Interval Since Last Birth	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
No Previous Births	24,040	40.3	123	5.1	49	2.0	7.1	5.3
1 year or less	531	0.9	5	9.3	5	9.4	18.7	13.1
>1 year to 2 years	8,651	14.5	46	5.3	16	1.8	7.1	4.6
>2 years to 3 years	9,102	15.3	30	3.3	12	1.3	4.6	3.4
>3 years to 4 years	5,722	9.6	26	4.5	2	0.3	4.9	3.8
>4 years to 5 years	3,522	5.9	9	2.5	6	1.7	4.2	3.1
>5 years to 6 years	2,404	4.0	8	3.3	3	1.2	4.6	3.7
More than 6 years	5,293	8.9	32	6.0	12	2.3	8.3	6.6
Not Stated	356	0.6	2	5.6	4	11.2	16.8	8.5
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Table 3.12 Month of Birth Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

Month of Birth	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
January	4,761	8.0	14	2.9	11	2.3	5.2	4.6
February	4,409	7.4	27	6.1	4	0.9	7.0	5.2
March	5,071	8.5	30	5.9	11	2.2	8.0	5.9
April	4,762	8.0	24	5.0	2	0.4	5.4	4.2
May	4,963	8.3	29	5.8	7	1.4	7.2	5.0
June	5,033	8.4	23	4.5	14	2.8	7.3	4.8
July	5,390	9.0	16	3.0	8	1.5	4.4	3.1
August	5,222	8.8	13	2.5	7	1.3	3.8	2.1
September	5,202	8.7	35	6.7	11	2.1	8.8	6.1
October	4,955	8.3	24	4.8	7	1.4	6.2	5.4
November	4,862	8.2	25	5.1	14	2.9	8.0	5.9
December	4,991	8.4	21	4.2	13	2.6	6.8	5.4
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Table 3.13 Mother's Nationality

Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

Mother's Nationality	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live	Per Cen Mothe	Per Cent (%) Live Births by Mother's Marital Status	rths by tatus	Stillbirths	Per Cent (%)	Per Ce Mothe	Per Cent (%) Stillbirth by Mother's Marital Status	irth by Status	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal	Early Neonatal	Perinatal Mortality	Adjusted PMR
		Sirring	Married	Never Married	Other*		Stillibirths	Married	Never Married	Other*		Deatns	Kate	Kate	
Ireland	49,393	82.8	55.3	26.2	1.3	229	81.5	50.2	29.5	1.8	4.6	68	1.8	6.4	4.7
Ž	1,978	3.3	2.0	1.2	0.1	10	3.6	1.8	1.4	0.4	5.0	m	1.5	6.5	3.5
EU15 (excluding Ireland & UK)	793	1.3	0.8	0.5	0.0	2	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.0	2.5	0	0.0	2.5	2.5
EU15 to EU25 Accession States	1,118	1.9	1.0	0.8	0.1	9	2.1	0.4	1.4	0.4	5.3	m	2.7	8.0	5.4
Rest of Europe	677	1.6	1.2	0.4	0.0	4	1.4	1.1	0.4	0.0	4.1	က	3.1	7.1	4.1
Africa	2,605	4.4	3.3	6.0	0.1	14	5.0	3.9	1.1	0.0	5.3	9	2.3	7.6	6.9
Asia	1,717	2.9	2.4	0.4	0.0	10	3.6	2.1	0.7	0.7	5.8	П	9.0	6.4	4.6
America	466	0.8	9.0	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Australia	113	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Zealand and Other Oceania	49	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Multi-Nationality	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Nationality	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	407	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.0	9	2.1	1.4	0.7	0.0	14.5	4	9.8	24.2	19.5
Total	59,621	100	67.4	30.8	1.8	281	100	61.2	35.6	3.2	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

\* Including divorced, married but separated, widowed, not stated

Note: See Appendix F for a description of the classification system employed for nationalities.

Table 3.14 Father's Nationality

Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005

Singleton Births

Father's Nationality	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live	Per Cent Mothe	Per Cent (%) Live Births by Mother's Marital Status	rths by tatus	Stillbirths	Per Cent (%)	Per Cen Mother	Per Cent (%) Stillbirth by Mother's Marital Status	th by atus	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal	Early Neonatal	Perinatal Mortality	Adjusted PMR
		Sinting	Married	Never Married	Other*		Still Dirths	Married	Never Married	Other*		Deaths	Kate	Kate	
Ireland	36,598	61.4	53.9	7.0	0.5	135	48.0	44.1	3.6	0.4	3.7	53	1.4	5.1	3.7
N.	1,720	2.9	2.4	0.4	0.0	4	1.4	1.1	0.0	4.0	2.3	2	1.2	3.5	2.9
EU15 (excluding Ireland & UK)	458	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.0	П	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	2.2	m	9.9	8.7	9.9
EU15 to EU25 Accession States	809	1.0	0.8	0.2	0.0	П	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.6	m	4.9	9.9	1.7
Rest of Europe	720	1.2	1.1	0.1	0.0	က	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	4.1	2	2.8	6.9	5.5
Africa	2,072	3.5	3.3	0.2	0.0	12	4.3	3.9	0.4	0.0	5.8	2	2.4	8.2	6.7
Asia	1,211	2.0	2.0	0.1	0.0	∞	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0	9.9	П	0.8	7.4	4.9
America	290	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.0	2	0.7	0.4	0.0	0.4	6.8	0	0.0	8.9	8.9
Australia	94	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Zealand and Other Oceania	55	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Multi-Nationality	က	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Nationality	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	1,548	2.6	5.6	0.0	0.0	21	7.5	7.5	0.0	0.0	13.4	10	6.5	19.8	12.2
Not Applicable	14,240	23.9	0.0	22.7	1.2	94	33.5	0.0	31.3	2.1	9.9	30	2.1	8.7	6.9
Total	59,621	100	67.4	30.8	1.8	281	100	61.2	35.6	3.2	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

\* Including divorced, married but separated, widowed, not stated

Notes: See Appendix F for a description of the classification system employed for nationalities.

'Not Applicable' applies to father's nationality only. Where mother's marital status is recorded as 'never married', 'widowed', 'separated', or 'divorced' the GRO does not require father's details to register the birth. This information is, therefore, generally not provided in these circumstances.

# Part 2: Multiple Births

Table 3.15
Maternities, Twins, Triplets, Quadruplets, and Twinning Rate for 2005
Multiple Births

Births	Maternities	Sets of Twins	Sets of Triplets	Sets of Quadruplets	Twinning Rate
61,786*	60,837	916	15	1	15.1

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Stillbirths.

Notes: In 2005 there were 1,893 multiple births notified to the NPRS, comprising 1,842 twin, 47 triplet and 4 quadruplet births. Of these, nine twins weighed less than 500 grams and there was one incomplete set of triplets where one triplet was not registered, as it did not meet with registration criteria.

In accordance with the WHO guidelines the National Perinatal Dataset includes only births weighing 500 grams or more. Therefore, for the purposes of this table the number of complete sets of Twins is 916, sets of Triplets is 15, and set of Quadruplets is 1. See also Section 1, Introduction.

Table 3.16
Age of Mother
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Multiple Births

Age of Mother	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
15-19 Years	23	1.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20-24 Years	171	9.2	6	33.9	5	29.2	62.1	46.0
25-29 Years	343	18.5	2	5.8	9	26.2	31.9	26.2
30-34 Years	649	34.9	8	12.2	9	13.9	25.9	21.4
35-39 Years	576	31.0	6	10.3	7	12.2	22.3	15.6
40-44 Years	85	4.6	3	34.1	0	0.0	34.1	34.1
45 Years and Over	12	0.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

*Note:* There were no multiple births to Mothers aged < 15 years.

Table 3.17
Maternal Parity
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Multiple Births

Maternal Parity	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0	755	40.6	12	15.6	16	21.2	36.5	28.9
1	581	31.3	7	11.9	6	10.3	22.1	13.7
2	330	17.8	4	12.0	3	9.1	21.0	21.0
3	134	7.2	1	7.4	1	7.5	14.8	14.8
4	31	1.7	1	31.3	1	32.3	62.5	62.5
5	20	1.1	0	0.0	3	150.0	150.0	105.3
6	8	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Table 3.18
Mother's Marital Status
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Multiple Births

Mother's Marital Status	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Married	1,433	77.1	19	13.1	18	12.6	25.5	19.4
Never Married	377	20.3	6	15.7	12	31.8	47.0	39.5
Separated	41	2.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Divorced	8	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Table 3.19
Father's Occupation
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Multiple Births

Father's Occupation	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Farmers & Farm Managers	102	5.5	4	37.7	1	9.8	47.2	47.2
Other Agricultural Occupations & Fishermen	8	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Higher-Professional	157	8.4	2	12.6	2	12.7	25.2	19.0
Lower-Professional	103	5.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Managers	176	9.5	1	5.6	1	5.7	11.3	5.7
Salaried-Employees	53	2.9	1	18.5	1	18.9	37.0	37.0
Non-Manual Workers	149	8.0	0	0.0	2	13.4	13.4	13.4
Other Non-Manual Workers	157	8.4	3	18.8	2	12.7	31.3	31.3
Skilled Manual Workers	415	22.3	6	14.3	5	12.0	26.1	16.8
Semi-Skilled Manual Workers	74	4.0	1	13.3	1	13.5	26.7	13.5
Unskilled Manual Workers	10	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unemployed	69	3.7	1	14.3	3	43.5	57.1	29.4
Not Classifiable	53	2.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Applicable	326	17.5	6	18.1	12	36.8	54.2	45.6
Home Duties	2	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	5	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

 $\textit{Note:} \quad \text{See Appendix C for a description of the classification system for occupations}.$ 

Table 3.20 Mother's Occupation Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Mother's Occupation	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Farmers & Farm Managers	3	0.2	1	250.0	1	333.3	500.0	500.0
Other Agricultural Occupations & Fishermen	2	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Higher-Professional	114	6.1	1	8.7	1	8.8	17.4	8.8
Lower-Professional	229	12.3	6	25.5	3	13.1	38.3	34.2
Managers	139	7.5	0	0.0	1	7.2	7.2	0.0
Salaried-Employees	44	2.4	0	0.0	2	45.5	45.5	45.5
Non-Manual Workers	444	23.9	3	6.7	5	11.3	17.9	11.3
Other Non-Manual Workers	228	12.3	4	17.2	7	30.7	47.4	34.9
Skilled Manual Workers	23	1.2	1	41.7	0	0.0	41.7	0.0
Semi-Skilled Manual Workers	45	2.4	1	21.7	2	44.4	65.2	65.2
Unemployed	70	3.8	0	0.0	2	28.6	28.6	14.5
Not Classifiable	62	3.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Home Duties	448	24.1	6	13.2	4	8.9	22.0	19.9
Not Stated	8	0.4	2	200.0	2	250.0	400.0	400.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

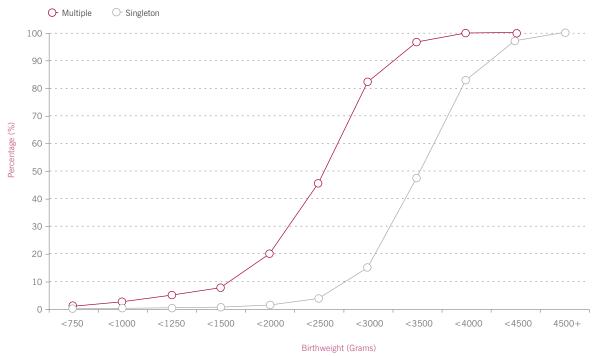
**Notes:** 'Not Applicable' is not used in the classification of maternal occupation. See Appendix C for a description of the classification system for occupations.

Table 3.21 Number of Previous Stillbirths (for women having second and subsequent births) Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Previous Stillbirths	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0	1,076	97.5	12	11.0	14	13.0	23.9	18.5
1	26	2.4	1	37.0	0	0.0	37.0	37.0
2	2	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,104	100	13	11.6	14	12.7	24.2	18.9

Note: Primiparae (i.e. women with no previous live births or stillbirths) are not included in this table.

Figure 3.9 Birthweights: Cumulative Percentages of Singleton and Multiple Births, 2005 Multiple Births



Note: Data are compiled from Tables 3.7 and 3.22.

Table 3.22
Birthweight - All Multiple Births
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Multiple Births

Birthweight (grams)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
500–749	19	1.0	7	269.2	7	368.4	538.5	520.0
750–999	30	1.6	5	142.9	4	133.3	257.1	212.1
1000-1249	44	2.4	0	0.0	6	136.4	136.4	116.3
1250-1499	51	2.7	3	55.6	4	78.4	129.6	96.2
1500-1999	227	12.2	4	17.3	3	13.2	30.3	26.1
2000–2499	477	25.7	5	10.4	1	2.1	12.4	8.3
2500-2999	678	36.5	0	0.0	2	2.9	2.9	2.9
3000-3499	269	14.5	0	0.0	1	3.7	3.7	3.7
3500-3999	61	3.3	1	16.1	2	32.8	48.4	0.0
4000-4499	3	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Table 3.23
Birthweight - Males
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Multiple Births

Birthweight (grams)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
500–749	6	0.6	5	454.5	3	500.0	727.3	727.3
750–999	12	1.3	2	142.9	0	0.0	142.9	76.9
1000-1249	21	2.2	0	0.0	4	190.5	190.5	150.0
1250–1499	28	3.0	2	66.7	1	35.7	100.0	100.0
1500-1999	100	10.6	3	29.1	1	10.0	38.8	38.8
2000–2499	217	23.0	4	18.1	1	4.6	22.6	13.7
2500-2999	368	38.9	0	0.0	2	5.4	5.4	5.4
3000-3499	146	15.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3500-3999	45	4.8	1	21.7	2	44.4	65.2	0.0
4000-4499	2	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	945	100	17	17.7	14	14.8	32.2	25.1

Note: The 2005 dataset includes one multiple birth for which sex was recorded as 'indeterminate' or 'unknown'. This birth is excluded from Tables 3.23 and 3.24.

Table 3.24
Birthweight - Females
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Multiple Births

Birthweight (grams)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
500–749	13	1.4	2	133.3	4	307.7	400.0	357.1
750–999	18	2.0	3	142.9	4	222.2	333.3	300.0
1000-1249	23	2.5	0	0.0	2	87.0	87.0	87.0
1250–1499	23	2.5	1	41.7	3	130.4	166.7	90.9
1500-1999	126	13.8	1	7.9	1	7.9	15.7	15.7
2000–2499	260	28.5	1	3.8	0	0.0	3.8	3.8
2500-2999	310	34.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3000-3499	123	13.5	0	0.0	1	8.1	8.1	8.1
3500-3999	16	1.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4000-4499	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	913	100	8	8.7	15	16.4	25.0	20.7

*Note:* The 2005 dataset includes one multiple birth for which sex was recorded as 'indeterminate' or 'unknown'. This birth is excluded from Tables 3.23 and 3.24.

Table 3.25 Gestational Age at Delivery Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Gestational Age (weeks)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
22–27	49	2.6	8	140.4	14	285.7	386.0	363.6
28–31	92	4.9	7	70.7	5	54.3	121.2	103.1
32–36	700	37.7	6	8.5	5	7.1	15.6	10.0
37–41	1,018	54.8	4	3.9	6	5.9	9.8	5.9
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

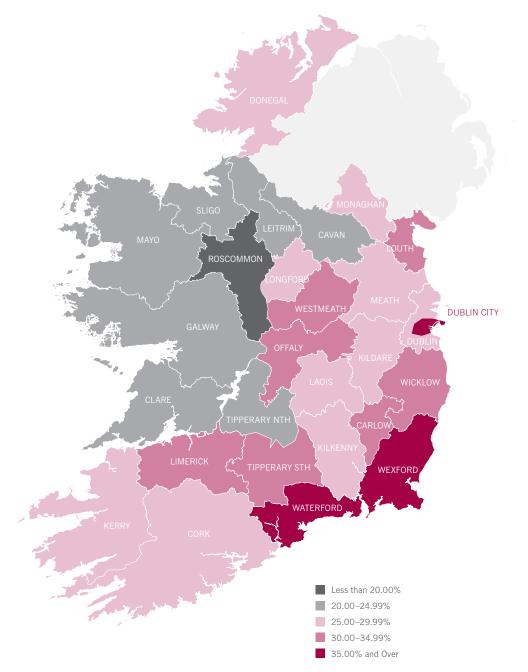
Table 3.26 Interval in Years Since Last Birth Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Interval Since Last Birth	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
No previous births	755	40.6	12	15.6	16	21.2	36.5	28.9
1 year or less	36	1.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
>1 year to 2 years	221	11.9	1	4.5	0	0.0	4.5	0.0
>2 years to 3 years	276	14.8	6	21.3	2	7.2	28.4	21.4
>3 years to 4 years	179	9.6	0	0.0	2	11.2	11.2	11.2
>4 years to 5 years	126	6.8	0	0.0	4	31.7	31.7	24.0
>5 years to 6 years	71	3.8	2	27.4	2	28.2	54.8	54.8
More than 6 years	189	10.2	4	20.7	4	21.2	41.5	31.4
Not Stated	6	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Table 3.27 Month of Birth Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Month of Birth	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
January	172	9.3	3	17.1	2	11.6	28.6	17.3
February	135	7.3	0	0.0	4	29.6	29.6	7.6
March	168	9.0	1	5.9	3	17.9	23.7	23.7
April	170	9.1	3	17.3	4	23.5	40.5	17.8
May	140	7.5	1	7.1	0	0.0	7.1	7.1
June	162	8.7	0	0.0	2	12.3	12.3	12.3
July	181	9.7	0	0.0	4	22.1	22.1	16.7
August	129	6.9	4	30.1	3	23.3	52.6	52.6
September	152	8.2	2	13.0	3	19.7	32.5	32.5
October	134	7.2	2	14.7	0	0.0	14.7	7.4
November	190	10.2	4	20.6	3	15.8	36.1	36.1
December	126	6.8	5	38.2	2	15.9	53.4	46.2
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Figure 3.10
Percentage of Total Births to Single Mothers by Mother's County of Residence, 2005
Singleton and Multiple Live Births and Stillbirths



Note: See Appendix G, Table G18 for data. Example: of all births to mothers resident in Meath, 25.0% were to single mothers.

**Table 3.28** 

Mother's Nationality Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Mother's Nationality	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live	Per Cen Mothe	Per Cent (%) Live Births by Mother's Marital Status	rths by tatus	Stillbirths	Per Cent (%)	Per Ce Mothe	Per Cent (%) Stillbirth by Mother's Marital Status	rth by tatus	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal	Early Neonatal	Perinatal Mortality	Adjusted PMR
		Silling	Married	Never Married	Other*		SILLIDILLIS	Married	Never Married	Other *		Deaths	rate	Kate	
Ireland	1,581	85.0	0.79	16.4	1.6	21	84.0	64.0	20.0	0.0	13.1	27	17.1	30.0	24.5
Ϋ́	74	4.0	2.4	1.1	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1	13.5	13.5	0.0
EU15 (excluding Ireland & UK)	0	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	П	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0	0.0	100.0	100.0
EU15 to EU25 Accession States	21	1.1	0.3	0.8	0.1	1	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	45.5	0	0.0	45.5	45.5
Rest of Europe	25	1.3	1.0	0.2	0.2	П	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	38.5	П	40.0	76.9	0.0
Africa	79	4.2	3.3	0.7	0.2	П	4.0	0.0	4.0	0.0	12.5	0	0.0	12.5	12.5
Asia	38	2.0	1.6	0.4	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	П	26.3	26.3	26.3
America	10	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	22	1.2	6.0	0.3	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	77.1	20.3	2.6	25	100	76.0	24.0	0.0	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

\* Including divorced, married but separated, widowed, not stated.

Note: See Appendix F for a description of the classification system employed for nationalities.

Table 3.29
Father's Nationality
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005

Multiple Births

Father's Nationality	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Per Cen Mothe	Per Cent (%) Live Births by Mother's Marital Status	rths by tatus	Stillbirths	Per Cent (%) Stillbirths	Per Ce Mothe	Per Cent (%) Stillbirth by Mother's Marital Status	irth by tatus	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
			Married	Never Married	Other*			Married	Never Married	Other *					
Ireland	1,289	69.3	65.0	3.9	0.4	17	0.89	0.89	0.0	0.0	13.0	15	11.6	24.5	20.0
UK	09	3.2	2.8	0.2	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EU15 (excluding Ireland & UK)	4	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
EU15 to EU25 Accession States	14	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rest of Europe	27	1.5	1.3	0.0	0.2	1	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	35.7	П	37.0	71.4	0.0
Africa	28	3.1	2.9	0.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Asia	22	1.2	1.1	0.1	0.0	1	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	43.5	П	45.5	87.0	87.0
America	∞	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Australia	4	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	52	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	П	19.2	19.2	0.0
Not Applicable	321	17.3	0.0	15.5	1.8	9	24.0	0.0	24.0	0.0	18.3	12	37.4	55.0	46.3
Total	1,859	100	77.1	20.3	2.6	25	100	76.0	24.0	0.0	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

\* Including divorced, married but separated, widowed, not stated.

Notes: See Appendix F for a description of the classification system employed for nationalities.

'Not Applicable' applies to father's nationality only. Where mother's marital status is recorded as 'never married', 'widowed', 'separated' or 'divorced' the GRO does not require father's details to register the birth. This information is, therefore, generally not provided in these circumstances.

Perinatal Care

**SECTION** 

4

### Introduction

This section presents a detailed review on aspects of perinatal care for the mother and infant. Part 1 reports on perinatal care for singleton births and Part 2 on multiple births. The following tables outline data for live births, stillbirths and early neonatal deaths, together with their corresponding rates. The perinatal mortality rate and adjusted perinatal mortality rate are also outlined in each table. Tables and figures are presented in some detail for a number of variables, including type of antenatal care, mother's antenatal and postnatal length of stay, method of delivery, mother's immunity to rubella, and type of feeding.

### Part 1: Singleton Births

Table 4.1

Type of Antenatal Care

Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005

Singleton Births

Type of Antenatal Care	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Hospital/ Obstetrician	12,575	21.1	93	7.3	26	2.1	9.4	6.8
General Practitioner Only	142	0.2	3	20.7	0	0.0	20.7	20.7
Hospital and G.P. Combined	46,305	77.7	178	3.8	78	1.7	5.5	4.1
None	210	0.4	6	27.8	2	9.5	37.0	28.0
Midwife Only	332	0.6	1	3.0	0	0.0	3.0	3.0
Unknown	57	0.1	0	0.0	3	52.6	52.6	52.6
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Table 4.2 Mother's Length of Stay in Hospital Prior to Delivery Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

Antenatal Length of Stay	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0-1 Days	53,286	89.6	231	4.3	87	1.6	5.9	4.4
2 Days	3,184	5.4	25	7.8	7	2.2	10.0	7.2
3-5 Days	1,860	3.1	14	7.5	6	3.2	10.7	7.0
6-8 Days	486	0.8	3	6.1	2	4.1	10.2	8.2
9-11 Days	177	0.3	3	16.7	0	0.0	16.7	11.2
12-14 Days	123	0.2	1	8.1	1	8.1	16.1	16.1
More than 2 Weeks	278	0.5	4	14.2	6	21.6	35.5	28.6
Not Stated	44	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	59,438	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Notes: 'Not Stated' includes 31 births where place of birth was recorded as domiciliary but birth was registered by a hospital. Mother was not admitted, or was admitted post delivery, under a planned community midwife scheme. Therefore, dates of mother's antenatal length of stay were not applicable. There were 11 births where place of birth was recorded as 'Born Before Arrival'. Mother's admission date was after the infant's date of birth. Therefore, antenatal length of stay was not applicable. There were 2 births where mother's admission was not stated.

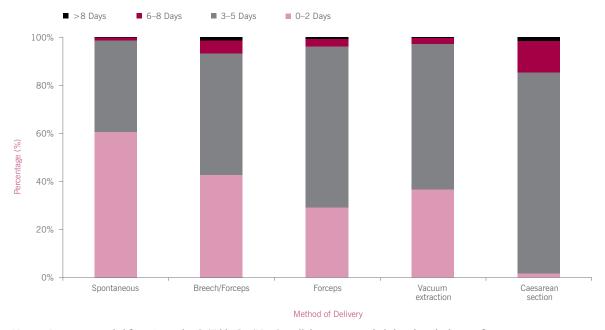
Domiciliary births, of which there were 183, are excluded from this table. See Appendix H for detailed analysis.

Table 4.3 Mother's Length of Stay in Hospital After Delivery Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

Postnatal Length of Stay	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0-1 Days	8,500	14.3	156	18.0	48	5.6	23.6	16.9
2 Days	16,429	27.6	62	3.8	14	0.9	4.6	3.5
3-5 Days	31,557	53.1	52	1.6	42	1.3	3.0	2.2
6-8 Days	2,594	4.4	7	2.7	3	1.2	3.8	3.1
9-11 Days	233	0.4	2	8.5	0	0.0	8.5	8.5
12-14 Days	45	0.1	1	21.7	1	22.2	43.5	43.5
More than 2 Weeks	47	0.1	1	20.8	1	21.3	41.7	41.7
Not Stated	33	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	59,438	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Notes: 'Not Stated' includes 30 births where place of birth was recorded as domiciliary but birth was registered by a hospital. Mother was not admitted under a planned community midwife scheme. Therefore, dates of mother's length of stay were not applicable. Domiciliary births, of which there were 183, are excluded from this table. See Appendix H for detailed analysis.

Figure 4.1 Mothers Postnatal Length of Stay: Cumulative Percentages by Method of Delivery, 2005 Singleton Births



Note: Data are compiled from Appendix G, Table G9. 'Not Stated' data are not included in the calculation of percentages.

Table 4.4 Method of Delivery Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

Method of Delivery	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Spontaneous	35,799	60.0	209	5.8	62	1.7	7.5	5.8
Breech/Forceps	180	0.3	31	146.9	6	33.3	175.4	125.6
Forceps	1,700	2.9	3	1.8	1	0.6	2.3	1.8
Vacuum extraction	7,058	11.8	6	0.8	3	0.4	1.3	1.0
Caesarean section	14,820	24.9	29	2.0	36	2.4	4.4	2.9
Other specified & combined	60	0.1	3	47.6	1	16.7	63.5	32.8
Not stated	4	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	59,621	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Table 4.5 Advance Hospital Bookings Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton Births

Advance Hospital Bookings	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Booked	58,509	98.4	266	4.5	95	1.6	6.1	4.5
Not Booked	871	1.5	15	16.9	12	13.8	30.5	26.1
Not Stated	58	0.1	0	0.0	2	34.5	34.5	34.5
Total	59,438	100	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

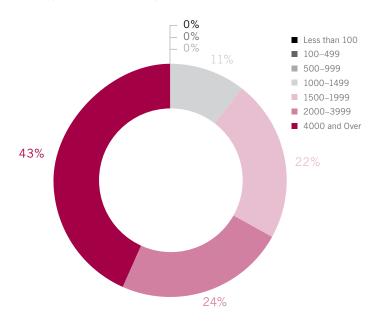
Notes: 'Not Stated' includes 29 births where place of birth was recorded as domiciliary but birth was registered by a hospital. Mother was not admitted under a planned community midwife scheme. Therefore, hospital bookings were not applicable.

Domiciliary births, of which there were 183, are excluded from this table. See Appendix H for detailed analysis.

Table 4.6
Size of Maternity Unit (number of live births and stillbirths annually)
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005

Size of Maternity Unit	Number of Hospitals	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Less than 100	2	3	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
100-499	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
500-999	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1000–1499	5	6,469	10.6	37	5.7	12	1.9	7.5	5.4
1500-1999	8	13,714	22.4	58	4.2	22	1.6	5.8	4.5
2000–3999	5	14,486	23.6	67	4.6	34	2.3	6.9	5.1
4000 and Over	4	26,625	43.4	144	5.4	71	2.7	8.0	6.0
Total	24	61,297	100	306	5.0	139	2.3	7.2	5.4

Figure 4.2
Percentage of Live Births by Size of Maternity Unit, 2005



*Note:* See Table 4.6 for data. The size of unit refers to the number of live births and stillbirths occurring in 2005.

Table 4.7 Inter-Hospital Transfer of Infants Live Births, Early Neonatal Deaths and Mortality Rate, 2005 Singleton Births

Infant Transfer	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate
Transferred	350	0.6	4	11.4
Not Transferred	58,976	99.2	104	1.8
Not stated	112	0.2	1	8.9
Total	59,438	100	109	1.8

*Notes:* 'Not Stated' includes 30 births where place of birth was recorded as domiciliary but birth was registered by a hospital. Mother was not admitted under a planned community midwife scheme. Therefore, transfer indicators were not applicable.

Domiciliary births, of which there were 183, are excluded from this table. See Appendix H for detailed analysis.

Table 4.8
Rubella: Immune Status of Mother, Numbers and Percentages, 2005

Rubella	Frequency	Per Cent (%)		
Immune	54,079	90.3		
Not Immune	1,633	2.7		
Unknown	4,166	7.0		
Not Stated	24	0.0		
Total	59,902	100		

Table 4.9

Age of Mother by Infant's Type of Feeding, Numbers and Percentages, 2005

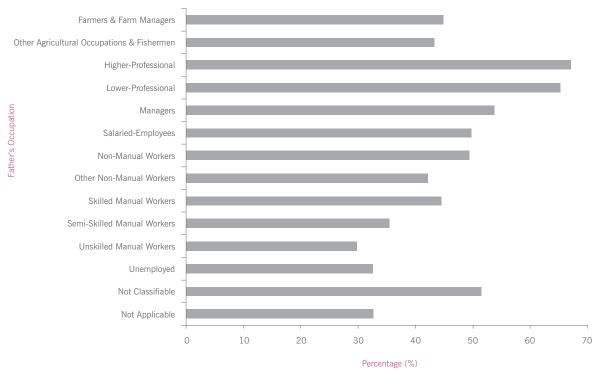
Singleton Births

Age of Mother			Type of Feeding		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Artificial	Breast	Combined	Not Stated	Total
Under 15 Years	4	2	0	0	6
	66.7	33.3	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15-19 Years	1,796	524	56	5	2,381
	75.4	22.0	2.4	0.2	100.0
	5.8	2.0	2.7	5.6	4.0
20-24 Years	4,885	2,484	225	15	7,609
	64.2	32.6	3.0	0.2	100.0
	15.8	9.4	10.7	16.7	12.8
25-29 Years	7,171	5,646	494	19	13,330
	53.8	42.4	3.7	0.1	100.0
	23.1	21.4	23.4	21.1	22.4
30-34 Years	10,084	10,096	779	32	20,991
	48.0	48.1	3.7	0.2	100.0
	32.5	38.2	36.9	35.6	35.2
35-39 Years	5,938	6,365	454	13	12,770
	46.5	49.8	3.6	0.1	100.0
	19.1	24.1	21.5	14.4	21.4
40-44 Years	1,068	1,247	99	6	2,420
	44.1	51.5	4.1	0.2	100.0
	3.4	4.7	4.7	6.7	4.1
45 Years and Over	33	33	3	0	69
	47.8	47.8	4.3	0.0	100.0
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Not Stated	31	13	1	0	45
	68.9	28.9	2.2	0.0	100.0
	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Total	31,010	26,410	2,111	90	59,621
	52.0	44.3	3.5	0.2	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

 $\textit{Notes:} \quad \text{See Appendix G for an explanation of the table format.}$ 

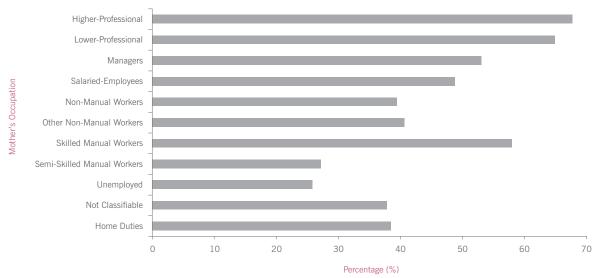
<sup>&#</sup>x27;Not Stated' contains 78 early neonatal deaths for which type of feeding was not stated.

Figure 4.3
Percentage of Mothers Breastfeeding by Father's Occupation, 2005
Singleton Births



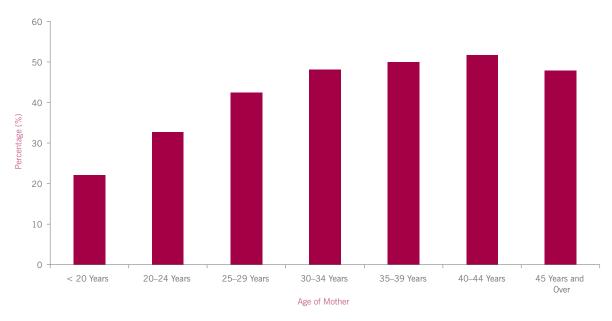
**Notes:** Data are compiled from Appendix G, Table G15. 'Not Stated' data are not included in the calculation of percentages. Categories where percentages would be based on <100 live births are not included in this graph.

Figure 4.4
Percentage of Mothers Breastfeeding by Mother's Occupation, 2005
Singleton Births



**Notes:** Data are compiled from Appendix G, Table G16. 'Not Stated' data are not included in the calculation of percentages. Categories where percentages would be based on <100 live births are not included in this graph.

Figure 4.5
Percentage of Mothers Breastfeeding by Age of Mother, 2005
Singleton Births



Note: See Table 4.9 for data. 'Not Stated' data are not included in the calculation of percentages.

# Part 2: Multiple Births

Table 4.10
Type of Antenatal Care
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Multiple Births

Type of Antenatal Care	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Hospital/Obstetrician	650	35.0	10	15.2	12	18.5	33.3	21.5
General Practitioner Only	4	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hospital and G.P. Combined	1,195	64.3	15	12.4	16	13.4	25.6	22.4
None	6	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unknown	4	0.2	0	0.0	2	500.0	500.0	500.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Table 4.11 Mother's Length of Stay in Hospital Prior to Delivery Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Antenatal Length of Stay	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0-1 Days	1,393	74.9	17	12.1	19	13.6	25.5	19.3
2 Days	116	6.2	3	25.2	1	8.6	33.6	25.4
3-5 Days	145	7.8	5	33.3	2	13.8	46.7	33.8
6–8 Days	79	4.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9-11 Days	32	1.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12-14 Days	16	0.9	0	0.0	1	62.5	62.5	62.5
More than 2 Weeks	78	4.2	0	0.0	7	89.7	89.7	89.7
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

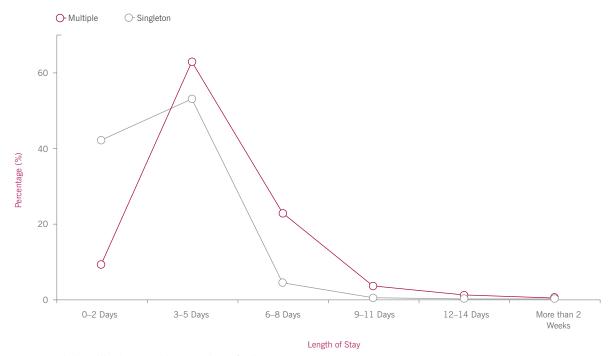
*Note:* There were no domiciliary multiple births.

Table 4.12 Mother's Length of Stay in Hospital After Delivery Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Postnatal Length of Stay	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0-1 Days	35	1.9	2	54.1	1	28.6	81.1	55.6
2 Days	133	7.2	6	43.2	5	37.6	79.1	72.5
3-5 Days	1,172	63.0	10	8.5	20	17.1	25.4	18.7
6-8 Days	424	22.8	5	11.7	2	4.7	16.3	14.0
9-11 Days	65	3.5	2	29.9	0	0.0	29.9	15.2
12-14 Days	22	1.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
More than 2 Weeks	6	0.3	0	0.0	2	333.3	333.3	333.3
Not Stated	2	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

**Note:** There were no domiciliary multiple births.

Figure 4.6
Percentage Distribution of Births by Mother's Postnatal Length of Stay in Days, 2005



Notes: Includes stillbirths. See Tables 4.3 and 4.12 for data.

'Not Stated' data are not included in the calculation of percentages.

Table 4.13 Method of Delivery Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Method of Delivery	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Spontaneous	474	25.5	4	8.4	8	16.9	25.1	18.9
Breech/Forceps	71	3.8	4	53.3	0	0.0	53.3	53.3
Forceps	31	1.7	0	0.0	2	64.5	64.5	64.5
Vacuum extraction	152	8.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Caesarean section	1,123	60.4	15	13.2	20	17.8	30.8	23.0
Other specified & combined	7	0.4	2	222.2	0	0.0	222.2	222.2
Not stated	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Table 4.14 Advance Hospital Bookings Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Multiple Births

Advance Hospital Bookings	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Booked	1,785	96.0	25	13.8	23	12.9	26.5	20.0
Not Booked	74	4.0	0	0.0	7	94.6	94.6	94.6
Total	1,859	100	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Note: There were no domiciliary multiple births.

Table 4.15
Inter-Hospital Transfer of Infants
Live Births, Early Neonatal Deaths and Mortality Rate, 2005
Multiple Births

Infant Transfer	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate
Transferred	61	3.3	5	82.0
Not Transferred	1,786	96.1	25	14.0
Not stated	12	0.6	0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	30	16.1

*Note:* There were no domiciliary multiple births.

Table 4.16 Rubella: Immune Status of Mother, Numbers and Percentages, 2005 Multiple Births

Rubella	Frequency	Per Cent (%)		
Immune	1,630	86.5		
Not Immune	57	3.0		
Unknown	197	10.5		
Total	1,884	100		

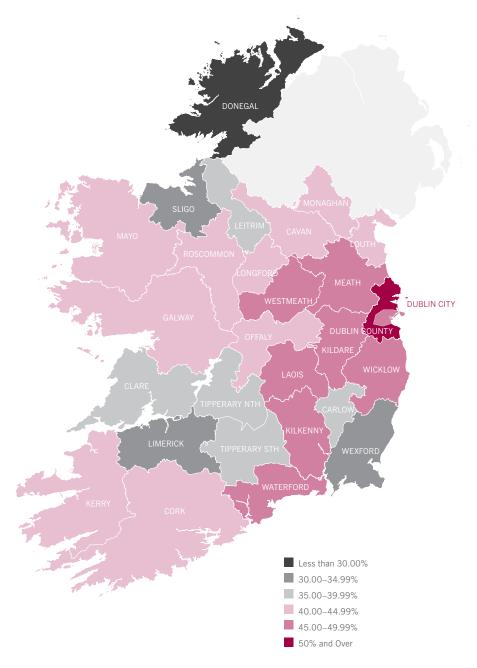
Table 4.17 Age of Mother by Infant's Type of Feeding, Numbers and Percentages, 2005 Multiple Births

Age of Mother			Type of Feeding		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Artificial	Breast	Combined	Not Stated	Total
15-19 Years	17	6	0	0	23
	73.9	26.1	0.0	0.0	100.0
	1.4	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.2
20-24 Years	126	40	0	5	171
	73.7	23.4	0.0	2.9	100.0
	10.7	7.7	0.0	26.3	9.2
25-29 Years	229	81	28	5	343
	66.8	23.6	8.2	1.5	100.0
	19.4	15.6	20.1	26.3	18.5
30-34 Years	418	164	62	5	649
	64.4	25.3	9.6	0.8	100.0
	35.4	31.6	44.6	26.3	34.9
35-39 Years	335	194	43	4	576
	58.2	33.7	7.5	0.7	100.0
	28.3	37.4	30.9	21.1	31.0
40-44 Years	50	31	4	0	85
	58.8	36.5	4.7	0.0	100.0
	4.2	6.0	2.9	0.0	4.6
45 Years and Over	7	3	2	0	12
	58.3	25.0	16.7	0.0	100.0
	0.6	0.6	1.4	0.0	0.6
Total	1,182	519	139	19	1,859
	63.6	27.9	7.5	1.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

*Notes:* See Appendix G for an explanation of the table format.

'Not Stated' contains 18 early neonatal deaths for which type of feeding was not stated.

Figure 4.7
Percentage Distribution of Breastfed Infants by Mother's County of Residence, 2005
Singleton and Multiple Live Births



Note: See Appendix G, Table G19 for data. Example: of all live born infants to mothers resident in Carlow, 38.9% were breastfed.

Perinatal Outcomes

SECTION SECTION

### Introduction

This section presents a detailed review on aspects of perinatal outcomes for the infant. Part 1 reports on perinatal outcomes for singleton births and Part 2 on multiple births. Cause of death is examined in greater detail according to the guidelines set out by the World Health Organisation in the Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases. The following tables outline data for live births, antepartum and intrapartum stillbirths, and early neonatal deaths, together with their corresponding rates. Mortality numbers and rates are presented by birthweight and cause of death. Age at death for early neonatal deaths and post-mortem analysis are also outlined.

The NPRS dataset collects data on morbidity and mortality on mothers giving birth and their babies. The NPRS coders are trained in ICD-10 coding practices, with particular focus on chapters *Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium, Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period* and *Congenital malformation, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities* (Chapters XV–XVII). The Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases came into effect for births on 1 January 2005 onwards. See Appendix D for a detailed description on cause of death classification and coding rules applied by coders in the NPRS Unit at the ESRI.

# Part 1: Singleton Births

Table 5.1 Live Births, Antepartum and Intrapartum Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates by Birthweight, 2005 Singleton Births

Birthweight (grams)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Antepartum Stillbirths	Intrapartum Stillbirths	Not Stated	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
500–749	57	0.1	38	3	2	430.0	29	508.8	720.0	708.3
750–999	69	0.1	19	2	2	250.0	7	101.4	326.1	261.9
1000–1249	115	0.2	15	1	2	135.3	11	95.7	218.0	161.3
1250–1499	130	0.2	18	1	1	133.3	8	61.5	186.7	102.9
1500–1999	458	0.8	34	3	5	84.0	15	32.8	114.0	80.9
2000–2499	1,412	2.4	33	2	2	25.5	13	9.2	34.5	21.7
2500–2999	6,663	11.2	38	2	3	6.4	17	2.6	8.9	5.8
3000-3499	19,355	32.5	24	3	3	1.5	5	0.3	1.8	1.5
3500-3999	21,059	35.3	14	1	0	0.7	3	0.1	0.9	0.7
4000-4499	8,525	14.3	7	0	0	0.8	0	0.0	0.8	0.8
4500 and Over	1,777	3.0	1	1	0	1.1	0	0.0	1.1	1.1
Not Stated	1	0.0	0	0	1	500.0	1	1000.0	1000.0	1000.0
Total	59,621	100	241	19	21	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Table 5.2 Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths and Mortality Rates by Cause of Death, 2005 Singleton Births

Cause of Death	ICD-10 Code	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Total Deaths	Perinatal Mortality Rate
Foetus and newborn affected by maternal factors and by complications of pregnancy, labour and delivery	P00-P04	82	1.4	2	0.0	84	1.4
Foetus and newborn affected by maternal conditions that may be unrelated to present pregnancy	P00.0-P00.9	10	0.2	0	0.0	10	0.2
Foetus and newborn affected by complications of placenta, cord and membranes	P02.0-P02.9	67	1.1	2	0.0	69	1.2
Disorders related to length of gestation and foetal growth	P05-P08	27	0.5	31	0.5	58	1.0
Slow foetal growth and foetal malnutrition	P05.0-P05.9	4	0.1	0	0.0	4	0.1
Disorders related to short gestation and low birthweight, not elsewhere classified	P07.0-P07.3	23	0.4	31	0.5	54	0.9
Birth trauma	P10-P15	0	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0
Respiratory and cardiovascular disorders specific to the perinatal period	P20-P29	36	0.6	16	0.3	52	0.9
Intrauterine hypoxia	P20.0-P20.9	30	0.5	0	0.0	30	0.5
Birth asphyxia	P21.0-P21.9	0	0.0	5	0.1	5	0.1
Other respiratory conditions originating in the perinatal period	P28.0-P28.9	1	0.0	7	0.1	8	0.1
Cardiovascular disorders originating in the perinatal period	P29.0-P29.9	4	0.1	0	0.0	4	0.1
Infections specific to the perinatal period	P35-P39	9	0.2	3	0.1	12	0.2
Bacterial sepsis of newborn	P36.0-P36.9	3	0.1	2	0.0	5	0.1
Haemorrhagic and haematological disorders of foetus and newborn	P50-P61	4	0.1	1	0.0	5	0.1
Transitory endocrine and metabolic disorders specific to foetus and newborn	P70-P74	4	0.1	0	0.0	4	0.1
Conditions involving the integument and temperature regulation of foetus and newborn	P80-P83	9	0.2	2	0.0	11	0.2
Other disorders originating in the perinatal period	P90-P96	56	0.9	3	0.1	59	1.0
Symptoms, signs and ill-defined conditions	P95, P96.9	56	0.9	1	0.0	57	1.0
Congenital malformations of the nervous system	Q00-Q07	11	0.2	12	0.2	23	0.4
Anencephaly and similar malformations	Q00.0-Q00.2	9	0.2	7	0.1	16	0.3
Congenital malformations of the circulatory system	Q20-Q28	9	0.2	4	0.1	13	0.2
Other congenital malformations of heart	Q24.0-Q24.9	4	0.1	3	0.1	7	0.1

Table 5.2 (continued)

Cause of Death	ICD-10 Code	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Total Deaths	Perinatal Mortality Rate
Congenital malformations of the respiratory system	Q30-Q34	1	0.0	4	0.1	5	0.1
Cleft lip and cleft palate	Q35-Q37	0	0.0	1	0.0	1	0.0
Other congenital malformations of the digestive system	Q38-Q45	1	0.0	2	0.0	3	0.1
Congenital malformations of the urinary system	Q60-Q64	4	0.1	7	0.1	11	0.2
Renal agenesis and other reduction defects of kidney	Q60.0-Q60.6	3	0.1	6	0.1	9	0.2
Congenital malformations and deformations of the musculoskeletal system	Q65-Q79	1	0.0	8	0.1	9	0.2
Congenital malformations of musculoskeletal system, not elsewhere classified	Q79.0-Q79.9	0	0.0	5	0.1	5	0.1
Other congenital malformations	Q80-Q89	11	0.2	3	0.1	14	0.2
Other congenital malformations, not elsewhere classified	Q89.0-Q89.9	10	0.2	3	0.1	13	0.2
Chromosomal abnormalities, not elsewhere classified	Q90-Q99	15	0.3	9	0.2	24	0.4
Down's syndrome	Q90.0-Q90.9	4	0.1	0	0.0	4	0.1
Edward's syndrome and Patau's syndrome	Q91.0-Q91.7	9	0.2	8	0.1	17	0.3
All other causes	A00.0-099.9, R00.0-Z99.9	1	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.0
Total	-	281	4.7	109	1.8	390	6.5

 Table 5.3

 Perinatal Mortality, Numbers and Rates, by Birthweight and Cause of Death, 2005

 Singleton Births

Cause of Death	ICD-10 Code							Birthw	Birthweight (grams)	ns)					
			500– 749	750– 999	1000- 1249	1250– 1499	1500– 1999	2000– 2499	2500– 2999	3000- 3499	3500- 3999	4000– 4499	4500 and Over	Not Stated	Total
Foetus and newborn affected	P00-P04 Nu	Number	10	7	2	2	13	11	19	6	4	0	0	1	84
by maternal factors and by complications of pregnancy, labour and delivery		Rate	100.0	76.1	37.6	33.3	26.0	7.6	2.8	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	500.0	1.4
Disorders related to length of	P05-P08 Nui	Number	37	2	9	က	Ŋ	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	28
gestation and foetal growth		Rate	370.0	54.3	45.1	20.0	10.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
Birth trauma	P10-P15 Nul	Number	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	П	0	0	0	0	П
		Rate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Respiratory and cardiovascular	P20-P29	Number	10	1	က	П	∞	12	က	7	က	2	2	0	52
disorders specific to the perinatal period		Rate	100.0	10.9	22.6	6.7	16.0	8.3	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.2	1.1	0.0	6.0
Infections specific to the	P35-P39 Nui	Number	2	2	П	2	П	П	0	ന	0	0	0	0	12
perinatal period		Rate	20.0	21.7	7.5	13.3	2.0	0.7	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Haemorrhagic and	P50-P61 Nui	Number	0	0	П	0	0	0	2	П	0	1	0	0	2
naematological disorders of foetus and newborn		Rate	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
Transitory endocrine and	P70-P74 Nui	Number	0	1	0	0	П	0	П	1	0	0	0	0	4
metabolic disorders specific to foetus and newborn		Rate	0.0	10.9	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0:0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Conditions involving the	P80-P83 Nui	Number	2	2	2	0	2	П	П	0	1	0	0	0	11
integument and temperature regulation of foetus and newborn		Rate	20.0	21.7	15.0	0.0	4.0	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Other disorders originating in	P90-P94.9, Nul	Number	0	0	0	1	0	0	П	0	0	0	0	0	2
the perinatal period		Rate	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Symptoms, signs and ill-	P95, P96.9 Nul	Number	7	m	2	2	6	9	10	∞	9	4	0	0	27
defined conditions		Rate	70.0	32.6	15.0	13.3	18.0	4.1	1.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.0

Table 5.3 (continued)

Cause of Death	ICD-10 Code							Birthv	Birthweight (grams)	ns)					
			500– 749	750– 999	1000– 1249	1250– 1499	1500– 1999	2000– 2499	2500– 2999	3000– 3499	3500- 3999	4000– 4499	4500 and Over	Not Stated	Total
Congenital malformations of	Q00-Q07	Number	1	2	С	1	1	∞	2	2	0	0	0	0	23
the nervous system		Rate	10.0	21.7	22.6	6.7	2.0	5.5	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Congenital malformations of	Q20-Q28	Number	2	0	2	П	2	0	ന	2	П	0	0	0	13
the circulatory system		Rate	20.0	0.0	15.0	6.7	4.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Congenital malformations of	Q30-Q34	Number	0	0	П	0	0	П	2	П	0	0	0	0	Ŋ
the respiratory system		Rate	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Cleft lip and cleft palate	Q35-Q37	Number	0	0	0	0	0	0	П	0	0	0	0	0	1
		Rate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other congenital malformations	Q38-Q45	Number	0	0	0	Н	0	0	Н	0	1	0	0	0	m
of the digestive system		Rate	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Congenital malformations of	Q60-Q64	Number	0	П	0	П	5	П	2	0	0	0	0	П	11
tne urinary system		Rate	0.0	10.9	0.0	6.7	10.0	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	500.0	0.2
Congenital malformations	Q65-Q79	Number	0	0	1	0	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
and deformations of the musculoskeletal system		Rate	0.0	0.0	7.5	0.0	4.0	1.4	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Other congenital malformations Q80-Q89	Q80-Q89	Number	0	n	0	n	4	ന	0	0	1	0	0	0	14
		Rate	0.0	32.6	0.0	20.0	8.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Chromosomal abnormalities,	Q90-Q99	Number	П	2	7	7	4	4	m	0	1	0	0	0	24
not elsewnere classified		Rate	10.0	21.7	15.0	46.7	8.0	2.8	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
All other causes	A00.0-099.9,	Number	0	П	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>,</b> —1
	K00.0-299.9	Rate	0.0	10.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
All causes of perinatal		Number	72	30	29	28	22	20	09	35	18	7	2	2	390
mortality		Rate	720.0	326.1	218.0	186.7	114.0	34.5	8.9	1.8	6.0	0.8	1.1	1000.0	6.5

Table 5.4 Age at Death Early Neonatal Deaths, 2005 Singleton Births

Time	Frequency	Per Cent (%)
Completed Hours		
<1	26	23.9
1	21	19.3
2	10	9.2
3	3	2.8
4	5	4.6
5	1	0.9
6	2	1.8
7	1	0.9
8	4	3.7
9	4	3.7
11	1	0.9
12	1	0.9
18	1	0.9
19	1	0.9
Total under 1 Day	81	74.3
Completed Days		
1	8	7.3
2	6	5.5
3	2	1.8
4	4	3.7
5	5	4.6
6	3	2.8
Total under 1 Week	28	25.7
Total	109	100

Table 5.5
Percentage Distribution of Live Births by Infant's Length of Stay in Hospital, 2005
Singleton Births

Infant's Length of Stay (Days)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births
0–2	24,513	41.3
3–5	30,441	51.3
6–10	3,060	5.2
11–28	896	1.5
29 or more	380	0.6
Not stated	39	0.1
Total	59,329	100

**Notes:** This table does not include domiciliary births and early neonatal deaths.

'Not stated' includes 31 births were place of birth was recorded as domiciliary but birth was registered by a hospital. Infant was not admitted under a planned community midwife scheme. Therefore, infant's length of stay was not applicable.

Table 5.6
Percentage of Stillbirths and Early Neonatal Deaths undergoing Post-Mortem Examinations, 2005
Singleton Births

Post-Mortem		Type of Death	
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Early Neonatal Deaths	Stillbirths	Total
Post-Mortem	27	131	158
	17.1	82.9	100.0
	24.8	46.6	40.5
No Post-Mortem	74	145	219
	33.8	66.2	100.0
	67.9	51.6	56.2
Not Stated	8	5	13
	61.5	38.5	100.0
	7.3	1.8	3.3
Total	109	281	390
	27.9	72.1	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0

*Note:* See appendix G for an explanation of the table format.

# Part 2: Multiple Births

Table 5.7
Live Births, Antepartum and Intrapartum Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates by Birthweight, 2005
Multiple Births

Birthweight (grams)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Antepartum Stillbirths	Intrapartum Stillbirths	Not Stated	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
500–749	19	1.0	6	1	0	269.2	7	368.4	538.5	520.0
750–999	30	1.6	5	0	0	142.9	4	133.3	257.1	212.1
1000-1249	44	2.4	0	0	0	0.0	6	136.4	136.4	116.3
1250-1499	51	2.7	3	0	0	55.6	4	78.4	129.6	96.2
1500–1999	227	12.2	3	0	1	17.3	3	13.2	30.3	26.1
2000–2499	477	25.7	5	0	0	10.4	1	2.1	12.5	8.3
2500–2999	678	36.5	0	0	0	0.0	2	3.0	3.0	3.0
3000-3499	269	14.5	0	0	0	0.0	1	3.7	3.7	3.7
3500-3999	61	3.3	1	0	0	16.1	2	32.8	48.4	0.0
4000-4499	3	0.2	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1,859	100	23	1	1	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Table 5.8 Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths and Mortality Rates by Cause of Death, 2005 Multiple Births

Cause of Death	ICD-10 Code	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Total Deaths	Perinatal Mortality Rate
Foetus and newborn affected by maternal factors and by complications of pregnancy, labour and delivery	P00-P04	10	5.3	1	0.5	11	5.8
Disorders related to length of gestation and foetal growth	P05-P08	3	1.6	9	4.8	12	6.4
Birth trauma	P10-P15	0	0.0	1	0.5	1	0.5
Respiratory and cardiovascular disorders specific to the perinatal period	P20-P29	2	1.1	7	3.8	9	4.8
Infections specific to the perinatal period	P35-P39	1	0.5	0	0.0	1	0.5
Haemorrhagic and haematological disorders of foetus and newborn	P50-P61	1	0.5	3	1.6	4	2.1
Transitory endocrine and metabolic disorders specific to foetus and newborn	P70-P74	0	0.0	1	0.5	1	0.5
Conditions involving the integument and temperature regulation of foetus and newborn	P80-P83	1	0.5	0	0.0	1	0.5
Other disorders originating in the perinatal period	P90-P96	3	1.6	0	0.0	3	1.6
Congenital malformations of the nervous system	Q00-Q07	0	0.0	1	0.5	1	0.5
Congenital malformations of the respiratory system	Q30-Q34	0	0.0	1	0.5	1	0.5
Congenital malformations and deformations of the musculoskeletal system	Q65-Q79	1	0.5	1	0.5	2	1.1
Other congenital malformations	Q80-Q89	2	1.1	5	2.7	7	3.7
Chromosomal abnormalities, not elsewhere classified	Q90-Q99	1	0.5	0	0.0	1	0.5
Total	-	25	13.3	30	16.1	55	29.2

 Table 5.9

 Numbers of Perinatal Deaths by Birthweight and Cause of Death, 2005

 Multiple Births

Cause of Death	ICD-10					Birthweight (grams)	grams)				
	apoo	500–749	750–999	1000–1249	1250–1499	1500–1999	2000–2499	2500–2999	3000–3499	3500–3999	Total
Foetus and newborn affected by maternal factors and by complications of pregnancy, labour and delivery	P00-P04	5	2	0	r	1	0	0	0	0	11
Disorders related to length of gestation and foetal growth	P05-P08	∞	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	12
Birth trauma	P10-P15	0	0	0	0	П	0	0	0	0	₩
Respiratory and cardiovascular disorders specific to the perinatal period	P20-P29	0	N	m	Ν.	0	П	П	0	0	0
Infections specific to the perinatal period	P35-P39	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	П
Haemorrhagic and haematological disorders of foetus and newborn	P50-P61	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	-1	0	4
Transitory endocrine and metabolic disorders specific to foetus and newborn	P70-P74	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	1
Conditions involving the integument and temperature regulation of foetus and newborn	P80-P83	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Symptoms, signs and ill-defined conditions	P95, P96.9	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	m
Congenital malformations of the nervous system	Q00-Q07	Н	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Н
Congenital malformations of the respiratory system	Q30-Q34	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	П
Congenital malformations and deformations of the musculoskeletal system	Q65-Q79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Other congenital malformations	Q80-Q89	0	2	0	2		0	0	0	2	7
Chromosomal abnormalities, not elsewhere classified	Q90-Q99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Total	1	14	6	9	7	7	9	2	1	က	55

Table 5.10 Age at Death Early Neonatal Deaths, 2005 Multiple Births

Time	Frequency	Per Cent (%)
Completed Hours		
<1	5	16.7
1	4	13.3
5	1	3.3
7	1	3.3
17	1	3.3
21	1	3.3
Total under 1 Day	13	43.3
Completed Days		
1	4	13.3
2	7	23.3
3	2	6.7
5	1	3.3
Total under 1 Week	14	46.7
Unknown	3	10.0
Total	30	100

Table 5.11
Percentage Distribution of Live Births by
Infant's Length of Stay in Hospital, 2005
Multiple Births

Infant's Length of Stay (Days)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births
0–2	105	5.7
3–5	865	47.3
6–10	413	22.6
11–28	332	18.2
29 or more	112	6.1
Not stated	2	0.1
Total	1,829	100

Notes: There were no domiciliary multiple births.

Early neonatal deaths are not included in this table.

Table 5.12
Percentage of Stillbirths and Early Neonatal Deaths undergoing Post-Mortem Examinations, 2005
Multiple Births

Post-Mortem		Type of Death	
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Early Neonatal Deaths	Stillbirths	Total
Post-Mortem	5	7	12
	41.7	58.3	100.0
	16.7	28.0	21.8
No Post-Mortem	25	18	43
	58.1	41.9	100.0
	83.3	72.0	78.2
Total	30	25	55
	54.5	45.5	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0

*Note:* See Appendix G for an explanation of the table format.





### **Definitions**

This section collates the definitions of the terms used in the analyses for this report.

#### **OUTCOMES AND RATES9**

**Birth Rate:** The Birth Rate or Crude Birth Rate is the ratio of total live births to total population over a specified period of time. The birth rate is often expressed as the number of live births per 1,000 of the population per year.

**Live Birth:** A live birth is defined as the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which, after such separation, breathes or shows any other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles, whether or not the umbilical cord has been cut or the placenta is attached. In accordance with World Health Organisation (WHO) guidelines, live births weighing less than 500 grams are not included in the national statistics presented in this report.

**Stillbirth and Stillbirth Rate:** Foetal death is defined as death prior to the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception, irrespective of the duration of the pregnancy. A foetal death is indicated by the fact that, after such separation, the foetus does not breathe or show any other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles. Following WHO guidelines, a stillbirth, in this report, refers to the death of a foetus weighing at least 500 grams. The **stillbirth rate** is given as follows:

Number of Stillbirths x 1,000

Total Number of Live Births and Stillbirths

Early Neonatal Death (ENND) and Early Neonatal Mortality Rate: An early neonatal death refers to the death of a live-born infant during the first week of life. The early neonatal mortality rate is calculated as follows:

Number of Early Neonatal Deaths x 1,000

Total Number of Live Births

**Perinatal Death and Perinatal Mortality Rate (PMR):** Perinatal deaths include stillbirths and early neonatal deaths. The **perinatal mortality rate (PMR)** is calculated as follows:

Number of Stillbirths and Early Neonatal Deaths x 1,000

Total Number of Live Births and Stillbirths

In this report a second perinatal mortality rate has been calculated excluding all stillbirths and early neonatal deaths due to congenital anomalies. This **adjusted rate** (**Adjusted PMR**) to some extent removes those perinatal events where death was unavoidable, but no attempt has been made to exclude only invariably fatal congenital anomalies.

**Congenital Anomalies** are physiological or structural abnormalities that develop at or before birth and are present at the time of birth. Congenital anomalies are those diseases/conditions categorised in *ICD-10*, Chapter XVII, codes Q00.0-Q99.9.

Twinning Rate: This is given by:

Number of Twin Maternities x 1,000

Total Number of Maternities

Twin maternities, which resulted in stillbirths, are included in the calculation of the twinning rate.

#### OTHER ITEMS

The definitions given below relate to the principal classification variables contained in the main section of the report and refer only to those terms where explanation is considered necessary. The definitions are grouped according to the section in which they first appear.

#### GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Born Before Arrival (BBA):** Born before arrival indicates that an infant was delivered before arrival at hospital.

**Domiciliary Birth:** Domiciliary births are *planned* home births. The vast majority of these are attended by an independent midwife and are not associated with a hospital. In 2005 there were 35 births under hospital administered home birth schemes. For the purposes of this report these births are treated as hospital births due to their small numbers.

Parity: Maternal parity indicates a mother's total number of previous live births and stillbirths.

Marital Status: Five categories are recognised as specified below:

- i. Married
- ii. Never Married<sup>10</sup>
- iii. Widowed
- iv. Separated, covering the following categories:
  - Deserted
  - Legally separated
  - Church decree of nullity
  - Otherwise separated
- v. Divorced

**Mother's and Father's Nationality:** Country of birth for mother and father. This definition is for the sole purpose of giving the necessary directions for the completion of the Birth Notification Form and is not a legal definition.

**Mother's and Father's Occupation:** Occupations are coded and grouped, with minor modifications, according to the system of socio-economic groupings as used by the Central Statistics Office in the 1991 Census of Population, Volume 6. Details are given in Appendix C.

**Birthweight:** Birthweight is given in grams and hospitals are asked to record the weight within the first hour after birth. In accordance with WHO guidelines, infants weighing under 500 grams are not included in the national statistics presented in this report.

**Period of Gestation:** Gestational age at delivery is recorded in completed weeks and is measured or estimated according to the best method available in each case.

**Time Since Last Birth:** This variable gives the time, grouped into yearly intervals, since the mother's last live birth or stillbirth.

#### PERINATAL CARE

**Antenatal Length of Stay:** This is computed as the difference, in days, between a mother's date of admission and her date of delivery. Domiciliary births are not included in tables relating to this variable.

**Postnatal Length of Stay:** This is computed as the difference, in days, between the date of delivery and the date of the mother's discharge from hospital. A return of 'not stated' for this variable may indicate that the completed form was returned before the mother had been discharged. Domiciliary births are not included in tables relating to this variable.

**Immunity to Rubella:** An affirmative answer should be recorded only where there is documented evidence of a rubella antibody test. A history of rubella or previous immunisation is not sufficient.

### Method of Delivery: Six categories are used:

- i. Spontaneous cephalic delivery, without any of the following:
- ii. Breech delivery, spontaneous, with or without forceps to after-coming head, breech extraction
- iii. Forceps delivery
- iv. Vacuum extraction<sup>11</sup>
- v. Caesarean section
- vi. Other Specified and Combined (for example, combination of spontaneous delivery followed by a vacuum extraction or caesarean section).

**Hospital Admission Booked or Unbooked:** This indicates whether a mother's admission into hospital for delivery was booked or unbooked prior to delivery. Domiciliary births are not included in the tables relating to this variable.

**Type of Feeding:** This indicates whether artificial feeding, breastfeeding, or a combination of both was being used at the time of discharge. The **Breastfeeding Rate** is based on live births only (excluding ENNDs), and is calculated as follows:

Number of Mothers Breastfeeding x 100

Total Live Births (excluding ENNDs)

Transfer of Infants: This identifies infants who were transferred to another hospital for medical reasons.

**Size of Maternity Unit:** Size in this context refers to the number of live births and stillbirths occurring during the year.

<sup>11</sup> Also known as Ventouse Deliveries (*Source*: Henderson Jane. et al. "Pregnancy and Childbirth", Health Care Needs Assessment, http://hcna.radcliffe-oxford.com/pregframe.htm, date consulted 21st November 2006.)

#### PERINATAL OUTCOMES

**Antepartum and Intrapartum Stillbirths:** These refer to stillbirths occurring prior to and during labour respectively.

Cause of Death: This categorisation indicates the principal underlying pathological cause, which in the opinion of the certifier made the greatest contribution to the death of the infant or foetus. In assigning cause of death in the NPRS, the guidelines recommended by the WHO have been followed. A summary of these guidelines is provided in Appendix D. The Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases came into effect for births from 1 January 2005 onwards.

**Age at Death:** The age of early neonatal deaths is given in completed hours if the infant survived less than 1 day and in completed days otherwise.

**Post-mortem:** This indicates whether or not a post-mortem examination was performed. In some cases a return of 'not stated' may be due to the notification form being returned prior to post-mortem.

Length of Infant's Stay: This is computed as the difference, in days, between the infant's date of birth and the date of the infant's discharge from hospital. A return of 'not stated' for this variable may indicate that the completed form was returned before the infant had been discharged. Where an infant was transferred to another hospital, the date of the transfer is given as the date of the infant's discharge. Domiciliary births and perinatal deaths are not included in the tables relating to this variable.

Notes: All perinatal statistics and definitions are based on WHO ICD-10 Classifications.

Where a particular value of a variable does not occur in a table, the row corresponding to that value is not included. This arises most frequently in relation to multiple births. For example, in Table 3.16 the values for 'under 15' are not included as there are no occurrences of these multiple births for mother's age 'under 15'.

# Appendix B

# Copy of Part 3 of the Birth Notification Form

The following format was used for births in 2005

TYPE OF BIRTH 1	PLACE OF BIRTH (Hospital = 1, BBA = 2, Domiciliary = 3)	& Social Research Institute, Whitaker Square, Sir John Rogerson's Quay, Dublin 2  NAME AND
(Live = 1, Still = 2)		ADDRESS OF
	NO. 3 NO. 6	Y Y Y HOSPITAL
INFANT'S DETAILS DATE OF BIRTH (DD/MM/YYYY)	14	MOTHER'S HEALTH
	TIME OF BIRTH	ANTENATAL CARE THIS PREGNANCY (Hospital / Obstetrician = 1, G.P. Only = 2, Combined = 3, None = 4, Midwife Only=5)  117
IF MULTIPLE BIRTH	ORDER OF BIRTH No. 22 of 23	
		DATE OF FIRST VISIT TO DOCTOR DURING PREGNANCY (DDMMYYYY)  118
SEX (Male = 1, Female = 2, Indetermina		DATE OF FIRST VISIT TO HOSPITAL DURING PREGNANCY (DDMMYYYY) 126
BIRTHWEIGHT	25 GRAMMES 29 WEEKS	WAS MOTHER IMMUNE TO RUBELLA (Yes = 1, No = 2, Not Known = 3)
PERIOD OF GESTATION FATHER'S DETAILS	29 WEEKS	(res = 1, Nor E, Not Known = 3)  METHOD OF DELIVERY (Spontaneous = 1, Breech ± Forceps = 2,
		METHOD OF DELIVERY (Spontaneous = 1, Breech & Forceps = 2, Forceps = 3, Vac. Extraction = 4, Caesarean Sec. = 5, Other = 6)
		MAIN MATERNAL DISEASE OR CONDITION AFFECTING FOETUS OR INFANT
		136
		OTHER MATERNAL DISEASES OR CONDITIONS AFFECTING FOETUS OR INFANT
COUNTY	31 1	
	34	141
NATIONALITY	38	INFANT'S HEALTH
OCCUPATION	42	TYPE OF FEEDING (Artificial = 1, Breast = 2, Combined = 3) 146
DATE OF BIRTH (DDMMYYYY)	44	WAS BCG ADMINISTERED (Yes = 1, No = 2) 147
MOTHER'S DETAILS		MAIN DISEASE OR CONGENITAL MALFORMATION AFFECTING INFANT
		İ
		148
		OTHER DISEASES OR CONGENITAL MALFORMATIONS AFFECTING INFANT
		153
		HOSPITAL WAS ADMISSION BOOKED (Yes = 1, No = 2)  158
	52 1	1
	55	DATE OF MOTHER'S ADMISSION (DDMMYYYY) 159 159
NATIONALITY	59 1 1	DATE OF MOTHER'S DISCHARGE (DDMMYYYY) 167
OCCUPATION	63	
DATE OF BIRTH (DDMMYYYY)	65	DATE OF INFANT'S DISCHARGE (DDMMYYYY) 175 111
MARITAL STATUS (Married = 1 Never Ma	rried = 2, Widowed = 3, Married but Separated = 4, Divorced, = 5) 73	WAS INFANT TRANSFERRED TO OTHER HOSPITAL FOR MEDICAL REASONS (Yes = 1, No = 2)  183
DATE OF PRESENT MARRIAGE (DD		IF 'YES', NAME OF HOSPITAL
DATE OF LAST BIRTH (live or still) (E	DDMMYYYY) 82	
NO. OF PREVIOUS LIVE	BIRTHS 90 L	
CUII	DREN STILL LIVING 92	184
CIII.	BIRTHS 94	GENERAL PRACTITIONER ATTENDED BY MOTHER
STILL SPON	TANEOUS ABORTIONS 96	
STILI	TANEOUS ABORTIONS 96 Stillbirth = 2) 98 Sillbirth = 2)	
SPON PERINATAL DEATH TYPE OF DEATH (Early Neonatal = 1, WAS AUTOPSY PERFORMED (Yes =	TANEOUS ABORTIONS   96	_
STILI SPON PERINATAL DEATH TYPE OF DEATH (Early Neonatal = 1, WAS AUTOPSY PERFORMED (Yes = AGE AT DEATH	TANEOUS ABORTIONS	
STILL SPON PERINATAL DEATH TYPE OF DEATH (Early Neonatcal = 1, WAS AUTOPSY PERFORMED (Yes = AGE AT DEATH PLACE OF DEATH	TANEOUS ABORTIONS   96	
STILL SPON PERINATAL DEATH TYPE OF DEATH (EATH) Neonatial = 1. WAS AUTORSY PERFORMED (Yes = AGE AT DEATH PLACE OF DEATH IF STILLBIRTH, DURING LAI DURING LAI	TANEOUS ABORTIONS	
STILL SPON PERINATAL DEATH TYPE OF DEATH (Early Neonatal = 1, WAS AUTOPSY PERFORMED (Yes = AGE AT DEATH PLACE OF DEATH IT STILLBRITH, DID DEATH	TAMEOUS ABORTIONS   96	
STILL SPON PERINATAL DEATH TYPE OF DEATH (Early Neonatal = 1, WAS AUTOPSY PERFORMED (Yes = AGE AT DEATH PLACE OF DEATH IF STILLBIRTH, DID DEATH- DURING LAI CAUSE OF DEATH CAUSE OF DEATH	TAMEOUS ABORTIONS   96	
STILL SPON PERINATAL DEATH TYPE OF DEATH (Early Neonatal = 1, WAS AUTOPSY PERFORMED (Yes = AGE AT DEATH PLACE OF DEATH IF STILLBIRTH, DID DEATH- DURING LAI CAUSE OF DEATH CAUSE OF DEATH	Stillbirth = 2  98	

## Appendix C

### Classification of Occupation

Occupations have been coded and classified into a set of socio-economic groups according to a system devised by the Central Statistics Office (CSO). The final CSO Category of 'Unknown' has been differentiated into five distinct groups for the purposes of the Perinatal Reporting System. These are 'Unemployed', 'Not Classifiable', 'Not Applicable', 'Home Duties' and 'Not Stated'. Occupation is coded as unemployed when occupation is given as unemployed and where no previous occupation is stated. If a previous occupation is stated then occupation is coded to the relevant category. 'Not Classifiable' has been used to categorise indecipherable, unclear, or unlisted occupations where efforts to clarify the information have failed. 'Home Duties' is entered where occupation has been entered as 'full-time mother/father/parent', 'stay at home mother/father/parent', 'housewife', 'home duties', etc. 'Not Stated' applies to those cases where either the mother's or father's occupation has been left blank or has been recorded as 'unknown'.

#### Under Father's occupation, the following applies:

'Not Applicable' is entered when the marital status of the mother has been given as never married, widowed, separated or divorced, and where father's occupation has been left blank. 'Not Stated' applies to those cases where the marital status of the mother is recorded as either married or not stated, and where father's occupation has been left blank or has been recorded as 'unknown'. In either case, if an occupation is given for the father then the appropriate occupational code has been used.

### The full list of socio-economic groups used in this report is as follows:

- Farmers and Farm Managers
- Other Agricultural Occupations and Fishermen
- Higher Professional
- Lower Professional
- Employers and Managers
- Salaried Employees
- Intermediate Non-Manual Workers
- Other Non-Manual Workers

- Skilled Manual Workers
- Semi-Skilled Manual Workers
- Unskilled Manual Workers
- Unemployed
- Not Classifiable
- Not Applicable (Father's Occupation Only)
- Home Duties
- Not Stated.

### Appendix D

### Cause of Death Classification

The main cause of death has been determined according to the guidelines set out by the World Health Organisation in the Tenth Revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD).<sup>12</sup> Briefly, the principal coding criteria are as follows:

The main cause of death as far as possible should indicate the pathological condition of the infant or foetus, which in the opinion of the certifier made the greatest contribution towards the death.

The following rules are extracted from *ICD-10 Second Edition*, 2005, 4. Rules and guidelines for mortality and morbidity coding. These rules have been applied to cause of death coding in the NPRS dataset as follows:

Section (a)-main disease or condition in foetus or infant

Section (b)-other diseases or conditions in foetus or infant

Section (c)—main maternal disease or condition affecting foetus or infant

Section (d)—other maternal disease or condition affecting foetus or infant.

### Rule P1. Mode of death or prematurity entered in section (a)

If heart or cardiac failure, asphyxia or anoxia (any condition in P20.-, P21.-) or prematurity (any condition in P07.-) is entered in section (a) and other conditions of the infant or foetus are entered in either section (a) or section (b), code the first-mentioned of these other conditions as if it had been entered alone in section (a) and code the condition actually entered in section (a) as if it had been entered in section (b).

#### Rule P2. Two or more conditions entered in sections (a) or (c)

If two or more conditions are entered in section (a) or section (c), code the first-mentioned of these as if it had been entered alone in section (a) or (c) and code the others as if they had been entered in sections (b) or (d).

<sup>12</sup> World Health Organisation, 2005, International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision. Vols. 1–3. Geneva: WHO.

### Rule P3. No entry in sections (a) or (c).

If there is no entry in section (a) but there are conditions of the infant or foetus entered in section (b), code the first-mentioned of these as if it had been entered in section (a); if there are no entries in either section (a) or section (b), either code P95 (Foetal death of unspecified cause) for stillbirths or code P96.9 (Condition originating in the perinatal period, unspecified) for early neonatal deaths should be used for section (a).

Similarly, if there is no entry in section (c) but there are maternal conditions entered in section (d), code the first-mentioned of these as if it had been entered in section (c); if there are no entries in either section (c) or section (d) use some artificial code, e.g. xxx.x for section (c) to indicate that no maternal condition was reported.

### Rule P4. Conditions entered in wrong section.

If a maternal condition (i.e. conditions in P00-P04) is entered in section (a) or section (b), or if a condition of the infant or foetus is entered in section (c) or section (d), code the conditions as if they had been entered in the respective correct section.

For the purpose of the cause of death tables included in this report, one further criterion has been applied. Where no infant's condition is given then, where a specific maternal condition is given (any condition in P00-P04), the main cause of death is classified under the maternal condition.

Table D1 illustrates these rules.

Table D1 Cause of Death Coding Rules

ICD-10 Rule		5	Cause of Death as recorded on the Birth Notification Form	the Birth Notification Form	
	Section A	Section B	Section C	Section D	Action
	Main disease or condition in foetus or infant	Other disease or condition in foetus or infant	Main maternal disease or condition affecting foetus or infant	Other maternal disease or condition affecting foetus or infant	
Rule 1	Heart or cardiac failure, asphyxia, anoxia, prematurity (P20, P21 or P07)	Other condition	No entry	No entry	Code the stated 'other condition' in section A and move condition entered in section A to section B.
Rule 2	Two or more conditions listed	No entry	Two or more conditions listed	No entry	Code the first mentioned condition in sections A and C respectively and code the second mentioned conditions in sections B and D respectively.
Rule 3	No entry	Condition entered	No entry	Condition entered	Code the first mentioned condition in section B to section A and the first mentioned condition in section D to section C.
	No entry	No entry	No entry	No entry	Code 'Foetal death of unspecified cause' (P95) for stillbirths or 'Conditions originating in the perinatal period, unspecified' (P96.9) for early neonatal deaths in section A.
Rule 4	Maternal condition entered (P00-P04)	Maternal condition entered (P00-P04)	Infant condition entered	Infant condition entered	Code maternal conditions in sections C and D respectively. Code infant conditions in sections A and B respectively.
Additional Rule	No entry	No entry	Maternal condition (P00-P04)	No entry	Code maternal condition to section A.

Table D2 illustrates the main chapter blocks relating to cause of death categories in this report.

Table D2 ICD-10, Cause of Death Codes

ICD-10 Code	Cause of Death
P00-P04	Foetus and newborn affected by maternal factors and by complications of pregnancy, labour and delivery
P05-P08	Disorders related to length of gestation and foetal growth
P10-P15	Birth trauma
P20-P29	Respiratory and cardiovascular disorders specific to the perinatal period
P35-P39	Infections specific to the perinatal period
P50-P61	Haemorrhagic and haematological disorders of foetus and newborn
P70-P74	Transitory endocrine and metabolic disorders specific to foetus and newborn
P75-P78	Digestive system disorders of foetus and newborn
P80-P83	Conditions involving the integument and temperature regulation of foetus and newborn
P90-P96	Other disorders originating in the perinatal period
Q00-Q07	Congenital malformations of the nervous system
Q10-Q18	Congenital malformations of eye, ear, face and neck
Q20-Q28	Congenital malformations of the circulatory system
Q30-Q34	Congenital malformations of the respiratory system
Q35-Q37	Cleft lip and cleft palate
Q38-Q45	Other congenital malformations of the digestive system
Q50-Q56	Congenital malformations of genital organs
Q60-Q64	Congenital malformations of the urinary system
Q65-Q79	Congenital malformations and deformations of the musculoskeletal system
Q80-Q89	Other congenital malformations
Q90-Q99	Chromosomal abnormalities, not elsewhere classified

All other codes have been classified to the category 'all other causes'.

## Appendix E

## Classification of County of Residence

The following codes are applied to mother's and father's county of residence. Where a Dublin postal code, such as Dublin 13, is entered then a code of 10 is applied for Dublin City. Where there is no postal code and Dublin is recorded then a code of 11 is applied for Dublin County. For births occurring in the HSE South region where Tipperary is recorded as county of residence then a code of 62, Tipperary South Riding, is applied. For births occurring in other HSE regions where Tipperary is recorded as county of residence then a code of 32, Tipperary North Riding, is applied. Where a mother's or father's county of residence is unknown the code 99 is applied. The code 90 is applied where the address given is outside the Republic of Ireland.

- 10 Dublin City
- 11 Dublin County
- 12 Kildare
- 13 Wicklow
- 20 Laois
- 21 Offaly
- 22 Longford
- 23 Westmeath
- 30 Clare
- 31 Limerick
- 32 Tipperary North Riding
- 40 Meath
- 41 Cavan
- 42 Monaghan
- 43 Louth

- 50 Donegal
- 51 Sligo
- 52 Leitrim
- 60 Carlow
- 61 Kilkenny
- 62 Tipperary South Riding
- 63 Waterford
- 64 Wexford
- 70 Cork
- 71 Kerry
- 80 Galway
- 81 Mayo
- 82 Roscommon
- 90 Other all other places outside Republic of Ireland
- 99 Not Stated

## Appendix F

## Classification of Nationality

Nationality for mother and father is defined by the country of their birth. This definition is for the sole purpose of giving the necessary directions for the completion of the Birth Notification Form and is not a legal definition.

Nationalities have been coded and classified into a set of groups according to a system devised by the Central Statistics Office.

Country groupings are as follows:

Ireland includes the following: UK includes the following:

Ireland Great Britain
Irish American England

Irish English Northern Ireland

Irish European Scotland
Irish Other Wales

#### EU 15 (excluding Ireland and the UK) includes the following:

Austria Italy

Belgium Luxembourg
Denmark Netherlands
Finland Portugal
France Spain
Germany Sweden

Greece

#### EU 15 to EU 25 accession states includes the following:

Cyprus

Czech Republic

Estonia

Hungary

Latvia

Lithuania

Malta

Poland

Slovakia

Slovenia

#### Rest of Europe includes the following:

Albania Jersey

Andorra Liechtenstein

Armenia Macedonia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of

Azerbaijan Moldova, Republic of

Belarus Monaco Bosnia and Herzegovina Norway Bulgaria Romania

Croatia Russian Federation
Faroe Islands San Marino
Georgia Switzerland
Gibraltar Turkey
Guernsey Ukraine
Iceland Vatican City

Isle of Man Yugoslavia, Federal Republic of

#### Africa includes the following:

Malawi Algeria Mali Angola Benin Mauritania Botswana Mauritius Burkina Faso Mayotte Burundi Morocco Cameroon Mozambique Cape Verde Namibia Central African Republic Niger Chad Nigeria Reunion Comoros

Congo, The Democratic Republic of the Saint Helena
Cote d'Ivoire Sao Tome and Princip

Rwanda

Cote d'Ivoire Sao Tome and Principe
Djibouti Senegal
Egypt Seychelles
Equatorial Guinea Sierra Leone
Eritrea Somalia

Equatorial Guinea Sierra Leone
Eritrea Somalia
Ethiopia South Africa
Gabon Sudan
Gambia Swaziland

Ghana Tanzania, United Republic of

Guinea Togo
Guinea-Bissau Tunisia
Kenya Uganda
Lesotho Western Sahara
Liberia Zambia
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya Zimbabwe

Madagascar

Congo

#### Asia includes the following:

Lebanon Afghanistan Bahrain Macao Bangladesh Malaysia Maldives Bhutan British Indian Ocean Territory Mongolia Brunei Darussalam Myanmar Cambodia Nepal China Oman East Timor Pakistan

Hong Kong Palestinian Territory, Occupied

India Philippines
Indonesia Qatar
Iran, Islamic Republic of Saudi Arabia
Iraq Singapore
Israel Sri Lanka

Japan Syrian Arab Republic
Jordan Taiwan, Province of China

Kazakhstan Tajikistan
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of Thailand
Korea, Republic of Turkmenistan
Kuwait United Arab Emirates

Kyrgyzstan Uzbekistan Lao People's Democratic Republic Vietnam Yemen

#### America includes the following:

Anguilla Guyana
Antigua and Barbuda Haiti
Argentina Honduras
Aruba Jamaica
Bahamas Martinique
Barbados Mexico
Belize Montserrat

Bermuda Netherlands Antilles

Bolivia Nicaragua
Brazil Panama
Canada Paraguay
Cayman Islands Peru
Chile Puerto Rico

Colombia Saint Kitts and Nevis

Costa Rica Saint Lucia

Cuba Saint Pierre and Miquelon
Dominica Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

Dominican Republic Suriname

Ecuador Trinidad and Tobago
El Salvador Turks and Caicos Islands

Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

French Guiana

Greenland

Grenada

Guadeloupe

United States

Uruguay

Venezuela

Virgin Island, US

Virgin Islands, British

Guatemala

#### Australia includes the following:

Australia

#### New Zealand and Other Oceania includes the following:

American Samoa New Zealand

Antarctica Niue

Bouvet Island Norfolk Island

Christmas Island Northern Mariana Islands

Cocos (Keeling) Islands Palau

Cook Islands Papua New Guinea

Fiji Pitcairn French Polynesia Samoa

French Southern Territories Solomon Islands

Guam South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands

Heard Island and McDonald Islands Svalbard and Jan Mayen

Kiribati Tokelau Marshall Islands Tonga Micronesia, Federated States of Tuvalu

Nauru United States Minor Outlying Islands

New Caledonia Vanuatu

Wallis and Futuna

#### Multi-Nationality includes the following:

Mixed/Multi-Nationality (stated as so).

#### No Nationality:

Stated as so.

#### Not Stated:

Where nationality is not provided.

#### Not Applicable:

This applies to father's nationality only. Where mother's marital status is stated as 'never married', 'widowed', 'separated' or 'divorced' the General Register Office does not require father's details to register the birth, and as such this information is generally not provided.

#### **All Other Nationalities:**

Where nationality is not recorded to any category listed above.

## Appendix G

## Cross-Tabulations of Selected Variables: 2005

This appendix contains a range of cross-tabulations relating to singleton and multiple live births and stillbirths. A full list of these tables is given in the Table of Contents. The format of each cross-tabulation is identical. The values of the two variables are given along the top rows and left hand side column. The top number in each cell indicates the number of observations relating to that combination of variable values. The second number indicates the percentage contribution of that cell to the total for the whole row. The last number indicates the percentage contribution of that cell to the total for the whole column. The figures at the end of each row or column give the overall total for that row or column, and the associated percentages express each of these figures as a percentage of the grand total.

Table G1
Age of Mother by Maternal Parity, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Age of Mother					Materna	al Parity				
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	More than 6	Not Stated	Total
Under 15 Years	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15-19 Years	2,166	213	17	2	1	0	0	0	0	2,399
	90.3	8.9	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	9.0	1.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0
20-24 Years	4,754	2,175	562	118	29	5	1	1	0	7,645
	62.2	28.4	7.4	1.5	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	19.7	11.4	5.4	3.0	2.2	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	12.8
25-29 Years	6,235	4,434	1,799	629	186	58	23	5	0	13,369
	46.6	33.2	13.5	4.7	1.4	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	100.0
	25.8	23.3	17.1	16.0	13.9	11.4	10.6	2.6	0.0	22.3
30-34 Years	7,772	7,441	3,889	1,273	411	169	72	54	0	21,081
	36.9	35.3	18.4	6.0	1.9	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.0	100.0
	32.2	39.1	37.1	32.3	30.8	33.2	33.3	28.0	0.0	35.2
35-39 Years	2,758	4,127	3,595	1,504	513	180	80	75	0	12,832
	21.5	32.2	28.0	11.7	4.0	1.4	0.6	0.6	0.0	100.0
	11.4	21.7	34.3	38.2	38.4	35.4	37.0	38.9	0.0	21.4
40-44 Years	413	636	614	399	192	94	40	52	1	2,441
	16.9	26.1	25.2	16.3	7.9	3.9	1.6	2.1	0.0	100.0
	1.7	3.3	5.9	10.1	14.4	18.5	18.5	26.9	100.0	4.1
45 Years and	25	9	14	12	1	3	0	6	0	70
Over	35.7	12.9	20.0	17.1	1.4	4.3	0.0	8.6	0.0	100.0
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.6	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.1
Not Stated	34	17	5	1	2	0	0	0	0	59
	57.6	28.8	8.5	1.7	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Total	24,163	19,052	10,495	3,938	1,335	509	216	193	1	59,902
	40.3	31.8	17.5	6.6	2.2	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G2 Method of Delivery by Maternal Parity, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005 Singleton Births

Method of Delivery					Materna	l Parity				
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	More than 6	Not Stated	Total
Spontaneous	10,986	12,697	7,590	2,971	1,046	388	175	154	1	36,008
	30.5	35.3	21.1	8.3	2.9	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.0	100.0
	45.5	66.6	72.3	75.4	78.4	76.2	81.0	79.8	100.0	60.1
Breech/Forceps	132	44	15	15	4	1	0	0	0	211
	62.6	20.9	7.1	7.1	1.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Forceps	1,372	248	58	20	0	3	1	1	0	1,703
	80.6	14.6	3.4	1.2	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0
	5.7	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.0	2.8
Vacuum extraction	5,114	1,379	399	130	27	7	5	3	0	7,064
	72.4	19.5	5.6	1.8	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0
	21.2	7.2	3.8	3.3	2.0	1.4	2.3	1.6	0.0	11.8
Caesarean section	6,528	4,670	2,421	797	255	109	35	34	0	14,849
	44.0	31.4	16.3	5.4	1.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.0	100.0
	27.0	24.5	23.1	20.2	19.1	21.4	16.2	17.6	0.0	24.8
Other specified &	29	12	12	5	3	1	0	1	0	63
combined	46.0	19.1	19.1	7.9	4.8	1.6	0.0	1.6	0.0	100.0
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.1
Not stated	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	24,163	19,052	10,495	3,938	1,335	509	216	193	1	59,902
	40.3	31.8	17.5	6.6	2.2	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G3 Mother's Marital Status by Age of Mother, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005 Singleton Births

Mother's					Age of	Mother				
Marital Status Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Under 15 Years	15–19 Years	20-24 Years	25–29 Years	30-34 Years	35–39 Years	40-44 Years	45 Years and Over	Not Stated	Total
Married	0	170	1,604	8,029	17,460	10,981	2,020	48	32	40,344
	0.0	0.4	4.0	19.9	43.3	27.2	5.0	0.1	0.1	100.0
	0.0	7.1	21.0	60.1	82.8	85.6	82.8	68.6	54.2	67.4
Never	6	2,222	5,997	5,181	3,303	1,469	268	16	27	18,489
Married	0.0	12.0	32.4	28.0	17.9	7.9	1.4	0.1	0.1	100.0
	100.0	92.6	78.4	38.8	15.7	11.4	11.0	22.9	45.8	30.9
Widowed	0	1	4	15	19	27	12	0	0	78
	0.0	1.3	5.1	19.2	24.4	34.6	15.4	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.1
Separated	0	6	34	114	226	237	85	4	0	706
	0.0	0.8	4.8	16.1	32.0	33.6	12.0	0.6	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.9	1.1	1.8	3.5	5.7	0.0	1.2
Divorced	0	0	5	29	73	117	56	2	0	282
	0.0	0.0	1.8	10.3	25.9	41.5	19.9	0.7	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.9	2.3	2.9	0.0	0.5
Not Stated	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	3
	0.0	0.0	33.3	33.3	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	6	2,399	7,645	13,369	21,081	12,832	2,441	70	59	59,902
	0.0	4.0	12.8	22.3	35.2	21.4	4.1	0.1	0.1	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G4 Mother's Marital Status by Age of Father, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005 Singleton Births

Mother's					Age of	Father				
Marital Status Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Under 15 Years	15–19 Years	20-24 Years	25–29 Years	30-34 Years	35–39 Years	40-44 Years	45 Years and Over	Not Stated	Total
Married	1	50	581	4,281	13,462	11,652	4,192	1,176	4,949	40,344
	0.0	0.1	1.4	10.6	33.4	28.9	10.4	2.9	12.3	100.0
	100.0	24.6	36.4	76.8	92.6	94.9	93.7	87.2	24.9	67.4
Never Married	0	151	1,001	1,249	981	537	235	136	14,199	18,489
	0.0	0.8	5.4	6.8	5.3	2.9	1.3	0.7	76.8	100.0
	0.0	74.4	62.7	22.4	6.7	4.4	5.3	10.1	71.4	30.9
Widowed	0	0	0	1	4	6	3	4	60	78
	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	5.1	7.7	3.8	5.1	76.9	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.1
Separated	0	2	12	34	66	54	33	19	486	706
	0.0	0.3	1.7	4.8	9.3	7.6	4.7	2.7	68.8	100.0
	0.0	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.7	1.4	2.4	1.2
Divorced	0	0	2	10	25	27	13	13	192	282
	0.0	0.0	0.7	3.5	8.9	9.6	4.6	4.6	68.1	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.0	1.0	0.5
Not Stated	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	3
	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	1	203	1,596	5,577	14,538	12,276	4,476	1,348	19,887	59,902
	0.0	0.3	2.7	9.3	24.3	20.5	7.5	2.3	33.2	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G5 Gestational Age at Delivery by Maternal Parity, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005 Singleton Births

Gestational Age at					Materna	l Parity				
Delivery (weeks) Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	More than 6	Not Stated	Total
Less than 22	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
22–27	81	44	20	13	10	0	0	1	0	169
	47.9	26.0	11.8	7.7	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	100.0
	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.3
28–31	164	77	47	33	6	9	2	2	0	340
	48.2	22.6	13.8	9.7	1.8	2.6	0.6	0.6	0.0	100.0
	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.4	1.8	0.9	1.0	0.0	0.6
32–36	1,086	558	351	155	55	26	11	13	0	2,255
	48.2	24.7	15.6	6.9	2.4	1.2	0.5	0.6	0.0	100.0
	4.5	2.9	3.3	3.9	4.1	5.1	5.1	6.7	0.0	3.8
37–41	21,467	17,677	9,754	3,636	1,216	457	193	164	1	54,565
	39.3	32.4	17.9	6.7	2.2	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.0	100.0
	88.8	92.8	92.9	92.3	91.1	89.8	89.4	85.0	100.0	91.1
42 and Over	1,363	695	322	101	48	17	10	13	0	2,569
	53.1	27.1	12.5	3.9	1.9	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.0	100.0
	5.6	3.6	3.1	2.6	3.6	3.3	4.6	6.7	0.0	4.3
Not Stated	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	24,163	19,052	10,495	3,938	1,335	509	216	193	1	59,902
	40.3	31.8	17.5	6.6	2.2	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G6
Age of Mother by Gestational Age at Delivery, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Age of Mother			Gest	ational Age a	t Delivery (we	eks)		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Less than 22	22–27	28–31	32–36	37–41	42 and Over	Not Stated	Total
Under 15 Years	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	6
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15-19 Years	0	15	20	148	2,091	125	0	2,399
	0.0	0.6	0.8	6.2	87.2	5.2	0.0	100.0
	0.0	8.9	5.9	6.6	3.8	4.9	0.0	4.0
20-24 Years	0	27	50	329	6,886	352	1	7,645
	0.0	0.4	0.7	4.3	90.1	4.6	0.0	100.0
	0.0	16.0	14.7	14.6	12.6	13.7	50.0	12.8
25-29 Years	1	28	81	493	12,090	676	0	13,369
	0.0	0.2	0.6	3.7	90.4	5.1	0.0	100.0
	50.0	16.6	23.8	21.9	22.2	26.3	0.0	22.3
30-34 Years	0	51	107	710	19,343	869	1	21,081
	0.0	0.2	0.5	3.4	91.8	4.1	0.0	100.0
	0.0	30.2	31.5	31.5	35.4	33.8	50.0	35.2
35-39 Years	1	34	66	453	11,828	450	0	12,832
	0.0	0.3	0.5	3.5	92.2	3.5	0.0	100.0
	50.0	20.1	19.4	20.1	21.7	17.5	0.0	21.4
40-44 Years	0	13	15	111	2,209	93	0	2,441
	0.0	0.5	0.6	4.5	90.5	3.8	0.0	100.0
	0.0	7.7	4.4	4.9	4.1	3.6	0.0	4.1
45 Years and Over	0	0	1	6	62	1	0	70
	0.0	0.0	1.4	8.6	88.6	1.4	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
Not Stated	0	1	0	5	50	3	0	59
	0.0	1.7	0.0	8.5	84.7	5.1	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Total	2	169	340	2,255	54,565	2,569	2	59,902
	0.0	0.3	0.6	3.8	91.1	4.3	0.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G7
Method of Delivery by Age of Mother, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Method of Delivery					Age of	Mother				
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Under 15 Years	15–19 Years	20–24 Years	25–29 Years	30–34 Years	35–39 Years	40–44 Years	45 Years and Over	Not Stated	Total
Spontaneous	3	1,619	5,103	8,357	12,043	7,476	1,338	34	35	36,008
	0.0	4.5	14.2	23.2	33.4	20.8	3.7	0.1	0.1	100.0
	50.0	67.5	66.7	62.5	57.1	58.3	54.8	48.6	59.3	60.1
Breech/	0	12	30	47	77	35	6	2	2	211
Forceps	0.0	5.7	14.2	22.3	36.5	16.6	2.8	0.9	0.9	100.0
	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	2.9	3.4	0.4
Forceps	0	76	217	377	686	308	37	2	0	1,703
	0.0	4.5	12.7	22.1	40.3	18.1	2.2	0.1	0.0	100.0
	0.0	3.2	2.8	2.8	3.3	2.4	1.5	2.9	0.0	2.8
Vacuum extraction	3	347	981	1,724	2,648	1,165	189	1	6	7,064
	0.0	4.9	13.9	24.4	37.5	16.5	2.7	0.0	0.1	100.0
	50.0	14.5	12.8	12.9	12.6	9.1	7.7	1.4	10.2	11.8
Caesarean section	0	344	1,307	2,850	5,604	3,831	866	31	16	14,849
	0.0	2.3	8.8	19.2	37.7	25.8	5.8	0.2	0.1	100.0
	0.0	14.3	17.1	21.3	26.6	29.9	35.5	44.3	27.1	24.8
Other specified &	0	1	7	12	21	17	5	0	0	63
combined	0.0	1.6	11.1	19.1	33.3	27.0	7.9	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1
Not stated	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	6	2,399	7,645	13,369	21,081	12,832	2,441	70	59	59,902
	0.0	4.0	12.8	22.3	35.2	21.4	4.1	0.1	0.1	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G8
Birthweight by Gestational Age at Delivery, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Birthweight (grams)			Gesta	ational Age a	t Delivery (w	eeks)		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Less than 22	22–27	28–31	32–36	37–41	42 and Over	Not Stated	Total
500–749	1	77	16	6	0	0	0	100
	1.0	77.0	16.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	50.0	45.6	4.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
750–999	1	50	37	4	0	0	0	92
	1.1	54.3	40.2	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	50.0	29.6	10.9	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
1000–1249	0	35	80	16	2	0	0	133
	0.0	26.3	60.2	12.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	20.7	23.5	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
1250–1499	0	5	80	54	11	0	0	150
	0.0	3.3	53.3	36.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	3.0	23.5	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
1500–1999	0	1	110	312	77	0	0	500
	0.0	0.2	22.0	62.4	15.4	0.0	0.0	100.0
0000 0400	0.0	0.6	32.4	13.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.8
2000–2499	0	0	13	650	784	2	0	1,449
	0.0	0.0	0.9	44.9	54.1	0.1	0.0	100.0
2500–2999	0.0	0.0	3.8	28.8 783	1.4 5,840	0.1 80	0.0	2.4 6,706
2500-2999	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.7	5,840 87.1	1.2	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.6	34.7	10.7	3.1	50.0	11.2
3000–3499	0.0	0.0	1	346	18,458	580	0	19,385
3000 3433	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	95.2	3.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.3	15.3	33.8	22.6	0.0	32.4
3500–3999	0	0	0	71	19,923	1,079	1	21,074
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	94.5	5.1	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	36.5	42.0	50.0	35.2
4000–4499	0	0	0	10	7,889	633	0	8,532
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	92.5	7.4	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	14.5	24.6	0.0	14.2
4500 and Over	0	0	0	3	1,581	195	0	1,779
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	88.9	11.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.9	7.6	0.0	3.0
Not Stated	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	2	169	340	2,255	54,565	2,569	2	59,902
	0.0	0.3	0.6	3.8	91.1	4.3	0.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G9
Method of Delivery by Mother's Length of Stay in Hospital After Delivery, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Method of Delivery				Postna	tal Length	of Stay			
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	0–1 Days	2 Days	3–5 Days	6–8 Days	9–11 Days	12–14 Days	More than 2 Weeks	Not Stated	Total
Spontaneous	7,876	13,803	13,645	410	32	10	18	32	35,826
	22.0	38.5	38.1	1.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	100.0
	91.0	83.7	43.2	15.8	13.6	21.7	37.5	97.0	60.0
Breech/Forceps	38	52	107	11	2	1	0	0	211
	18.0	24.6	50.7	5.2	0.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.9	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.4
Forceps	110	389	1,138	54	8	1	3	0	1,703
	6.5	22.8	66.8	3.2	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.0	100.0
	1.3	2.4	3.6	2.1	3.4	2.2	6.3	0.0	2.9
Vacuum extraction	564	2,037	4,274	161	21	3	4	0	7,064
	8.0	28.8	60.5	2.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	100.0
	6.5	12.4	13.5	6.2	8.9	6.5	8.3	0.0	11.8
Caesarean section	58	201	12,410	1,955	170	31	23	1	14,849
	0.4	1.4	83.6	13.2	1.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	100.0
	0.7	1.2	39.3	75.2	72.3	67.4	47.9	3.0	24.9
Other specified &	9	9	32	10	2	0	0	0	62
combined	14.5	14.5	51.6	16.1	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Not stated	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	4
	25.0	0.0	75.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	8,656	16,491	31,609	2,601	235	46	48	33	59,719
	14.5	27.6	52.9	4.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Notes: 'Not Stated' includes 30 births where place of birth was recorded as domiciliary but birth was registered by a hospital. Mother was not admitted under a planned community midwife scheme. Therefore, dates of mother's length of stay were not applicable.

Domiciliary births, of which there were 183, are excluded from this table. See Appendix H for detailed analysis.

Table G10
Maternal Parity by Mother's Length of Stay in Hospital After Delivery, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Maternal Parity			Mother	's Length of	Stay in Hos	pital After [	Delivery		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	0–1 Days	2 Days	3–5 Days	6–8 Days	9–11 Days	12–14 Days	More than 2 Weeks	Not Stated	Total
0	1,550	5,139	15,879	1,382	129	27	23	3	24,132
	6.4	21.3	65.8	5.7	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0
	17.9	31.2	50.2	53.1	54.9	58.7	47.9	9.1	40.4
1	3,447	6,092	8,711	663	45	5	9	20	18,992
	18.1	32.1	45.9	3.5	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	100.0
	39.8	36.9	27.6	25.5	19.1	10.9	18.8	60.6	31.8
2	2,176	3,263	4,577	362	39	7	14	3	10,441
	20.8	31.3	43.8	3.5	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0
	25.1	19.8	14.5	13.9	16.6	15.2	29.2	9.1	17.5
3	904	1,256	1,609	120	17	4	0	6	3,916
	23.1	32.1	41.1	3.1	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.2	100.0
	10.4	7.6	5.1	4.6	7.2	8.7	0.0	18.2	6.6
4	329	465	485	40	3	1	0	0	1,323
	24.9	35.1	36.7	3.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	100.0
	3.8	2.8	1.5	1.5	1.3	2.2	0.0	0.0	2.2
5	135	138	212	16	1	1	2	1	506
	26.7	27.3	41.9	3.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	100.0
	1.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.4	2.2	4.2	3.0	0.8
6	69	70	66	9	1	1	0	0	216
	31.9	32.4	30.6	4.2	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.4
More than 6	46	67	70	9	0	0	0	0	192
	24.0	34.9	36.5	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
Not Stated	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	8,656	16,491	31,609	2,601	235	46	48	33	59,719
	14.5	27.6	52.9	4.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Notes: 'Not Stated' includes 30 births where place of birth was recorded as domiciliary but birth was registered by a hospital. Mother was not admitted under a planned community midwife scheme. Therefore, dates of mother's length of stay were not applicable.

Domiciliary births, of which there were 183, are excluded from this table. See Appendix H for detailed analysis.

Table G11
Father's Occupation by Infant's Birthweight, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Father's						Bir	Birthweight (grams)	ls)					
Occupation Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	500–749	750–999	1000– 1249	1250– 1499	1500– 1999	2000– 2499	2500– 2999	3000- 3499	3500- 3999	4000- 4499	4500 and Over	Not Stated	Total
Farmers & Farm	4	2	∞	2	21	43	173	661	795	430	06	0	2,229
Managers	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	6.0	1.9	7.8	29.7	35.7	19.3	4.0	0.0	100.0
	4.0	2.2	0.9	1.3	4.2	3.0	2.6	3.4	3.8	5.0	5.1	0.0	3.7
Other Agricultural	2	0	2	2	m	12	33	143	171	74	19	0	461
Occupations & Fishermen	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.7	2.6	7.2	31.0	37.1	16.1	4.1	0.0	100.0
	2.0	0.0	1.5	1.3	9.0	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.8	6:0	1.1	0.0	0.8
Higher-	5	7	∞	∞	22	69	361	1,315	1,488	687	142	0	4,112
Protessional	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	1.7	80.00	32.0	36.2	16.7	3.5	0.0	100.0
	2.0	7.6	0.9	5.3	4.4	4.8	5.4	8.9	7.1	8.1	8.0	0.0	6.9
Lower-	5	4	4	2	6	42	244	825	686	408	82	0	2,567
Protessional	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.6	9.5	32.1	36.6	15.9	3.2	0.0	100.0
	2.0	4.3	3.0	3.3	1.8	2.9	3.6	4.3	4.5	4.8	4.6	0.0	4.3
Managers	7	4	12	13	29	83	430	1,438	1,768	793	172	П	4,750
	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	9.0	1.7	9.1	30.3	37.2	16.7	3.6	0.0	100.0
	7.0	4.3	0.6	8.7	5.8	2.7	6.4	7.4	8.4	9.3	9.7	20.0	7.9
Salaried-	Н	2	2	ĸ	6	24	153	478	637	268	49	0	1,626
Employees	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	9.0	1.5	9.4	29.4	39.2	16.5	3.0	0.0	100.0
	1.0	2.2	1.5	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.3	2.5	3.0	3.1	2.8	0.0	2.7
Non-Manual	9	S	9	10	43	102	402	1,387	1,731	693	154	0	4,539
Workers	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	6.0	2.2	8.9	30.6	38.1	15.3	3.4	0.0	100.0
	0.9	5.4	4.5	6.7	8.6	7.0	0.9	7.2	8.2	8.1	8.7	0.0	7.6
Other	9	11	9	12	32	121	250	1,649	1,837	731	159	0	5,114
Non-Manual Workers	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	9.0	2.4	10.8	32.2	35.9	14.3	3.1	0.0	100.0
	0.9	12.0	4.5	8.0	6.4	8.4	8.2	8.5	8.7	8.6	8.9	0.0	8.5

Table G11 (continued)

Father's						Bir	Birthweight (grams)	ns)					
Occupation Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	500–749	750–999	1000– 1249	1250– 1499	1500– 1999	2000– 2499	2500– 2999	3000- 3499	3500- 3999	4000- 4499	4500 and Over	Not Stated	Total
Skilled Manual	19	12	17	23	102	270	1,261	4,114	4,689	2,007	416	0	12,930
Workers	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.8	2.1	9.8	31.8	36.3	15.5	3.2	0.0	100.0
	19.0	13.0	12.8	15.3	20.4	18.6	18.8	21.2	22.3	23.5	23.4	0.0	21.6
Semi-Skilled	က	2	9	∞	19	20	304	787	888	325	69	0	2,461
Manual Workers	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.8	2.0	12.4	32.0	36.1	13.2	2.8	0.0	100.0
	3.0	2.2	4.5	5.3	3.8	3.5	4.5	4.1	4.2	3.8	3.9	0.0	4.1
Unskilled Manual		0	0	4	6	18	98	211	217	80	13	0	639
Workers	0.2	0.0	0.0	9.0	1.4	2.8	13.5	33.0	34.0	12.5	2.0	0.0	100.0
	1.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	1.8	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.0	6.0	0.7	0.0	1.1
Unemployed	0	9	7	က	19	49	243	614	554	212	43	0	1,750
	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.2	1.1	2.8	13.9	35.1	31.7	12.1	2.5	0.0	100.0
	0.0	6.5	5.3	2.0	3.8	3.4	3.6	3.2	2.6	2.5	2.4	0.0	2.9
Not Classifiable		-	က	5	∞	23	157	524	202	184	46	0	1,459
	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	1.6	10.8	35.9	34.7	12.6	3.2	0.0	100.0
	1.0	1.1	2.3	3.3	1.6	1.6	2.3	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.6	0.0	2.4
Not Applicable	37	35	49	49	167	528	2,240	5,059	4,669	1,576	305	П	14,715
	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	1.1	3.6	15.2	34.4	31.7	10.7	2.1	0.0	100.0
	37.0	38.0	36.8	32.7	33.4	36.4	33.4	26.1	22.2	18.5	17.1	90.09	24.6
Home Duties	0	0		2	2	Н	10	25	36	12	2	0	91
	0.0	0.0	1.1	2.2	2.2	1.1	11.0	27.5	39.6	13.2	2.2	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.8	1.3	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2
Not Stated	m	П	2	1	9	14	69	155	148	52	18	0	459
	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.2	1.3	3.1	12.9	33.8	32.2	11.3	3.9	0.0	100.0
	3.0	1.1	1.5	0.7	1.2	1.0	6.0	0.8	0.7	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.8
Total	100	95	133	150	200	1,449	902'9	19,385	21,074	8,532	1,779	2	59,905
	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.8	2.4	11.2	32.4	35.2	14.2	3.0	0.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Note: See Appendix C for a description of the classification system for occupations.

Table G12
Mother's Occupation by Infant's Birthweight, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Mother's						Bir	Birthweight (grams)	(St					
Occupation Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	500–749	750–999	1000– 1249	1250– 1499	1500– 1999	2000– 2499	2500– 2999	3000– 3499	3500– 3999	4000– 4499	4500 and Over	Not Stated	Total
Farmers & Farm	0	0	0	0	-1	4	10	34	34	11	1	0	95
Managers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	4.2	10.5	35.8	35.8	11.6	1.1	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2
Other Agricultural	0	0	0	0	0	П	ന	14	17	7	2	0	44
Occupations & Fishermen	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	8.9	31.8	38.6	15.9	4.5	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Higher-	က	9	7	П	17	58	263	915	1,120	466	104	0	2,960
Protessional	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.0	9.0	2.0	8.9	30.9	37.8	15.7	3.5	0.0	100.0
	3.0	6.5	5.3	0.7	3.4	4.0	3.9	4.7	5.3	5.5	5.8	0.0	4.9
Lower-	7	10	14	14	30	141	029	2,399	2,922	1,288	258	0	7,733
Protessional	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.8	8.4	31.0	37.8	16.7	3.3	0.0	100.0
	7.0	10.9	10.5	9.3	0.9	9.7	6.7	12.4	13.9	15.1	14.5	0.0	12.9
Managers	9	4	4	11	14	29	337	1,203	1,485	634	124	0	3,889
	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	1.7	8.7	30.9	38.2	16.3	3.2	0.0	100.0
	0.9	4.3	3.0	7.3	2.8	4.6	5.0	6.2	7.1	7.4	7.0	0.0	6.5
Salaried-	m	2		n	6	30	112	368	390	164	27	0	1,109
Employees	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.8	2.7	10.1	33.2	35.2	14.8	2.4	0.0	100.0
	3.0	2.2	0.8	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.5	0.0	1.9
Non-Manual	22	20	28	36	130	280	1,496	4,273	4,969	2,034	408	2	13,698
Workers	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	6.0	2.0	10.9	31.2	36.3	14.8	3.0	0.0	100.0
	22.0	21.7	21.1	24.0	26.0	19.3	22.3	22.0	23.6	23.8	22.9	100.0	22.9
Other Non-Manual	11	9	21	16	59	184	875	2,485	2,593	1,009	209	0	7,468
Workers	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.8	2.5	11.7	33.3	34.7	13.5	2.8	0.0	100.0
	11.0	6.5	15.8	10.7	11.8	12.7	13.1	12.8	12.3	11.8	11.7	0.0	12.5

Mother's						Bir	Birthweight (grams)	ns)					
Occupation Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	500–749	750–999	1000- 1249	1250– 1499	1500– 1999	2000– 2499	2500– 2999	3000– 3499	3500- 3999	4000– 4499	4500 and Over	Not Stated	Total
Skilled Manual	2	1	4	m	7	17	29	284	325	128	32	0	870
Workers	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.8	2.0	7.7	32.6	37.4	14.7	3.7	0.0	100.0
	2.0	1.1	3.0	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8	0.0	1.5
Semi-Skilled	S	2	9	4	14	51	315	757	729	283	48	0	2,214
Manual Workers	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	9.0	2.3	14.2	34.2	32.9	12.8	2.2	0.0	100.0
	2.0	2.2	4.5	2.7	2.8	3.5	4.7	3.9	3.5	3.3	2.7	0.0	3.7
Unskilled Manual	0	0	0	0	0	0		7	9	П	0	0	15
Workers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	46.7	40.0	6.7	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unemployed	2	2	9	0	38	104	412	946	709	215	45	0	2,491
	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.5	4.2	16.5	38.0	28.5	9.8	1.8	0.0	100.0
	2.0	5.4	4.5	0.9	7.6	7.2	6.1	4.9	3.4	2.5	2.5	0.0	4.2
Not Classifiable	∞	2	7	9	21	64	317	810	745	269	45	0	2,297
	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	6.0	2.8	13.8	35.3	32.4	11.7	2.0	0.0	100.0
	8.0	5.4	5.3	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.2	3.5	3.2	2.5	0.0	3.8
Home Duties	30	27	35	47	148	430	1,803	4,767	4,909	1,993	464	0	14,653
	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.0	2.9	12.3	32.5	33.5	13.6	3.2	0.0	100.0
	30.0	29.3	26.3	31.3	29.6	29.7	26.9	24.6	23.3	23.4	26.1	0.0	24.5
Not Stated	1	4	0	0	12	18	45	123	121	30	12	0	366
	0.3	1.1	0.0	0.0	3.3	4.9	12.3	33.6	33.1	8.2	3.3	0.0	100.0
	1.0	4.3	0.0	0.0	2.4	1.2	0.7	9.0	9.0	0.4	0.7	0.0	9.0
Total	100	92	133	150	200	1,449	902'9	19,385	21,074	8,532	1,779	2	59,905
	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.8	2.4	11.2	32.4	35.2	14.2	3.0	0.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

 $\it Notess$ : 'Not Applicable' is not used in the classification of maternal occupation. See Appendix C for a description of the classification system for occupations.

Table G13
Father's Occupation by Interval in Years Since Last Birth, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Father's Occupation				Inter	val in Years	Since Last	Birth			
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	No Previous Births	1 year or less	>1 year to 2 years	>2 years to 3 years	>3 years to 4 years	>4 years to 5 years	>5 years to 6 years	More than 6 years	Not Stated	Total
Farmers & Farm	665	24	439	458	276	128	90	137	12	2,229
Managers	29.8	1.1	19.7	20.6	12.4	5.7	4.0	6.2	0.5	100.0
	2.8	4.5	5.1	5.0	4.8	3.6	3.7	2.6	3.4	3.7
Other Agricultural	136	5	70	85	56	37	16	54	2	461
Occupations &	29.5	1.1	15.2	18.4	12.2	8.0	3.5	11.7	0.4	100.0
Fishermen	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.6	0.8
Higher-Professional	1,554	21	807	792	408	214	115	181	20	4,112
	37.8	0.5	19.6	19.3	9.9	5.2	2.8	4.4	0.5	100.0
	6.4	3.9	9.3	8.7	7.1	6.1	4.8	3.4	5.6	6.9
Lower- Professional	1,050	13	452	442	248	127	92	138	5	2,567
	40.9	0.5	17.6	17.2	9.7	5.0	3.6	5.4	0.2	100.0
	4.4	2.4	5.2	4.8	4.3	3.6	3.8	2.6	1.4	4.3
Managers	1,723	28	754	909	549	271	168	322	26	4,750
	36.3	0.6	15.9	19.1	11.6	5.7	3.5	6.8	0.6	100.0
	7.1	5.2	8.7	10.0	9.6	7.7	7.0	6.1	7.3	7.9
Salaried-Employees	611	15	251	284	184	109	71	95	6	1,626
	37.6	0.9	15.4	17.5	11.3	6.7	4.4	5.8	0.4	100.0
	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.1	2.9	1.8	1.7	2.7
Non-Manual Workers	1,714	31	708	788	508	253	185	328	24	4,539
Tron Manage Promoto	37.8	0.7	15.6	17.4	11.2	5.6	4.1	7.2	0.5	100.0
	7.1	5.8	8.1	8.6	8.8	7.2	7.7	6.2	6.7	7.6
Other Non-Manual	1,716	47	688	846	525	387	257	612	36	5,114
Workers	33.6	0.9	13.5	16.5	10.3	7.6	5.0	12.0	0.7	100.0
	7.1	8.8	7.9	9.3	9.1	11.0	10.7	11.5	10.1	8.5
Skilled Manual	4,798	108	1,925	2,114	1,368	813	544	1,171	89	12,930
Workers	37.1	0.8	14.9	16.4	10.6	6.3	4.2	9.1	0.7	100.0
	19.9	20.2	22.1	23.2	23.8	23.0	22.6	22.0	24.9	21.6
Semi-skilled Manual	950	19	317	369	233	165	118	278	12	2,461
Workers	38.6	0.8	12.9	15.0	9.5	6.7	4.8	11.3	0.5	100.0
	3.9	3.5	3.6	4.0	4.1	4.7	4.9	5.2	3.4	4.1
Unskilled Manual	201	13	90	93	63	48	30	97	4	639
Workers	31.5	2.0	14.1	14.6	9.9	7.5	4.7	15.2	0.6	100.0
	0.8	2.4	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.8	1.1	1.1
Unemployed	372	41	465	385	202	101	55	111	18	1,750
Offerripioyed	21.3	2.3	26.6	22.0	11.5	5.8	3.1	6.3	1.0	100.0
	1.5	7.7	5.4	4.2	3.5	2.9	2.3	2.1	5.0	2.9
Not Classifiable	515		269	248	150	86	49	122	9	1,459
NOT Classifiable	35.3	0.8	18.4	17.0	10.3	5.9	3.4	8.4		1,459
	2.1	2.1	3.1		2.6				0.6	2.4
Not Applicable	7,998	154		2.7	918	2.4 753	2.0 607	2.3	2.5 79	14,715
Not Applicable			1,344	1,220	6.2			1,642		100.0
	54.4	1.1	9.1	8.3		5.1	4.1	11.2	0.5	
Homo Dutico	33.1	28.7	15.5	13.4	16.0	21.3	25.2	30.8	22.1	24.6
Home Duties	8	1	20	21	15	15	4	5	2	91
	8.8	1.1	22.0	23.1	16.5	16.5	4.4	5.5	2.2	100.0
Not Stated	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.2
Not Stated	152	5	98	78 17.0	45	24	11	32	14	459
	33.1	1.1	21.4	17.0	9.8	5.2	2.4	7.0	3.1	100.0
Total	0.6	0.9	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.6	3.9	0.8
Total	24,163	536	8,697	9,132	5,748	3,531	2,412	5,325	358	59,902
	40.3	0.9	14.5	15.2	9.6	5.9	4.0	8.9	0.6	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G14 Mother's Occupation by Interval in Years Since Last Birth, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005 Singleton Births

Mother's Occupation				Inter	val in Years	Since Last	Birth			
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	No Previous Births	1 year or less	>1 year to 2 years	>2 years to 3 years	>3 years to 4 years	>4 years to 5 years	>5 years to 6 years	More than 6 years	Not Stated	Total
Farmers & Farm	40	1	15	19	9	3	1	7	0	95
Managers	42.1	1.1	15.8	20.0	9.5	3.2	1.1	7.4	0.0	100.0
	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2
Other Agricultural Occupations &	26	0	9	4	2	1	0	2	0	44
Fishermen	59.1	0.0	20.5	9.1	4.6	2.3	0.0	4.6	0.0	100.0
Higher- Professional	0.1 1,381	0.0 12	0.1 498	0.0 521	0.0 247	0.0 96	0.0 80	0.0 111	0.0 14	0.1 2,960
riigilei- riolessioliai	46.7	0.4	16.8	17.6	8.3	3.2	2.7	3.8	0.5	100.0
	5.7	2.2	5.7	5.7	4.3	2.7	3.3	2.1	3.9	4.9
Lower- Professional	3,321	54	1,359	1,296	705	361	221	380	36	7,733
	43.0	0.7	17.6	16.8	9.1	4.7	2.9	4.9	0.5	100.0
	13.7	10.1	15.6	14.2	12.3	10.2	9.2	7.1	10.1	12.9
Managers	1,982	22	497	535	297	182	118	238	18	3,889
	51.0	0.6	12.8	13.8	7.6	4.7	3.0	6.1	0.5	100.0
	8.2	4.1	5.7	5.9	5.2	5.2	4.9	4.5	5.0	6.5
Salaried-Employees	608	3	137	128	93	48	22	69	1	1,109
	54.8	0.3	12.4	11.5	8.4	4.3	2.0	6.2	0.1	100.0
Non-Manual Workers	2.5	0.6 86	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.4	0.9 522	1.3	0.3 71	1.9
Non-Manual Workers	6,470 47.2	0.6	1,495 10.9	1,819 13.3	1,235 9.0	769 5.6	3.8	1,231 9.0	0.5	13,698 100.0
	26.8	16.0	17.2	19.9	21.5	21.8	21.6	23.1	19.8	22.9
Other Non-Manual	3,522	47	777	831	600	418	326	914	33	7,468
Workers	47.2	0.6	10.4	11.1	8.0	5.6	4.4	12.2	0.4	100.0
	14.6	8.8	8.9	9.1	10.4	11.8	13.5	17.2	9.2	12.5
Skilled Manual Workers	397	3	128	150	52	38	29	62	11	870
	45.6	0.3	14.7	17.2	6.0	4.4	3.3	7.1	1.3	100.0
	1.6	0.6	1.5	1.6	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.2	3.1	1.5
Semi-skilled Manual	1,088	18	215	222	182	130	93	254	12	2,214
Workers	49.1	0.8	9.7	10.0	8.2	5.9	4.2	11.5	0.5	100.0
Unskilled Manual	4.5	3.4	2.5	2.4	3.2	3.7	3.9	4.8	3.4	3.7
Workers	10 66.7	0.0	0.0	2 13.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	3 20.0	0 0.0	15 100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Unemployed	1,102	37	335	324	206	146	114	209	18	2,491
	44.2	1.5	13.5	13.0	8.3	5.9	4.6	8.4	0.7	100.0
	4.6	6.9	3.9	3.6	3.6	4.1	4.7	3.9	5.0	4.2
Not Classifiable	1,634	12	158	148	115	56	48	119	7	2,297
	71.1	0.5	6.9	6.4	5.0	2.4	2.1	5.2	0.3	100.0
	6.8	2.2	1.8	1.6	2.0	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.0	3.8
Home Duties	2,404	238	3,013	3,079	1,989	1,272	832	1,699	127	14,653
	16.4	1.6	20.6	21.0	13.6	8.7	5.7	11.6	0.9	100.0
Not Obob d	10.0	44.4	34.6	33.7	34.6	36.0	34.5	31.9	35.5	24.5
Not Stated	178	3	61	54	16	11	6	27	10	366
	48.6 0.7	0.8	16.7 0.7	14.8	4.4	3.0	1.6	7.4	2.7	100.0 0.6
Total	24,163	0.6 536	8,697	0.6 9,132	0.3 5,748	0.3 3,531	0.3 2,412	0.5 5,325	2.8 358	59,902
TOLAI	40.3	0.9	14.5	15.2	9.6	5.9	4.0	5,325 8.9	0.6	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0

**Notes:** 'Not Applicable' is not used in the classification of maternal occupation. See Appendix C for a description of the classification system for occupations.

Table G15
Father's Occupation by Infant's Type of Feeding, Live Births Only, 2005
Singleton Births

Father's Occupation			Type of Feeding		
Frequency	Artificial	Breast	Combined	Not Stated	Total
Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent					
Farmers & Farm Managers	1,164	991	56	3	2,214
	52.6	44.8	2.5	0.1	100.0
	3.8	3.8	2.7	3.3	3.7
Other Agricultural	247	198	12	2	459
Occupations & Fishermen	53.8	43.1	2.6	0.4	100.0
	0.8	0.7	0.6	2.2	0.8
Higher-Professional	1,185	2,740	162	7	4,094
	28.9	66.9	4.0	0.2	100.0
. 5.	3.8	10.4	7.7	7.8	6.9
Lower-Professional	791	1,663	95	4	2,553
	31.0	65.1	3.7	0.2	100.0
Managara	2.6	6.3	4.5 166	4.4	4.3
Managers	2,020 42.7	2,541 53.7	3.5	0.2	4,735 100.0
	42.7 6.5	9.6	7.9	8.9	7.9
Salaried-Employees	737	805	7.9	0.9	1,620
Odianed Employees	45.5	49.7	4.8	0.0	100.0
	2.4	3.1	3.7	0.0	2.7
Non-Manual Workers	2,113	2,231	175	6	4,525
	46.7	49.3	3.9	0.1	100.0
	6.8	8.4	8.3	6.7	7.6
Other Non-Manual Workers	2,756	2,150	192	5	5,103
	54.0	42.1	3.8	0.1	100.0
	8.9	8.1	9.1	5.6	8.6
Skilled Manual Workers	6,745	5,727	390	16	12,878
	52.4	44.5	3.0	0.1	100.0
0 101111 114	21.8	21.7	18.5	17.8	21.6
Semi-Skilled Manual Workers	1,500	867	82	2	2,451
	61.2 4.8	35.4 3.3	3.3 3.9	0.1 2.2	100.0 4.1
Unskilled Manual Workers	4.6	189	3.9	2.2	636
Oliskilled Maridal Workers	68.1	29.7	2.2	0.0	100.0
	1.4	0.7	0.7	0.0	1.1
Unemployed	1,044	565	128	3	1,740
	60.0	32.5	7.4	0.2	100.0
	3.4	2.1	6.1	3.3	2.9
Not Classifiable	572	748	131	1	1,452
	39.4	51.5	9.0	0.1	100.0
	1.8	2.8	6.2	1.1	2.4
Not Applicable	9,454	4,765	372	28	14,619
	64.7	32.6	2.5	0.2	100.0
	30.5	18.0	17.6	31.1	24.5
Home Duties	44	43	3	0	90
	48.9	47.8	3.3	0.0	100.0
Net Cteted	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.2
Not Stated	205	187	55	5	452
	45.4	41.4	12.2	1.1	100.0
Total	0.7	0.7	2.6	5.6 90	0.8 59,621
Total	31,010 52.0	26,410 44.3	2,111	0.2	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

**Notes:** See Appendix C for a description of the classification system for occupations. 'Not Stated' contains 78 early neonatal deaths for which type of feeding was not stated.

Table G16 Mother's Occupation by Infant's Type of Feeding, Live Births Only, 2005 Singleton Births

Mother's Occupation			Type of Feeding		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Artificial	Breast	Combined	Not Stated	Total
Farmers & Farm Managers	43	49	1	1	94
	45.7	52.1	1.1	1.1	100.0
	0.1	0.2	0.1	1.1	0.2
Other Agricultural	18	25	1	0	44
Occupations & Fishermen	40.9	56.8	2.3	0.0	100.0
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Higher-Professional	835	1,996	116	5	2,952
	28.3	67.6	3.9	0.2	100.0
	2.7	7.6	5.5	5.6	5.0
Lower-Professional	2,418	4,992	286	7	7,703
	31.4	64.8	3.7	0.1	100.0
	7.8	18.9	13.5	7.8	12.9
Managers	1,689	2,053	127	7	3,876
	43.6 5.4	53.0 7.8	3.3 6.0	0.2 7.8	100.0 6.5
Calariad Franks		7.8 536			
Salaried-Employees	523 47.5	48.7	41 3.7	0.0	1,100 100.0
	1.7	2.0	1.9	0.0	1.8
Non-Manual Workers	7,901	5,372	351	19	13,643
INOII-IVIAITUAI VVOIKEIS	7,901 57.9	39.4	2.6	0.1	100.0
	25.5	20.3	16.6	21.1	22.9
Other Non-Manual	4,135	3,022	272	12	7,441
Workers	55.6	40.6	3.7	0.2	100.0
	13.3	11.4	12.9	13.3	12.5
Skilled Manual Workers	331	501	32	1	865
	38.3	57.9	3.7	0.1	100.0
	1.1	1.9	1.5	1.1	1.5
Semi-Skilled Manual	1,544	598	55	4	2,201
Workers	70.1	27.2	2.5	0.2	100.0
	5.0	2.3	2.6	4.4	3.7
Unskilled Manual	3	11	1	0	15
Workers	20.0	73.3	6.7	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Unemployed	1,720	640	115	3	2,478
	69.4	25.8	4.6	0.1	100.0
	5.5	2.4	5.4	3.3	4.2
Not Classifiable	1,328	862	88	6	2,284
	58.1	37.7	3.9	0.3	100.0
	4.3	3.3	4.2	6.7	3.8
Home Duties	8,384	5,596	565	21	14,566
	57.6	38.4	3.9	0.1	100.0
N. I. O. I. I.	27.0	21.2	26.8	23.3	24.4
Not Stated	138	157	60	4	359
	38.4	43.7	16.7	1.1	100.0
Total	0.4	0.6	2.8	4.4	0.6
Total	31,010	26,410	2,111	90	59,621
	52.0	44.3	3.5	0.2	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Notes: 'Not Applicable' is not used in the classification of maternal occupation.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Not Stated' contains 78 early neonatal deaths for which type of feeding was not stated.

Table G17 Infant's Type of Feeding by Maternal Parity, Live Births Only, 2005 Singleton Births

Type of Feeding					Materna	al Parity				
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	More than 6	Not Stated	Total
Artificial	11,171	10,422	5,894	2,190	743	308	150	131	1	31,010
	36.0	33.6	19.0	7.1	2.4	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.0	100.0
	46.5	54.9	56.4	55.9	55.9	60.9	69.8	69.3	100.0	52.0
Breast	11,971	7,887	4,199	1,566	505	175	53	54	0	26,410
	45.3	29.9	15.9	5.9	1.9	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.0	100.0
	49.8	41.6	40.2	40.0	38.0	34.6	24.7	28.6	0.0	44.3
Combined	855	640	348	153	78	22	11	4	0	2,111
	40.5	30.3	16.5	7.2	3.7	1.0	0.5	0.2	0.0	100.0
	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.9	5.9	4.3	5.1	2.1	0.0	3.5
Not Stated	43	25	10	7	3	1	1	0	0	90
	47.8	27.8	11.1	7.8	3.3	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.2
Total	24,040	18,974	10,451	3,916	1,329	506	215	189	1	59,621
	40.3	31.8	17.5	6.6	2.2	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

 $\it Note:$  'Not Stated' contains 78 early neonatal deaths for which type of feeding was not stated.

Table G18 Mother's County of Residence by Mother's Marital Status, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005 Singleton and Multiple Births

Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Married	Never	140.1				
		INCVCI	Widowed	Separated	Divorced	Not Stated	Total
coi. Per Cent		Married					
Carlow	531	277	0	12	1	0	821
	64.7	33.7	0.0	1.5	0.1	0.0	100.0
	1.3	1.5	0.0	1.6	0.3	0.0	1.3
Cavan	667	185	1	8	10	1	872
	76.5	21.2	0.1	0.9	1.1	0.1	100.0
	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.1	3.4	33.3	1.4
Clare	1,204	385	3	16	4	0	1,612
	74.7	23.9	0.2	1.0	0.2	0.0	100.0
	2.9	2.0	3.8	2.1	1.4	0.0	2.6
Cork	4,930	1,898	12	79	42	1	6,962
	70.8	27.3	0.2	1.1	0.6	0.0	100.0
	11.8	10.1	15.4	10.6	14.5	33.3	11.3
Donegal	1,371	572	5	29	11	0	1,988
	69.0	28.8	0.3	1.5	0.6	0.0	100.0
Dublic Oit.	3.3	3.0	6.4	3.9	3.8	0.0	3.2
Dublin City	7,537	5,242	13	155	56	0	13,003
	58.0 18.0	40.3 27.8	0.1 16.7	1.2 20.8	0.4 19.3	0.0 0.0	100.0 21.0
Dublin County	3,305	1,149	2	39	19.3	0.0	4,524
Subilit County	73.1	25.4	0.0	0.9	0.6	0.0	100.0
	7.9	6.1	2.6	5.2	9.7	33.3	7.3
Galway	2,464	778	1	36	20	0	3,299
adiway	74.7	23.6	0.0	1.1	0.6	0.0	100.0
	5.9	4.1	1.3	4.8	6.9	0.0	5.3
Kerry	1,260	446	3	27	9	0	1,745
	72.2	25.6	0.2	1.6	0.5	0.0	100.0
	3.0	2.4	3.8	3.6	3.1	0.0	2.8
Kildare	2,316	852	4	30	14	0	3,216
	72.0	26.5	0.1	0.9	0.4	0.0	100.0
	5.5	4.5	5.1	4.0	4.8	0.0	5.2
Kilkenny	795	306	1	12	3	0	1,117
	71.2	27.4	0.1	1.1	0.3	0.0	100.0
	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.0	0.0	1.8
Laois	661	256	3	9	3	0	932
	70.9	27.5	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.0	100.0
	1.6	1.4	3.8	1.2	1.0	0.0	1.5
Leitrim	280	85	1	3	3	0	372
	75.3	22.8	0.3	0.8	0.8	0.0	100.0
	0.7	0.5	1.3	0.4	1.0	0.0	0.6
Limerick	1,695	860	4	28	5	0	2,592
	65.4	33.2	0.2	1.1	0.2	0	100
	4.1	4.6	5.1	3.8	1.7	0	4.2
Longford	342	139	3	10	1	0	495
	69.1	28.1	0.6	2.0	0.2	0.0	100.0
	0.8	0.7	3.8	1.3	0.3	0.0	0.8
Louth	1,009	546	2	27	15	0	1,599
Loutii	63.1	34.1	0.1	1.7	0.9	0.0	100.0

Table G18 (continued)

Mother's County of Residence			Moth	er's Marital S	tatus		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Married	Never Married	Widowed	Separated	Divorced	Not Stated	Total
Mayo	1,342	345	1	25	4	0	1,717
	78.2	20.1	0.1	1.5	0.2	0.0	100.0
	3.2	1.8	1.3	3.4	1.4	0.0	2.8
Meath	2,012	687	1	33	12	0	2,745
	73.3	25.0	0.0	1.2	0.4	0.0	100.0
	4.8	3.6	1.3	4.4	4.1	0.0	4.4
Monaghan	514	187	2	11	8	0	722
	71.2	25.9	0.3	1.5	1.1	0.0	100.0
	1.2	1.0	2.6	1.5	2.8	0.0	1.2
Offaly	650	339	1	12	3	0	1,005
	64.7	33.7	0.1	1.2	0.3	0.0	100.0
	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.0	0.0	1.6
Roscommon	532	121	0	11	2	0	666
	79.9	18.2	0.0	1.7	0.3	0.0	100.0
Ol'	1.3	0.6	0.0	1.5	0.7	0.0	1.1
Sligo	554	187	1	8	3	0	753
	73.6	24.8	0.1	1.1	0.4	0.0	100.0
Tipperent ND	1.3 461	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.0	0.0	1.2
Tipperary NR	74.7	146 23.7			0.3	0.0	617 100.0
	1.1	23.7 0.8	0.0 0.0	1.3 1.1	0.3	0.0	1.0
Tipperary SR	976	525	2	26	4	0.0	1,533
ripperary Six	63.7	34.2	0.1	1.7	0.3	0.0	100.0
	2.3	2.8	2.6	3.5	1.4	0.0	2.5
Waterford	979	618	4	29	6	0.0	1,636
Wateriora	59.8	37.8	0.2	1.8	0.4	0.0	100.0
	2.3	3.3	5.1	3.9	2.1	0.0	2.6
Westmeath	858	401	3	16	3	0.0	1,281
	67.0	31.3	0.2	1.3	0.2	0.0	100.0
	2.1	2.1	3.8	2.1	1.0	0.0	2.1
Wexford	1,277	719	3	28	11	0	2,038
	62.7	35.3	0.1	1.4	0.5	0.0	100.0
	3.1	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	0.0	3.3
Wicklow	1,264	615	2	20	7	0	1,908
	66.2	32.2	0.1	1.1	0.4	0.0	100.0
	3.0	3.3	2.6	2.7	2.4	0.0	3.1
Other	8	3	0	0	0	0	11
	72.7	27.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	2	3	0	0	0	0	5
	40.0	60.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	41,796	18,872	78	747	290	3	61,786
	67.6	30.5	0.1	1.3	0.5	0.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G19 Mother's County of Residence by Infant's Type of Feeding, Live Births Only, 2005 Singleton and Multiple Births

Mother's County of Residence			Type of Feeding		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Artificial	Breast	Combined	Not Stated	Total
Carlow	491	318	6	2	817
	60.1	38.9	0.7	0.2	100.0
	1.5	1.2	0.3	1.8	1.3
Cavan	490	358	17	1	866
	56.6	41.3	2.0	0.1	100.0
	1.5	1.3	0.8	0.9	1.4
Clare	972	592	38	2	1,604
	60.6	36.9	2.4	0.1	100.0
	3.0	2.2	1.7	1.8	2.6
Cork	3,603	3,090	224	9	6,926
	52.0	44.6	3.2	0.1	100.0
Developed	11.2	11.5	10.0	8.3	11.3
Donegal	1,263	551	161	5	1,980
	63.8	27.8	8.1	0.3	100.0
Dublic City	3.9	2.0	7.2	4.6	3.2
Dublin City	6,310	6,148	450	25	12,933
	48.8 19.6	47.5 22.8	3.5 20.0	0.2 22.9	100.0 21.0
Dublin County			166	22.9	4,504
Dubilii County	1,858 41.3	2,471 54.9	3.7	0.2	4,304 100.0
	5.8	9.2	7.4	8.3	7.3
Galway	1,553	1,340	396	0.5	3,290
daiway	47.2	40.7	12.0	0.0	100.0
	4.8	5.0	17.6	0.9	5.4
Kerry	903	766	63	3	1,735
neny	52.0	44.1	3.6	0.2	100.0
	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
Kildare	1,591	1,497	106	5	3,199
	49.7	46.8	3.3	0.2	100.0
	4.9	5.6	4.7	4.6	5.2
Kilkenny	565	545	3	0	1,113
•	50.8	49.0	0.3	0.0	100.0
	1.8	2.0	0.1	0.0	1.8
Laois	480	421	27	0	928
	51.7	45.4	2.9	0.0	100.0
	1.5	1.6	1.2	0.0	1.5
Leitrim	203	145	18	2	368
	55.2	39.4	4.9	0.5	100.0
	0.6	0.5	0.8	1.8	0.6
Limerick	1,760	776	36	4	2,576
	68.3	30.1	1.4	0.2	100.0
	5.5	2.9	1.6	3.7	4.2
Longford	262	214	15	1	492
	53.3	43.5	3.0	0.2	100.0
	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.8
Louth	839	700	50	3	1,592
	52.7	44.0	3.1	0.2	100.0
	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.8	2.6

Table G19 (continued)

Mother's County of Residence			Type of Feeding		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Artificial	Breast	Combined	Not Stated	Total
Mayo	909	709	91	4	1,713
	53.1	41.4	5.3	0.2	100.0
	2.8	2.6	4.0	3.7	2.8
Meath	1,351	1,284	82	7	2,724
	49.6	47.1	3.0	0.3	100.0
	4.2	4.8	3.6	6.4	4.4
Monaghan	400	297	22	1	720
	55.6	41.3	3.1	0.1	100.0
	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.2
Offaly	571	421	10	0	1,002
	57.0	42.0	1.0	0.0	100.0
	1.8	1.6	0.4	0.0	1.6
Roscommon	349	296	18	0	663
	52.6	44.6	2.7	0.0	100.0
	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.0	1.1
Sligo	458	247	41	3	749
	61.1	33.0	5.5	0.4	100.0
	1.4	0.9	1.8	2.8	1.2
Tipperary NR	393	215	5	2	615
	63.9	35.0	0.8	0.3	100.0
	1.2	0.8	0.2	1.8	1.0
Tipperary SR	924	582	10	5	1,521
	60.7	38.3	0.7	0.3	100.0
	2.9	2.2	0.4	4.6	2.5
Waterford	851	747	27	2	1,627
	52.3	45.9	1.7	0.1	100.0
	2.6	2.8	1.2	1.8	2.6
Westmeath	672	585	13	3	1,273
	52.8	46.0	1.0	0.2	100.0
	2.1	2.2	0.6	2.8	2.1
Wexford	1,217	701	108	6	2,032
	59.9	34.5	5.3	0.3	100.0
	3.8	2.6	4.8	5.5	3.3
Wicklow	946	906	46	4	1,902
	49.7	47.6	2.4	0.2	100.0
	2.9	3.4	2.0	3.7	3.1
Other	36.4 0.0	6 54.5 0.0	1 9.1 0.0	0 0.0 0.0	11 100.0 0.0
Not Stated	80.0 0.0	1 20.0 0.0	0 0.0 0.0	0 0.0 0.0	5 100.0 0.0
Total	32,192	26,929	2,250	109	61,480
	52.4	43.8	3.7	0.2	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table G20 Mother's County of Residence Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005 Singleton and Multiple Births

Mother's County of Residence	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
Carlow	817	1.3	4	4.9	1	1.2	6.1	4.9
Cavan	866	1.4	6	6.9	5	5.8	12.6	9.2
Clare	1,604	2.6	8	5.0	2	1.2	6.2	5.0
Cork	6,926	11.3	36	5.2	12	1.7	6.9	5.0
Donegal	1,980	3.2	8	4.0	6	3.0	7.0	5.0
Dublin City	12,933	21.0	70	5.4	31	2.4	7.8	5.6
Dublin County	4,504	7.3	20	4.4	10	2.2	6.6	4.9
Galway	3,290	5.4	9	2.7	7	2.1	4.8	3.9
Kerry	1,735	2.8	10	5.7	5	2.9	8.6	7.5
Kildare	3,199	5.2	17	5.3	7	2.2	7.5	7.5
Kilkenny	1,113	1.8	4	3.6	0	0.0	3.6	2.7
Laois	928	1.5	4	4.3	0	0.0	4.3	3.2
Leitrim	368	0.6	4	10.8	2	5.4	16.1	13.5
Limerick	2,576	4.2	16	6.2	4	1.6	7.7	6.9
Longford	492	0.8	3	6.1	1	2.0	8.1	6.1
Louth	1,592	2.6	7	4.4	3	1.9	6.3	5.6
Mayo	1,713	2.8	4	2.3	4	2.3	4.7	2.9
Meath	2,724	4.4	21	7.7	9	3.3	10.9	8.4
Monaghan	720	1.2	2	2.8	2	2.8	5.5	4.2
Offaly	1,002	1.6	3	3.0	2	2.0	5.0	4.0
Roscommon	663	1.1	3	4.5	0	0.0	4.5	4.5
Sligo	749	1.2	4	5.3	3	4.0	9.3	8.0
Tipperary NR	615	1.0	2	3.2	2	3.3	6.5	3.3
Tipperary SR	1,521	2.5	12	7.8	4	2.6	10.4	5.2
Waterford	1,627	2.6	9	5.5	2	1.2	6.7	3.7
Westmeath	1,273	2.1	8	6.2	5	3.9	10.1	7.8
Wexford	2,032	3.3	6	2.9	6	3.0	5.9	1.5
Wicklow	1,902	3.1	6	3.1	4	2.1	5.2	3.2
Other	11	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	5	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	61,480	100	306	5.0	139	2.3	7.2	5.4

*Note:* See Appendix E for the classification system employed for county of residence.

## Appendix H

## Domiciliary Births: 1999–2005 Cross-Tabulations of Selected Variables: 2005

These births have been included, unless otherwise stated, in the analysis presented in previous sections.

In 1999 there were 246 domiciliary births. Of these, there was one early neonatal death and no stillbirths. In 2000 the number of domiciliary births fell to 216 with, again, one early neonatal death and no stillbirths. There were no domiciliary multiple births in 1999 or 2000.

In 2001 the number of domiciliary births increased to 245. Of these, there was one stillbirth and no early neonatal deaths. There was one set of domiciliary twin births in 2001.

The trend in the number of domiciliary births continued to be upwards, increasing to 288 in 2002. Of these, there were no stillbirths and one early neonatal death. There were no domiciliary multiple births in 2002.

In 2003 and 2004 the number of domiciliary births decreased to 236 and 202 respectively. Of these, there were no stillbirths and one early neonatal death only in 2004. There were no domiciliary multiple births in 2003 or 2004.

In 2005 the number of planned domiciliary births again declined to 183. There were no stillbirths, early neonatal deaths or multiple births among domiciliary births in 2005.

The tables that follow (H1-H8) present selected statistics on domiciliary births for 1999–2005 and contain a range of cross-tabulations relating to all domiciliary births for 2005. A full list of these tables is included in the Table of Contents. The format of each cross-tabulation is identical. The values of the two variables are given along the top row and left-hand side column. The top number in each cell indicates the number of observations relating to that combination of variable values. The second number indicates the percentage contribution of that cell to the total for the whole row. The last number indicates the percentage contribution of that cell to the total for the whole column. The figures at the end of each row or column give the overall total for that row or column, and the associated percentages express each of these figures as a percentage of the grand total.

Table H1
Trends in Selected Statistics, Domiciliary Births, 1999–2005

Selected Statistics	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	
General Characteristics								
Average Age of Mother in years	33.47	33.33	33.18	34.07	34.01	34.31	33.37	
Average Maternal Parity	1.52	1.62	1.40	2.07	1.63	1.60	1.70	
Single Mothers (%)	25.20	29.63	31.56	22.57	27.97	29.21	23.50	
Average weight in grams Total Live Births	3,699.46	3,726.71	3,686.75	3,730.06	3,754.25	3,738.40	3760.09	
Low birthweight <2500 grams (%) Total Live Births	0.43	1.86	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.99	0.55	
Average Gestational Age at delivery in weeks	40.04	39.92	40.02	40.14	40.05	39.99	40.03	
Average interval since last birth in years	3.46	3.40	3.82	3.74	3.65	3.54	3.30	
Perinatal Care								
Combined Antenatal Care— Midwife and GP/Hospital (%)*	59.76	57.87	55.33	57.29	66.10	64.36	71.58	
Immunity to Rubella (%)	92.34	90.70	93.44	91.61	94.07	97.03	95.08	
Mothers breastfeeding (%) <sup>1</sup>	98.25	96.63	95.02	94.04	94.07	97.51	93.99	

<sup>\*</sup> This figure applies to the percentage of home births where antenatal care is stated as 'Combined', rather than 'Midwife Only'.

Notes: There were no domiciliary multiple births in 1999, 2000 or in the years 2002–2005.

Table H2 Age of Mother by Maternal Parity, 2005 Domiciliary Births

Age of Mother				Materna	I Parity			
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	0	1	2	3	4	5	More than 6	Total
20-24 Years	4	2	3	0	0	0	0	9
	44.4	22.2	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	12.9	3.3	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.9
25-29 Years	9	14	9	1	1	0	0	34
	26.5	41.2	26.5	2.9	2.9	0.0	0.0	100.0
	29.0	23.3	16.7	4.5	8.3	0.0	0.0	18.6
30-34 Years	14	22	20	7	4	2	1	70
	20.0	31.4	28.6	10.0	5.7	2.9	1.4	100.0
	45.2	36.7	37.0	31.8	33.3	66.7	100.0	38.3
35-39 Years	4	18	15	10	6	0	0	53
	7.5	34.0	28.3	18.9	11.3	0.0	0.0	100.0
	12.9	30.0	27.8	45.5	50.0	0.0	0.0	29.0
10-44 Years	0	4	7	4	1	1	0	17
	0.0	23.5	41.2	23.5	5.9	5.9	0.0	100.0
	0.0	6.7	13.0	18.2	8.3	33.3	0.0	9.3
Total	31	60	54	22	12	3	1	183
	16.9	32.8	29.5	12.0	6.6	1.6	0.5	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

There was one set of domiciliary twin births in 2001.

Missing values are not included in the calculation of percentages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes early neonatal deaths.

Table H3 Age of Mother by Gestational Age at Delivery, 2005 Domiciliary Births

Age of Mother		Gestational Age (weeks)	
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	37–41	42 and Over	Total
20-24 Years	9	0	9
	100.0	0.0	100.0
	5.2	0.0	4.9
25-29 Years	32	2	34
	94.1	5.9	100.0
	18.4	22.2	18.6
30-34 Years	67	3	70
	95.7	4.3	100.0
	38.5	33.3	38.3
35-39 Years	50	3	53
	94.3	5.7	100.0
	28.7	33.3	29.0
40-44 Years	16	1	17
	94.1	5.9	100.0
	9.2	11.1	9.3
Total	174	9	183
	95.1	4.9	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table H4 Birthweight by Gestational Age at Delivery, 2005 Domiciliary Births

Birthweight (grams)		Gestational Age (weeks)	
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	37–41	42 and Over	Total
2000–2499	1	0	1
	100.0	0.0	100.0
	0.6	0.0	0.5
2500–2999	3	0	3
	100.0	0.0	100.0
	1.7	0.0	1.6
3000–3499	45	0	45
	100.0	0.0	100.0
	25.9	0.0	24.6
3500–3999	70	2	72
	97.2	2.8	100.0
	40.2	22.2	39.3
4000–4499	42	6	48
	87.5	12.5	100.0
	24.1	66.7	26.2
4500 and Over	13	1	14
	92.9	7.1	100.0
	7.5	11.1	7.7
Total	174	9	183
	95.1	4.9	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table H5 Mother's Occupation by Birthweight, 2005 Domiciliary Births

Mother's Occupation	Birthweight (grams)							
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	2000- 2499	2500- 2999	3000- 3499	3500- 3999	4000- 4499	4500 and Over	Total	
Other Agricultural	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
Occupations & Fishermen	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.5	
Higher-Professional	0	0	9	3	4	1	17	
	0.0	0.0	52.9	17.6	23.5	5.9	100.0	
	0.0	0.0	20.0	4.2	8.3	7.1	9.3	
Lower-Professional	0	1	9	22	18	1	51	
	0.0	2.0	17.6	43.1	35.3	2.0	100.0	
	0.0	33.3	20.0	30.6	37.5	7.1	27.9	
Managers	0	1	2	3	2	0	8	
	0.0	12.5	25.0	37.5	25.0	0.0	100.0	
	0.0	33.3	4.4	4.2	4.2	0.0	4.4	
Salaried-Employees	1	0	1	4	0	1	7	
	14.3	0.0	14.3	57.1	0.0	14.3	100.0	
	100.0	0.0	2.2	5.6	0.0	7.1	3.8	
Non-Manual Workers	0	0	4	5	0	2	11	
	0.0	0.0	36.4	45.5	0.0	18.2	100.0	
	0.0	0.0	8.9	6.9	0.0	14.3	6.0	
Other Non-Manual Workers	0	0	2	12	5	3	22	
	0.0	0.0	9.1	54.5	22.7	13.6	100.0	
01711 1114 1114 1	0.0	0.0	4.4	16.7	10.4	21.4	12.0	
Skilled Manual Workers	0	0	2	0	2	0	4	
	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	100.0	
Unampleyed	0.0	0.0	4.4	0.0	4.2	0.0	2.2	
Unemployed	0.0	0.0	1 100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	
	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	
Not Classifiable	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	1	3	
Not Glassillable	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0	0.0	33.3	100.0	
	0.0	0.0	4.4	0.0	0.0	7.1	1.6	
Home Duties	0.0	1	13	22	17	5	58	
	0.0	1.7	22.4	37.9	29.3	8.6	100.0	
	0.0	33.3	28.9	30.6	35.4	35.7	31.7	
Total	1	3	45	72	48	14	183	
	0.5	1.6	24.6	39.3	26.2	7.7	100.0	
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

Table H6 Mother's Marital Status by Age of Mother, 2005 Domiciliary Births

Mother's Marital Status			Age of	Mother		
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	20-24 Years	25-29 Years	30-34 Years	35-39 Years	40-44 Years	Total
Married	2	22	53	46	11	134
	1.5	16.4	39.6	34.3	8.2	100.0
	22.2	64.7	75.7	86.8	64.7	73.2
Never Married	7	11	15	5	5	43
	16.3	25.6	34.9	11.6	11.6	100.0
	77.8	32.4	21.4	9.4	29.4	23.5
Widowed	0	0	0	2	0	2
	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	1.1
Separated	0	1	1	0	0	2
	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
	0.0	2.9	1.4	0.0	0.0	1.1
Divorced	0	0	1	0	1	2
	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	50.0	100.0
	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	5.9	1.1
Total	9	34	70	53	17	183
	4.9	18.6	38.3	29.0	9.3	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table H7
Father's Occupation by Infant's Type of Feeding, Live Births Only, 2005
Domiciliary Births

Father's Occupation	Type of Feeding							
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Artificial	Breast	Total					
Farmers & Farm Managers	0	8	8					
	0.0	100.0	100.0					
	0.0	4.7	4.4					
Other Agricultural Occupations & Fishermen	0 0.0 0.0	6 100.0 3.5	6 100.0 3.3					
Higher-Professional	0	14	14					
	0.0	100.0	100.0					
	0.0	8.1	7.7					
Lower-Professional	0	28	28					
	0.0	100.0	100.0					
	0.0	16.3	15.3					
Managers	0	20	20					
	0.0	100.0	100.0					
	0.0	11.6	10.9					
Salaried-Employees	0	6	6					
	0.0	100.0	100.0					
	0.0	3.5	3.3					
Non-Manual Workers	1	11	12					
	8.3	91.7	100.0					
	9.1	6.4	6.6					
Other Non-Manual Workers	2	18	20					
	10.0	90.0	100.0					
	18.2	10.5	10.9					
Skilled Manual Workers	6	54	60					
	10.0	90.0	100.0					
	54.5	31.4	32.8					
Semi-Skilled Manual Workers	1	1	2					
	50.0	50.0	100.0					
	9.1	0.6	1.1					
Unskilled Manual Workers	1 100.0 9.1	0 0.0 0.0	1 100.0 0.5					
Not Classifiable	0	3	3					
	0.0	100.0	100.0					
	0.0	1.7	1.6					
Not Applicable	0	3	3					
	0.0	100.0	100.0					
	0.0	1.7	1.6					
Total	11	172	183					
	6.0	94.0	100.0					
	100.0	100.0	100.0					

Table H8 Mother's Occupation by Infant's Type of Feeding, Live Births Only, 2005 Domiciliary Births

Mother's Occupation		Type of Feeding	
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	Artificial	Breast	Total
Other Agricultural Occupations & Fishermen	0.0 0.0	1 100.0 0.6	1 100.0 0.5
Higher-Professional	0	17	17
	0.0	100.0	100.0
	0.0	9.9	9.3
Lower-Professional	2	49	51
	3.9	96.1	100.0
	18.2	28.5	27.9
Managers	0	8	8
	0.0	100.0	100.0
	0.0	4.7	4.4
Salaried-Employees	0	7	7
	0.0	100.0	100.0
	0.0	4.1	3.8
Non-Manual Workers	2	9	11
	18.2	81.8	100.0
	18.2	5.2	6.0
Other Non-Manual Workers	0	22	22
	0.0	100.0	100.0
	0.0	12.8	12.0
Skilled Manual Workers	1	3	4
	25.0	75.0	100.0
	9.1	1.7	2.2
Unemployed	0	1	1
	0.0	100.0	100.0
	0.0	0.6	0.5
Not Classifiable	0	3	3
	0.0	100.0	100.0
	0.0	1.7	1.6
Home Duties	6	52	58
	10.3	89.7	100.0
	54.5	30.2	31.7
Total	11	172	183
	6.0	94.0	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0

## Appendix I

# Gestational Age at Time of First Visit to Doctor or Hospital During Pregnancy

Gestational age at time of first visit to doctor or hospital during pregnancy is calculated using the following formula:

#### GestVis=HospDoc-(InfDOB-(Gestat\*7))

GestVis = gestational age at date of the first visit to doctor or hospital during pregnancy.

HospDoc = first antenatal visit date (either doctor or hospital).

InfDOB = infant's date of birth.

Gestat\*7 = gestation at delivery in days.

The initial calculation produces a period measured in days, which is then converted into weeks for reporting.

The format of each cross-tabulation is identical. The values of the two variables are given along the top row and left-hand side column. The top number in each cell indicates the number of observations relating to that combination of variable values. The second number indicates the percentage contribution of that cell to the total for the whole row. The last number indicates the percentage contribution of that cell to the total for the whole column. The figures at the end of each row or column give the overall total for that row or column, and the associated percentages express each of these figures as a percentage of the grand total.

Table I1
Time of First Visit to Doctor or Hospital During Pregnancy
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Singleton Births

Time of First Visit (weeks)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0–12	30,485	51.1	119	3.9	49	1.6	5.5	3.6
13–19	20,296	34.0	98	4.8	27	1.3	6.1	4.8
20 and over	6,585	11.0	42	6.3	25	3.8	10.1	8.5
Not Stated	2,255	3.8	22	9.7	8	3.5	13.2	10.1
Total	59,621	100.0	281	4.7	109	1.8	6.5	4.8

Table I2
Time of First Visit to Doctor or Hospital During Pregnancy
Live Births, Stillbirths, Early Neonatal Deaths, and Mortality Rates, 2005
Multiple Births

Time of First Visit (weeks)	Live Births	Per Cent (%) Live Births	Stillbirths	Stillbirth Rate	Early Neonatal Deaths	Early Neonatal Rate	Perinatal Mortality Rate	Adjusted PMR
0–12	982	52.8	10	10.1	10	10.2	20.2	18.2
13–19	562	30.2	7	12.3	11	19.6	31.6	21.3
20 and over	176	9.5	5	27.6	7	39.8	66.3	50.6
Not Stated	139	7.5	3	21.1	2	14.4	35.2	28.4
Total	1,859	100.0	25	13.3	30	16.1	29.2	23.0

Table 13
Mother's Marital Status by Gestational Age at Time of First Visit to Doctor or Hospital During Pregnancy, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Mother's Marital Status		Gestational Age at First Visit (weeks)								
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	0–12	13–19	20 and over	Not Stated	Total					
Married	21,568	13,071	3,737	1,968	40,344					
	53.5	32.4	9.3	4.9	100.0					
	70.5	64.1	56.4	86.4	67.4					
Never Married	8,516	6,961	2,722	290	18,489					
	46.1	37.6	14.7	1.6	100.0					
	27.8	34.1	41.1	12.7	30.9					
Widowed	38	21	17	2	78					
	48.7	26.9	21.8	2.6	100.0					
	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1					
Separated	335	247	111	13	706					
	47.5	35.0	15.7	1.8	100.0					
	1.1	1.2	1.7	0.6	1.2					
Divorced	147	94	38	3	282					
	52.1	33.3	13.5	1.1	100.0					
	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.5					
Not Stated	0	0	2	1	3					
	0.0	0.0	66.7	33.3	100.0					
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Total	30,604	20,394	6,627	2,277	59,902					
	51.1	34.0	11.1	3.8	100.0					
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					

Table 14
Interval in Years Since Last Birth by Gestational Age at Time of First Visit to Doctor or Hospital During Pregnancy, Live Births and Stillbirths, 2005
Singleton Births

Interval Since Last Birth		Gestation	nal Age at First Visit	: (weeks)	
Frequency Row Per Cent Col. Per Cent	0–12	13–19	20 and over	Not Stated	Total
No previous births	12,811	8,012	2,511	829	24,163
	53.0	33.2	10.4	3.4	100.0
	41.9	39.3	37.9	36.4	40.3
1 year or less	233	163	118	22	536
	43.5	30.4	22.0	4.1	100.0
	0.8	0.8	1.8	1.0	0.9
>1 year to 2 years	4,026	2,984	1,301	386	8,697
	46.3	34.3	15.0	4.4	100.0
	13.2	14.6	19.6	17.0	14.5
>2 years to 3 years	4,642	3,169	962	359	9,132
	50.8	34.7	10.5	3.9	100.0
	15.2	15.5	14.5	15.8	15.2
>3 years to 4 years	2,959	1,977	559	253	5,748
	51.5	34.4	9.7	4.4	100.0
	9.7	9.7	8.4	11.1	9.6
>4 years to 5 years	1,839	1,227	350	115	3,531
	52.1	34.7	9.9	3.3	100.0
	6.0	6.0	5.3	5.1	5.9
>5 years to 6 years	1,287	844	197	84	2,412
	53.4	35.0	8.2	3.5	100.0
	4.2	4.1	3.0	3.7	4.0
More than 6 years	2,685	1,930	567	143	5,325
	50.4	36.2	10.6	2.7	100.0
	8.8	9.5	8.6	6.3	8.9
Not Stated	122	88	62	86	358
	34.1	24.6	17.3	24.0	100.0
	0.4	0.4	0.9	3.8	0.6
Total	30,604	20,394	6,627	2,277	59,902
	51.1	34.0	11.1	3.8	100.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Notes:	







## www.esri.ie

### Health Research and Information Division

Whitaker Square Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2

Telephone +353 1 8632000 Fax +353 1 8632100 email: admin@esri.ie

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